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VOL. XXIV NO. 64 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1936 TWENTY PAGES

Locarno Conference Stalemate

Eden's Fruitless Appeal To Hitler

U. S. Press Ridicules Powers' Pretensions

Their Record Of Broken Pledges & Repudiated Obligations

LONDON Mar. 13.

There was a surprising development when, with [illegible] awaiting the Locarno Conference to resume at [illegible] Herr Von Hoesch arrived at the Foreign Office. [illegible] object of his visit is at present undisclosed [illegible] Conference did not start until 5-30 p. m.—Special.

STILL OPEN FOR GERMANY!

LONDON, March 13

[illegible] understood Mr. Eden has [illegible] Hoesch and intimated to [illegible] it was still open to Germany make a spontaneous [illegible] contribute to settlement.

POWERS' PRETENSIONS RIDICULED

(SPECIAL CABLE)

NEW YORK, March 13

The United States' press as a whole continues to adopt a reassuring attitude towards the Locarno crisis.

The "New York American" however ridicules the pretensions of the European Powers in judging Herr Hitler, remarking that the powers' own record of broken promises and repudiated obligations makes them the laughing stock.

The "Seattle Times" says, British calmness is wholesome and the refusal of British leaders to tear their shirts when Herr Hitler entered the Rhineland is the best thing that happened in Europe for many a day.

Br. CABINET AND GERMAN REPLY

LONDON, March 13

Mr. Stanley Baldwin presided over the meeting of Ministers this morning and discussed the international situation.

Mr. Anthony Eden, M. Flandin, Mr. Vanzeeland and Signor Grandi met at the Foreign Office at 1130 a.m. to discuss further measures in view of the German reply to the Locarno Powers' proposals.—Reuter.

FRENCH PRESS OPTIMISTIC

PARIS, March 13

The press is generally pleased at the first day of the Locarno meeting expressing optimism at the modification under the pressure of French firmness of British reticence.—Reuter.

BEFORE LEAGUE COUNCIL TO-DAY

LONDON March 13.

A most serious view is taken of the situation as the French are reported to be determined to take a strong line. The League Council's proceedings tomorrow are expected to be purely formal without the discussion of the fundamental issues. The Council will register the German violation of the Locarno. Treaty and appoint the committee to discuss and report on the question of any action. This report will be submitted to all Locarno signatories involving several meetings and innumerable private discussions between representatives.

An interesting point in the morning's meeting of heads of delegations was the presence of Mr. Neville Chamberlain. The meeting was adjourned at 13-35 having sat for 90 minutes and will remeet at 17-00 hrs.—Reuter's Special.

At St. James' Palace

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON March 13.

The Historic St. James's Palace has been transformed by an army of workmen into a businesslike organisation in preparation for tomorrow's meeting of the League Council. For the final tests tonight, the teleprinters hummed in the armoury room the walls, of which are hung with primitive weapons.

Several hundred telephones booths communicate with special telephone exchanges to which special world-wide lines have been allotted. There is no room in the Council Chamber for the public, but about 50 pressmen are accommodated.

Earlier Cables

CLEAR VIOLATION

LONDON, March 13.

The Locarno Conference was adjourned at 7-45 p.m. No settlement has been reached, and the negotiations will be continued tomorrow.

A communique issued after the conclusion of the Locarno Conference states that the representatives of Powers who were present, unanimously recognised that the German occupation of the Demilitarised Zone constituted a clear violation of Articles 42 and 43 of the Treaty of Versailles and the Treaty of Locarno. It would be for the League Council to pronounce upon this point.

In order to facilitate a more detailed study of the situation, a small committee of the first delegates met and will meet again at 11-30 to-morrow. The meeting of the League Council at St. James Palace has been summoned for 11 a.m. on Saturday.

Appeal To Hitler

It is just learned that Mr. Eden, after yesterday's Cabinet meeting, summoned Von Hoesch and expressed Britain's grave view of the situation and, in view of the imminent meeting of Locarno Powers, requested Herr Hitler to make a spontaneous contribution towards a settlement.

Mr. Eden suggested that Germany might prove her sincerity by withdrawing all but a symbolical number of troops from the demilitarised Rhineland zone; that they should not increase the number of troops and not fortify the Zone at least for a period necessary for the negotiation of the Pact. Mr. Eden added that if

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 1)

INSKIP FOR CABINET

Will Be Premier's Right-Hand Man On All Defence Matters

LONDON, March 13.

Sir Thomas Inskip has been appointed Minister for the Co-ordination of Defence and will enter the Cabinet. He will relinquish the Attorney Generalship. His appointment is unexpected but is likely to be generally acceptable as he possesses a strong judicial mind and is likely to hold fair balance between the claims of the three fighting services.

Sir Thomas Inskip ex-officio will be deputy Chairman of the Committee of Imperial Defence and the Prime Minister's righthand man on all Defence matters.—Reuter's Special.

NO RELIEF FOR TAX-PAYER

Peasants Group Of M.L.A.s Demand Lowering Of Land Revenue Incidence

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, March 13.

At a meeting of the Peasants' group of M.L.A's presided over by Mr. Abdul Matin Chaudhury several resolutions demanding the lowering of incidence of Land Revenue and stopping of the periodical, settlement protecting and improving tenents' conditions 'vis a vis' landlords and legislation to abolish detention and arrest for civil decrees and to make six per cent, the maximum permissible rate of interest and expressing dissatisfaction at this year's budget in that it had failed to give any tax-relief to the poor and peasants and urging the provision for a recurring grant to the Rural Development Fund and lowering of charges on post cards and protesting against the rebuilding of Quetta under. "Unmanageable and undependable supervision of army were passed.

Dr. Khan Sahib, was elected President for the ensuing year, Sirdar Mangalsingh and Mr. Murtaza Vice Presidents and Prof. Ranga as Secretary.

India's Olympic Hockey Team

CALCUTTA, March 12.

The following will compose the Olympic hockey team to represent India at the Berlin games.

R. J. Allen (Bengal), goal-keeper; C. Tapsell (Bengal), Gurcharan Singh (Punjab), Mahomed Hussain (Manavadar) and Phillips (Bombay), backs, Ahsan Khan (Bhopal), W. Cullen, (Madras), J. Gallibardy (Bengal), B. Nirmal, (Bombay), and M. N. Masood, (Manavadar), half backs; R. Carr, (Bengal), Dhyan Chand (Army), Rup Singh, (U P.) E. Emmett, (Bengal), M. Jaffer (Punjab), P. P. Ferandes, (Sind) and Shahabuddin, (Manavadar).

In the event of any of the above players being unable to make the trip, the following will be chosen: —Michie (goal-keeper), C. Hodges (full back), R. Brewin (half back) and Dara (Forward).

STOP PRESS

M. C. C.'S NEW SECRETARY

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, March 13.

Lieut. Col. R. S. Rait Kerr, D.S.O., M.C., Royal Engineers has been appointed Secretary of the M.C.C. in succession to Mr. Findlay.

The appointment begins on June 1.

Dr. Ruxton To Hang

Sentenced At Lancashire Assizes For Murder Of Wife

LONDON, March 13.

After a trial lasting a fortnight, Doctor Buck Ruxton of Indian birth was sentenced to death at the Lancaster Assizes for murdering his wife, Isabella, whose mutilated remains were found in a ravine at Moffat in Scotland after being missing from her home for several days.

The maid, Mary Rogerson's remains were similarly discovered in the same place but the indictment on this charge was not pursued.—Reuter.

Ruxton Denies Charge

A London cable dated March 12 stated:

Dr. Buck Ruxton completed eight hours in the witness-box, emphatically denying that he murdered his wife or his nursemaid, Mary Rogerson.

His evidence was often marked by emotional outbursts.

Sir Norman Birkett, K.C., concluding his speech for the accused submitted that the Crown had failed to prove murder.

The Judge will sum up and the verdict will be given to-morrow.—Reuter.

SOCIALISTS MEET JAWAHAR

ALLAHABAD, March, 13.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Mr. M. R. [illegible] Babu Sampurnanand, Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan Acharya Narendra Dev, members of the All-India Congress Socialist Party have arrived here. It is understood that they are holding consultations with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru regarding the future programme of the Party.

It is further understood that they have decided to hold a meeting of the Working Committee of the Party on March 15 at Lucknow. —United Press.

JAWAHAR'S TOUR PROGRAMME

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, March 13.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru granted an interview to your correspondent and gave details of the last illness of Kamla Nehru. He said her condition was serious throughout, February. Hope was felt when her temperature continued to be normal but as there was always the danger of relapse, complications of the same occurred resulting in her death. She had a very peaceful end and was conscious till a few minutes before she died.

Jawaharlal and Miss Indira their only child were with the deceased.

Pt. Jawaharlal is not expressing his opinion on Indian affairs yet as he is still studying the situation. He is likely to express his ideas over the different problems in his presidential address at Lucknow. He is going to Lucknow to-morrow from where he proceeds to Delhi, stays there a few days prior to return to Allahabad where he gives finishing touches to his presidential address.

AUSTRALIA AND GERMAN COLONIES

CANBERRAS, March 13.

It is unthinkable that Australia will ever consider the handing over of any territory, declared the Commonwealth Minister for external Affairs, in the Senate, commenting on the German claims for the return of colonies. The retention of New Guinea is essential for Australia's security. The Pacific mandates had reserved the demilitarised Zone which had resulted in a feeling of equilibrium and security in the Pacific—Reuter.

Craik Confesses He Was Taken By Surprise

SARDAR BANS INTERVIEWS

Dr. Ansari Orders Mahatma To Take Complete Rest

NEW DELHI, March 13.

Though better Mahatma Gandhi's blood pressure still sometime shoots up, but again falls to normal. He was examined by Dr. Ansari who asked him to take complete rest in consequence which Gandhiji, almost every day, observes silence from ten in the morning to five in the evening. He goes out for a walk in the evening generally in the fields with which the Harijan Colony is surrounded.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel who returned from the Gurukul is attending on Gandhiji and is not allowing any interviews with him. It is not yet certain whether Gandhiji will go to Lucknow to attend the Congress session which depends upon the condition of his health.

Meanwhile Babu Rajendra Prasad and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru are arriving on March 17 in order to consult Gandhiji in connection with certain points and it is considered likely that thereafter a meeting of the Congress Working Committee will be held in Delhi.

Despite the long distance, large crowds are attending Mahatma Gandhi's evening prayers.—A.P.

FOREIGN PROPAGANDA FOR INDIA

NEW DELHI, March 13.

Dr. Anklesaria met Gandhiji today but could not discuss his plans about foreign propaganda in view of Gandhiji's health. He is leaving for Allahabad to-night to discuss the same thing with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru after which he returns to Delhi next week to discuss with Gandhiji if possible. Dr. Anklesaria has already discussed the plans with Babu Rajendra Prasad and he suggests the opening of Indian Information Bureaus all over the world and to get in touch with teachers and film companies with a view to imparting correct information as regards India. He also intends talking with Ganchiji in connection with the Harijan movement and village uplift and suggests the formation of the India Reconstruction Association.—A.P

MILL AND HANDLOOM INDUSTRIES

NEW DELHI, March 13

It is understood that a conference between Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Sir H. P. Mody and Mr. Mathradas Vissonji representing the textile mill industry and Prof. Ranga, Pandit Nilkantha Das, Mr. Anantasayanam and Mr. Samuel Aaron, Members of the Assembly, representing handloom weavers, will be held tomorrow.

The object of the meeting is to evolve a satisfactory solution so that protection to the mill industry or imports from foreign countries may not affect the handloom industry, the present condition whereof formed the subject matter of several interpellations in the Assembly—United Press.

SECTION 144 IN BAREILLY VILLAGE.

BAREILLY, March 13.

As a result of the communal tension prevailing at the village of Gangoraparia, in police circle Bhokepura Tehsil, Bareilly, the District Magistrate has promulgated section 144 Cr. P. C., this afternoon for one month. The Collector has further prohibited the construction of a temple on the route followed by Tazias during Mohurrum.—A.P.

Satyamurti's Attack On Viceroy's "Colossal" Household Expenditure

"IT IS NO MANOEUVRE BUT STRAIGHT QUESTION"

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NEW DELHI, March 13.

To-day's session which saw the final disposal of the Budget demands proved unutterably dull. Just towards the close, however, there was a sudden spurt of excitement not unmixed with amusement when, taking advantage of ten minutes available before guillotine, Mr. Satyamurti raised the question of the household expenditure of the Governor-General which he characterised as "colossal". Mr. Aney also desired to know why a Cabinet Secretary was appointed.

The Finance Member was not in his seat and no other member of the Government seemed prepared to shoulder the responsibility but the Home Member gallantly came forward to fill the breach. Though he confessed he was taken by surprise by this "manoeuvre" and said he had no great familiarity with the subject, he attempted a lengthy explanation. To his relief the clock struck five and discussion automatically closed.

Proceedings In Detail

NEW DELHI, March 13.

The demands for grants were taken up in the Assembly to-day after interpellations.

Sir Henry Gidney's attempt to move a token cut under Home Department to raise the question of revised pay for Anglo-Indians was ruled out on the Home Member's objection that the matter did not concern his department.

CUSTOMS' CLERKS' PAY.

All the parties in the House completed the time allotted to them for discussion of grievances. Mr. Joshi, from unattached members, moved a token cut to voice the grievances of the employees of the Customs Department in Bombay. His main suggestion was that the scales of pay of clerks in the Customs office be brought to the same level as of clerks in other offices in Bombay under the Government of India. He also wanted to give the employees the option of joining provident fund or pension or their dependents to demand gratuity in case of premature death of the employees.

Mr. V. V. Giri and Seth Abdulla Haroon aired the grievances of assistant preventive officers and low paid employees, respectively.

Mr. A. H. Lloyd, replying to the debate, said that the scale of pay of Customs' clerks could not be raised, as the nature of their work was quite different to that of other offices of the Government of India in Bombay.

After Mr. A. H. Lloyd replied to minor individual grievances the cut motion was rejected.

EMPLOY MUSLIMS.

Mr. Anwarul Azim moved a token cut to censor Government for not employing local Muslims in Calcutta and Chittagong Customs Houses.

Mr. Lloyd replying said that the department was divided in the whole of India for the sake of employment in Customs Houses as under, in Bombay Customs people of Bombay Presidency, Central and United Provinces; in Madras Customs people of Madras Presidency and in Karachi Customs people of Sind, Delhi, Punjab, N.W.F.P.; Calcutta and Chittagong Customs Houses were open to people of Bengal, Assam, Bihar and Orissa. He assured the mover of the cut that recruitment to Calcutta and Chittagong customs houses would be restricted to Bengal, Assam and Bihar and Orissa only. The motion was rejected.

Mr. N. M. Joshi moved a cut to ventilate the grievances of postal employees. He wanted that postmen should not be debarred from becoming clerks after the age of 30 and that Indian postmen in Burma be given the option after the separation of Burma, either of remaining in Burma or returning to India in the same department or retiring with adequate pension. Mr. Lahiri Chaudhury mentioned the difficulties of R.M.S. Union. Dr. Banerjee supported the motion while Mr. V. V. Giri detailed the grievances of lower paid clerks and postmen.

Mr. Anwarulazim supported Mr. N. M. Joshi's motion and detailed the grievances of postal employees in his territory.

Mr. G. V. Bewoor spoke for 45 minutes and replied in detail to various points. He said that there were 15 All-India Unions with branches who had access to the head office or to circle or local officials and all questions were freely discussed and relations between the Department and Unions were excellent.

The Indian employees of his department in Burma are being examined in connection with the larger question concerning all departments but he asked them to remember that these men went to Burma with the distinct understanding that they would have to stay there throughout the service (Mr. N. M. Joshi: They did not know of the separation). Mr. G. V. Bewoor replied: Government would consider all objections but some difficulties confronted them such as it would take ten years to absorb all Indians employed in Burma and it would mean the stoppage of all direct recruitment in India.

Mr. Joshi's cut motion was rejected.

Mr. Anwar-ul-Azim next raised the question of Muslims employed in the Bengal and Assam Postal circle.

Sir Frank Noyce said, the present position showed that there was a small number of Muslims in the service, because of the previous recruitment, but since the issue of the Home Department Circular, grievances were fast disappearing and Government were faithfully carrying out their obligations for recruitment.

The motion was rejected.

HIGH 'PHONE RATES

Seth Bagchand Soni through the next cut motion complained of the high telephone rates and particularly of Trunk Calls.

Mr. Bajoria supporting said that the Telephone Department was

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 4)

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ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

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TABULATED ADLETS FOR SUNDAY

Rush your Short Advertisements for our Sunday Edition. It pays to insert such advertisements in Weekly "Chronicle," as the issue is read by a large number of people throughout the week.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted beautiful, young, educated, Muslim lady of noble family for young Muslim of high lineage, London University honoursman, etc. Please apply Box No. 5720, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted competent Stenographers possessing first class knowledge of English for Aden. Good prospects for efficient hands. Apply Box No. 5764, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted immediately Bill-Collector. One who can deposit Rs. 150 need apply Box No. 5759, "Bombay Chronicle.'

Wanted an English-Gujarati correspondent-typist, having influence amongst business firms. Apply to the Sun Astrological Bureau, Shantinivas, Imperial Cinema Lane corner, Bombay. (5753).

Wanted 35 experienced salesmen on Rs. 30 plus commission (outdoor work) for European firm, and Gujarati stenographer on 40-50 for Insurance Co. Apply Messrs. Goldwyn & Co., Mahendra Mansions, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (5767)

Wanted Electrical, Mechanical and Civil Engineers. Salary Rs. 50-5-200 free residence. National Technical College of India, Ltd., Bombay 14. (5765).

Wanted fully qualified Nurses, also passed or experienced Lady Compounders, out-stations, immediate appointments. Apply Asiatic Service Bureau, fourth floor, Ismail Bldg., 381, Hornby Road. (5752).

Wanted Physics Graduate as full-time demonstrator. Able to take charge of laboratory work with advanced classes. Good degree essential. Salary between Rs. 65 and Rs. 85, according to qualifications. Apply Principal, Wilson College, Bombay, 7. (2783).

Wanted a Gujarati knowing Graduate to work as a probationary assistant for a responsible post in Surat People's Co-operative Bank Limited, Surat. Preference will be given to an applicant who has worked in a Bank. Starting salary from Rs. 50 to Rs. 75 according to qualifications and experience. Apply with testimonials, stating minimum salary to the Managing Director. (2803).

12. TO BE LET.

Lonavla: To let well-furnished airy bungalow on a monthly rent of Rs. 150. Also two cottages for Rs. 50 each. Write to Box No. 5761, "Bombay Chronicle"

To let—2nd floor flat, drawing, dining, 2 bed-rooms, 2 bath-rooms, 2 verandahs with sea view, at French Road, Chowpatty, rent moderate. Also a shop. Apply Mrs. Tyabji, Chowpatty. (5745).

To let premises suitable for Factory at Mahim and Sion, 4000 and 2200 yards respectively. Inspection by previous appointment of plans or premises. Apply Box No. 5756, "Bombay Chronicle."

To Let Premises, 20,000 sq. yards, suitable for Factory with residential quarters at Koli, Kalyan (old Kurla), lately occupied by well-known Match Factory. Inspection by previous appointment. Apply Dara Kooka, the Chhoi Silk Mill Co.'s Office, 361, Hornby Road, Fort. (5757).

To Let Olympia House, Matheran, near Race Course, spacious well-ventilated fully furnished up-to-date bungalow, consisting of drawing, dining and four big bedrooms, attached bath and dressing rooms. Front and rear large verandahs, commanding beautiful view, pantry, kitchen, outhouse, large compound, water laid on. Rent moderate. May be seen any day by previous intimation to B Patel, Manager, Savoy Hotel Matheran, or plans may be inspected at the Chhoi Silk Mill's Office, 361, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (5758)

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

To Let—Airy and commodious flats on Second and Third floors of "Kennaway House" with garages at Proctor Road. Apply Mali within. (5713).

31. MOTOR CARS FOR SALE.

For sale No. X 6 Cylinder Chrysler in tip-top condition. Rs. 1,000 or nearest offer. Apply French Motor Co., Queen's Road. (5742).

44. MEDICAL

Hydrocele—Hernia: An effective remedy without Operation or Tapping. Dr. Kusumgar, M.D. (Homoeo), 221, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Outsiders follow this treatment and get well. (5763).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Next session of training classes for Officers of Local Self-Government Service (L.S.G.D.) conducted under the joint auspices of Government of Bombay and Local Self-Government Institute commences at Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad from 15th April, 1936. Apply for revised prospectus and admission to the Superintendent, Local Self-Government Institute 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. (2784).

Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping! Expert Tuition. Moderate Fees. Success Guaranteed.—Join Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road. (5721).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Agents in Bombay for mofussil electrical firm; cash security necessary. Apply stating experience, pay or commission required, to Box No. 5762, "Bombay Chronicle.'

Wanted—An Influential and Cap-able Chief Agent for Bombay Presidency on lucrative terms by the Golden Eagle Insurance Co., Ltd., Lahore. Directorate include M.L. Pasricha, Esqr., C.I.E., Retired Post Master General, Bengal (Chairman); Sir Mirza Zafar Ali, Kt., K.B., Retired Judge, High Court, Lahore; Sir Sayyed Mohd Mehr Shah, Kt., M.L.A. Only experienced persons possessing business introducing ability and organising capacity need apply to Post Box No. 225, Lahore. (2688).

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea Apply Jamshetji Warden Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

146. AMUSEMENTS.

For Sale complete double talkie equipments with latest English projectors and sound system in good working order Write Box No. 5741, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE INDIAN CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

THE TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of THE INDIAN CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 8th April, 1936, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 25th March to THURSDAY, the 2nd April, 1936, (both days inclusive.)

By Order of the Board.
TATA SONS LTD., AGENTS,
By their Constituted Attorney,
P. J. BILIMORIA.
Bombay, 13th March, 1936.
2817

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians. Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.,
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For Appointment 'Phone 21827.

Public Notices.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY LIMITED.

PAYMENT OF DIVIDEND ON ORDINARY SHARES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd March to 5th April, 1936, both days inclusive, for the preparation of warrants for the final dividend for the year ended 31st December, 1935, payable on the 23rd April, 1936, to Ordinary Shareholders of the Company whose names stand on their Register on the 23rd day of March, 1936.

Intimation as to change of address should be notified to the Company immediately.

By Order of the Board,
P. D. MAHALUXMIVALA,
Secretary.
Bombay, 14th March, 1936.

NOTICE.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.
(Incorporated In England.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 20th March to 4th April, 1936, both days inclusive.

2807.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of metal on District Local Board Roads in the B.S.D. on or before 3 p.m. on 25th March, 1936. Tender forms and other particulars can be had in the D.L.B Office at Andheri during office hours:—

CHUNILAL D. BARFIVALA,
President.
District Local Board, B.S.D.,
Andheri.
2813

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the right of collecting tolls and removing stones on undermentioned ferries and quarrys for a period of one year, i.e., from 1-4-1936 to 31-3-1937.

EARNEST MONEY	
Rs. 150	(1) Borivli Gorai Ferry
„ 150	(2) Marwa Manori Ferry
„ 20	(3) Versowa Dharivli Ferry.
„ 100	(4) Stone Quarry at Kharodi.

The tenders will be received by the President, District Local Board, B. S. D., Andheri, on or before the 23rd March, 1936, 3 p.m. The Board does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender. Earnest money for the above ferries and quarry as shown above must accompany the tender together with a solvency certificate from the Mamlatdar, B. S. District, Bandra, for the amount tendered for. Conditions of auction and any further information required can be obtained in the office of the District Local Board during office hours.

CHUNILAL D. BARFIVALA,
President,
District Local Board,
Bombay Suburban District.
Gazdar Hall, Andheri.
Dated 7th March, 1936.
2810

THE SURAT ELECTRICITY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of The Surat Electricity Company, Limited, will be held on MONDAY, the 23rd March, 1936 at 4-30 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company, Home Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 31st December 1935.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Kt., C.I.E., M.B.E., and Mr. Ramdas Narandas, who retire by rotation, but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
4. To confirm the election of Mr. A. S. Trollip as a Director.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
6. To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 16th to Monday the 30th March, 1936, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 28th February, 1936.
2811.

Public Notices.

THE POONA SWADESHI SUGAR MANUFACTURING COMPANY LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 80, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March, 1936 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the period ending 31st December 1935.
2. To elect two Directors in place of Mr Maganlal Jagjivan Sheth and Mr. Jesharam Soondarjee Kapadia, who retire by rotation but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business which may be brought forward with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
CHHABILDAS JESANGBHAI AND CO.,
Agents.
30, Esplanade Road,
Bombay, 12th March, 1936.

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th March to 26th March, 1936, both days inclusive.

2816

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 1711 of 1927.

VISHNU SABAJI MEHER. Plaintiff
vs.
JAGANNATH SABAJI MEHER & Ors. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree, dated 29th August, 1934, consent Judge's Orders, dated 26th July, 1935, and 17th January, 1936, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at the premises on Sunday 15th March, 1936, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

Property situate on the West side of D'Lisle Road, admeasuring 2995 square yards or thereabouts (shown as 2958 square yards in Collectors Cadastral Survey Register) (Cess whereof has been redeemed) bearing Collector's New Nos. 13766 and 13767, New Survey No. part of 1/3468 and Cadastral Survey No. 1946, 1947 and 1948 of Byculla Division and E Ward Nos. 7224, 7228, 7232, 7233 and Street Nos. 502, 502A, 594A, 596, 596C, 596D, 598, 598A and 600.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Khandvala and Chhotalal Attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 25th day of January, 1936.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAJ,
Offg. Commissioner.
2815.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 121 OF 1931.

Rai Bahadur CHAMPALAL MANEKLAL and Another ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
LAKHMICHAND CHHOGMAL VAID and Others: ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 13th December, 1932, Judge's Order, dated 30th August, 1935 and Consent Order dated 17-12-35 the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his office in the Court House on Wednesday 25th March, 1936, at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

Properties bearing Municipal No. 1169 situate outside Belanganj Agra and adjoining the South of Agra Mandi.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. MALVI RANCHODDAS & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 41, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 23rd day of January '36
E. R. KHERAJ,
Offg. Commissioner.
2792.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Documents of Title set forth in the First Schedule hereto and which relate to the pieces or parcels of land described in the second Schedule hereto belonging to our client Shirinbai Sorabji Nagporewala of Ville Parle have been LOST or MISLAID by Nariman Dadabhoy Adenwala and Bai Jaiji Dadabhai Adenwalla and cannot be traced in spite of due and diligent search having been made therefor.

Any person having possession of the said documents is hereby requested to return the same within fourteen days from the date hereof to the undersigned.

The Public is warned against dealing with the said documents in any way whatever.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

1. Conveyance, dated 13th May, 1929 between Jehangir P. Katgara and Shirinbai wife of Jehangir P. Katgara of the one part and Shirinbai Sorabji Nagporewalla of the other part.
2. Conveyance, dated 4th April, 1930, between Lowrence Pharsoo Miskit of the one part and Shirinbai Sorabji Nagporewala of the other part.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

(a) All that piece or parcel of land situate at Ville Parle Taluka South Salsette, District Bombay Suburban, Registration Sub-district Bandra admeasuring 3027 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector, Bombay Suburban District, under the following Survey Numbers:—Entry Nos. 1578(c) 1583(c), 1625(c), Survey Nos. 103-107 and Assessment Rs. 1-14-6 and bounded, on or towards the North by the property of Ardeshir Nasserwanji Peston Jamasp, on or towards the South by the property of Edulji Byramji Vajifdar, on or towards the East partly by the property of Nadirshaw Randella and partly by the property of Sunder Pandurang, on or towards the West partly by the property of Edulji Byramji Vajifdar and partly by the property of John Antone and bears No. N. A. C. number.

(b) All that piece or parcel of land situate at Ville Parle, Taluka South Salsette, District Bombay, Suburban Sub-registration District Bandra, containing by admeasurement 6707 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector Bombay Suburban District under the following Numbers:—Entry No. 1255, Survey No. 79, Palni No. 7/7 and Assessment Rs. 7-10-0 and bounded, on or towards the North by the property of Lowrence Pharsoo Misquit, on or towards the South by the property of Philip Ellis Misquit, on or towards the East by a Public Passage and beyond by the property of one Mahimkar's garden on or towards the West by the boundary of Ville Parle Town Planning Scheme No. 2.

Dated at Bombay, this 13th day of March, 1936.

A. R. MEHTA,
For Messrs. Mansukhlal Mehta & Co.
Attorneys for Bai Shirinbai Sorabji Nagporewalla.
2809.

INFRINGEMENT OF REGISTERED TRADE MARK

No. 150 on Piece-Goods, and Twills.

SHAPOORJI B. BATLIWALA (Partner of Messrs. Batliwala & Co.) .. Complainant
vs.
SHAH CHHOTALAL LILADHAR. ..... Accused.

Messrs. BATLIWALA and Co., having prosecuted Shah Chhotalal Liladhar of Lakhmidas Khimji Market for infringement of their Registered Trade Mark No. 150 for Piecegoods and Twills (particularly White Twills) in the Court of the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, the said Shah Chhotalal Liladhar has passed a writing to Messrs. Batliwala and Co., tendering an unqualified apology for the infringement complained of, acknowledging Number 150 on Piecegoods and Twills, particularly White Twills, to be the exclusive property of Messrs. Batliwala and Co., and undertaking not to use the said Number 150 or any colourable imitation thereof in future.

The writing embodying the above terms was exhibited and kept in Court, and the Magistrate permitted the case to be compounded.

C. N. KANUGA.
Bombay, 12th March, 1936.
5769

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that from the 1st day of March, 1936, The Standard Rubber Works, Ltd., having its Registered Office at Reay Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, have taken over the assets, liabilities, stock-in-trade and management of the business hitherto carried on in partnership in the name and style of Messrs Standard Rubber Works. All payments to be made by the above firm will be now made by The Standard Rubber Works, Ltd., and all payments due to the above partnership are now payable to The Standard Rubber Works Ltd. Dated this 13th day of March, '36

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI.
Attorneys for The Standard Rubber Works Ltd
2812

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT THE JUNCTION OF SUKHLAJI STREET AND FORAS ROAD.

Under instructions from Khan Bahadur Haji Abdul Rehman Haji Mahomed Kadwan, and Gulamhusein Haji Hassam Noorani, the joint Receivers appointed in Suit No. 1619 of 1930 (Dadabai vs. Mahomed Cassum and others) and pursuant to the Consent Decree dated the 11th March, 1932, Messrs BENNETT & CO., will on SATURDAY, the 28th March, 1936, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises.

Lot No. 5.—ALL THAT piece of land formerly described as Leasehold and now known as "Newly Assessed Lands" with buildings at Foras Road and Sukhlaji Street admeasuring about 225 square yards and bearing New Street Nos. 25A, 31 and 30-30A and 30B.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishankar, Kanga & Girdharlal Solicitors at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SALE AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) (TO-MORROW).

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY. SITUATE AT DHOVLI AND KIROLI IN PAPRI TALUKA, BASSEIN.

Under instructions from Messrs Shroff and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagor and the Mortgagee, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 15th March, 1936, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises the undermentioned property comprised in an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 22nd December 1930 and expressed to be made between the said Bai Aminabai, widow of Haji Cassum Lalmahomed Hadiwalla of the one part and Bhailal Motichand of the other part at the request of the Mortgagee and with the consent of the Mortgagor Bai Aminabai, widow of Haji Cassum Lalmahomed Hadiwalla.

All those pieces of land with the bungalow cuthouses, wells, gardens, Mango trees, situate at Dhovli and Kiroli in Papri, Taluka Bassein, admeasuring about 5 acres.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Shroff and Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office, 375 Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD ARMS AND AMMUNITIONS.

Under Instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at the Head Police Office, opposite the Crawford Market.

A lot of old arms and ammunitions, consisting of daggers, spears, rifles, guns; automatic pistols; revolvers, cartridges; swords; bavonets; etc.

The above will be on view on the day of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

J. S. MODY & CO.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CARPET MERCHANTS AND PRIVATE USERS.

AUCTION SALE OF CASGAR SUPERIOR QUALITY MADE TO ORDER CARPETS FOR DRAWING ROOMS IN 25'x12' AND OTHER SIZES.

On Sunday the 15th day of March 1936 at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO. will sell by Public Auction on the ground floor of Thaver Mansion, near Roxy Cinema, New Queen's Road, by order of the party concerned.

A big lot of Casgar Superior quality made to order Carpets for drawing rooms in 25'x12' and other sizes.

The above will be sold in suitable small lots.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

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FILM FARE FOR THIS WEEK

"Tale Of Two Cities" At Central—"Raven" At Capitol—"Rose Of Rancho" At Pathe—"Anne Of Green Gables" At Wellington—"Invitation To Waltz" At Excelsior—"The Crusades" At Plaza—"Ball At The Savoy" At Regal

"Invitation To Waltz"—Lilian Harvey at the Excelsior this week.

BALL AT SAVOY

At The Regal

Romantic comedy with music. Light-hearted story of diplomat's masquerade as waiter for love's sake. Entertainment agreeably cast in musical comedy mould, piquant flirtatious escapade alternating with beautifully staged and artistically sung ballad, with subsidiary characters contributing blend of romantic drollery and expert tap-dancing. Settings and general presentation have entertainment significance, notably a spectacular ball with massed and varied orchestras, while quartette of leading characters have charm and appeal development in general proving artistic melange of masquerade, mirth and melody in well-balanced succession. Discerning direction, high-spirited portrayal, excellent camerawork and recording. Engaging light entertainment of popular pattern.

Opulently staged in a palatial Cannes hotel for the most part, this airy comedy of merry masquerade should readily fulfil popular requirements. In addition to being easy on the eye with its blend of spectacle and piquant flirtatious incident it appeals to the ear no less pleasantly with its succession of tuneful ballads and as all this is backed by sprightly characterisation-by no means least from the leading lady—the picture may be commended as an agreeable specimen of its type. The tale—a trifle episodic at time it is true—deals with the love-lorn insistence of John Egan, a young English diplomat who even changes places with George, a waiter, in order to be near his beloved Anita. It is this urbane posturing by a pair of philanderers (George has a jolly affair with a light-footed Mary) that supplied the narrative framework together with a mock sinister note which makes Anita believe for one awful moment that he is a jewel thief. Of more entertainment import than the story is its shrewd embellishment. The urgencies of the determined John, for instance, are no less amusing than his "left-footed" waiting while the candid response of Anita is as piquant as her series of songs is charming and romantically appealing. George and Mary, too, are well in the foreground with their spirited fooling and clever dancing so that together with the beautifully staged Savoy ball and its assorted orchestras, the picture's popular success seems hardly in question.

The entertainment owes much to its characterisation. Prominent are Marta Labarr, a singer and actress of personality and charm, and Conrad Nagel, whose persuasive insinuation needs no introduction to British patrons. The combination is sincere and refreshing and contrives to emphasise the sheerly comedy collaboration of Fred Conyngham and Lu Anne Meredith as George and Mary. Here again is a clever bit of teamwork, and while the romantic comedy of the pair is definitely diverting, their high-spot is their "impromptu" dancing act at the ball.

LILIAN HARVEY IN "INVITATION TO WALTZ"

At The Excelsior

Produced on a really lavish scale and including Weber's famous waltz from which the film takes its title, "Invitation to the Waltz," seen at the Excelsior to-night is a delightful romance of Napoleonic days, featuring Lilian Harvey the fairy-like little actress who has achieved world-wide fame.

The background of the story is set against the days when Napoleon threatened the peace of Europe, and into this maelstrom of political espionage is flung Jenny Peachey, a little English dancer from Drury Lane ballet, whose dancing has made her the delight of every European capital. Jenny is brought into the political situation as the foil to the ambitious Duke of Wurtemburg (played by Harold Warrander).

Treatment and acting are the essential factors in a story of this type, and "Invitation to the Waltz" is a film which gives Lilian Harvey every opportunity to display her own brilliant brand of talent which has not been seen since she made the tremendously successful "Congress Dances."

Napoleon, Weber and the Duke of Wurtemburg figure largely in the story. Napoleon is played by Esme Percy, who resembles the Emperor to a remarkable degree, and Weber is played by Richard Bird. Carl Esmond, who was in "Blossom Time," fills the role of Jenny's sweetheart.

"Invitation to the Waltz" is a brilliant piece of work showing how easily the mind of man may be swayed by a woman, even in the realms of international politics. It shows also how a woman, if she had a set purpose in view, will fulfil her purpose to the end, even at the cost of her own personal happiness.

Fortunately, Jenny is able to live happily ever afterwards, but at one stage in the film it is touch and go, and filmgoers will experience plenty of agreeable suspense in following her adventures.

"The Raven" with Boris Karloff and Bela Lugosi at the Capitol.

"THE RAVEN" CARVES KARLOFF A NEW FACE

At The Capitol

It took "The Raven" to devise the most monstrous of all make-ups for Karloff. This one is carved on his face. A past master in the art of eerie and uncanny characterizations, Karloff proves again what can be done with the aid of a makeup box and a creative mind behind it, in this case belonging to Jack Pierce, chief of the make-up department at Universal. This Department is usually turned into an experimental laboratory every time Karloff makes a new picture. Behind Karloff's gargoylish masks lies the secret of his weird and awe-inspiring impersonations. Often it is necessary to experiment with dozens of different kinds of casts and mouldings before the proper facial distortions can be applied to the star's features. It is with this sort of a distortion that Karloff is seen in "The Raven," suggested by Edgar Allan Poe's immortal poem. He portrays the role of a hunted criminal who goes to a famous surgeon to have his face changed only to be betrayed by the doctor who performs a fiendish job on him. His face is a horror. Certain muscles have been paralyzed, while others remain active, so that here is a face that is a crazy quilt of death and life. One part of his face is fixed and lifeless in a horrible death grimace, while the other side remains alive. Karloff presents an entirely new and different characterization in this film, with a make-up that promises to outdo any of his previous efforts, among them "The Mummy," "Frankenstein," "The Old Dark House," and "The Bride of Frankenstein." While not as ponderous, and bizarre as the "Frankenstein" monster, Karloff in his latest vehicle is astonishingly daring. Karloff has an outstanding role in this picture, in which he is teamed with Bela (Dracula) Lugosi, whose unforgettable "Dracula" makes him a matchless partner of the creator of the monster of "Frankenstein."

"ANNE OF GREEN GABLE"

At The Wellington

With all of the gaiety, whimsical imagination, tempestuous moods and lovable nature that has endeared her to fiction readers for a quarter of a century, "Anne of Green Gables" has come to life on the motion picture screen. It is screened this week at the Wellington.

In a picture that proves a worthy successor to "Little Women," RKO-Radio presents the or-

(Continued on page 4, col. 5.)

GLADYS SWARTHOUT IN "ROSE OF RANCHO"

At Pathe

We have had Lawrence Tibbett, Lily Pons, Everett Marshall, Mary Ellis and Nino Martini as recruits from the Metropolitan Opera to motion pictures, and now comes the glorious voice of Gladys Swarthout, who may be seen and heard (and heard, and heard, and heard!) in Paramount's "Rose of the Rancho" which opens to-day at the Pathe Theatre.

To Miss Swarthout: all honour for a noble beginning on the screen!

John Boles is co-starred with Miss Swarthout in her motion picture debut and this too makes for a happy combination. Boles, with his rugged, yet suave, handsomeness, and his own claim to distinction as a singer, is the perfect match for Miss Swarthout. Even in the event screen plots didn't always, or usually always, work out for the best in the end, with hero and heroine living happily from here on, you would know in this picture that Swarthout and Boles belong to turn a deft phrase to each other.

"Rose of the Rancho" is the screen's musical version of a play first seen on Broadway some 24 years ago. The story dates back

(Continued on page 4, col. 5.)

"Rose of the Rancho"—John Boles, Gladys Swarthout at the Pathe from to-night.

DICKENS' REVOLUTION STORY

At The Central

With Ronald Colman at the head of an amazing list of stars and featured players, one of the great photoplays of all time have arrived at the Central Cinema.

It is "A Tale of Two Cities," from Charles Dickens' novel.

The picture takes its place with the few great immortal photoplays of history, from which time is dated in screen annals. It is magnificent entertainment.

Yet with a deftness that is almost inspired, the producers have not permitted the spectacular aspects to overshadow the human elements that make the picture truly great.

In the midst of pomp and of tumult, the camera follows faithfully the group of men and women whose lives are vitally affected by the events of world importance taking place around them, and through the pattern of vastness are woven the threads of tender romance, high adventure and glorious sacrifice.

Probably there are few unfamiliar with the general plot of Dickens' story. It has stood for almost a hundred years as a masterpiece of fictional entertainment. Yet it is likely that Dickens himself could not more faithfully have brought the characters to vivid life.

Essentially, it is the story of Sydney Carton, a brilliant wastrel, played by Colman, and his hopeless love for Lucie Manette, played by Elizabeth Allan. Even if Lucie were not in love with Charles Darnay, played by Donald Woods, the affair could not have reached a happy culmination. It was doomed from the start. This is the situation upon which the story is builded, and it mounts with emotional climaxes until it reaches its tremendous denouement with Colman's sacrifice of his life for the happiness of the woman he loves.

The cast personally chosen by David O. Selznick, the man who also filmed "David Copperfield" for Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, reaches the astounding total of 112 famous players. Of these a score merit infinitely more personal plaudits than can be contained in this column. Outstanding are Edna May Oliver, Reginald Owen, Basil Rathbone, blanche Yurka, Henry B. Walthall, Donald Woods, Walter Catlett, Fritz Leiber, H. B. Warner, Mitchell Lewis, Claude Gillingwater, Billy Bevan, Isabel Jewell, Lucille Laverne, Tully Marshall, E. E. Clive, Lawrence Grant, Elly Malyon, Tom Ricketts, Donald Haines and Fay Chaldecott among many others.

Jack Conway, who directed, was the man who gave "Viva Villa!" to the screen. He has eclipsed any previous achievement of his career.

"THE CRUSADES"

At The Plaza

Cecil B. DeMille's greatest masterpiece to date, "The Crusades," is revived at the Plaza (Dadar) as this week's attraction. The picture has drawn crowded houses in Bombay on previous occasions, and its return this week would be welcomed by many film-fans who have either missed it before or are eager to see it again.

No less majestic and spectacular than other grandoise DeMille works, this one is the most warmly human of the lot, with a powerfully moving love story to give it heart, beautifully played in a sort of regal triangle by Loretta Young, Henry Wilcoxon and Ian Keith.

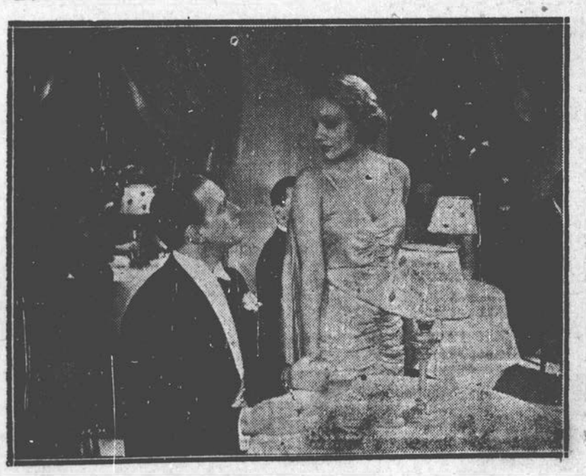
As a whole the picture moves forward with majestic pageantry and cumulative suspense, while individual scenes and intimate detail are poignantly developed by DeMille's best direction. Regal, pomp, intrigue which threatens the Crusaders unity, pageantry which dazzles and crashing impact of battles have been so skilfully balanced that they never overshadow the simple love tale between Wilcoxon as the English kind and Loretta Young, princess of Navarre, whom he makes his queen, and the relationship of Ian Keith, as Saladin, in the emotional equation.

Miss Young enacts with fine spiritual power her ardent and sacrificial devotion to her royal spouse, and physically has never been more alluringly presented. Her scenes as the captive of Saladin are done with delicate skill.

Wilcoxon's portrait of the Lion King is superb in its genuine appealing humanness, its achievement of power amongst his men and fellow kings and tenderness to the woman he marries by proxy of the sword.

C. Aubrey Smith makes an outstanding figure of the zealous hermiit who musters the Crusades and dies in the battle of Acre.

Of highest merit is the story framework supplied by Harold Lamb, Waldemar Young and Dudley Nichols, with the spectacular, emotional dramatic elements combined for sweep and power and heart tug.



"Ball at the Savoy" with Martha Labarr and Conrad Nagel at the Regal from this week.

"The Tale of Two Cities" at the Central.

"Anne of Green Gables" at the Wellington this week —Anne Shirley and Tom Brown.

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An "At-Home" was given to Mr. K. P. Khadilker (garlanded) by Mr. Abdul Karim Lauze, local Congress Secretary at Sholapur on Saturday last.

Selections For To-day's Races

Bold Bandit & Thracian Prince Should Be Profitable Double

(By "SEX")

The following are the selections for the Third Day of the Bombay Spring Meeting to be held to-day:

1ST RACE:—			7TH RACE:—		
QUALITY	.....	1	JACKMORE	.....	1
UP-TO-DATE	.....	2	GARRAVEEN	.....	2
TURKISH PRINCE	.....	3	KNIGHT'S ADVENTURE	..	3
2ND RACE:—			8TH RACE:—		
SUN ROSE	.....	1	GRAYFON	.....	1
AL BARMAKI	.....	2	SHERWOOD	.....	2
AL MUQBIL	.....	3	QUICK IMAGE	.....	3
3RD RACE:—			9TH RACE:—		
MINSTREL BOY	.....	1	THRACIAN PRINCE	....	1
FANCIFUL	.....	2	CORCY	.....	2
HONEY BOY	.....	3	POWDER BOY	.....	3
4TH RACE:—			10TH RACE:—		
DILAWAR	.....	1	FARAT PRINCE	.....	1
TAIR AL ZAMAN	.....	2	AL HAZAR	.....	2
FAUST	.....	3	FUNNY FACE	.....	3
5TH RACE:—			DAILY DOUBLE:—		
SNOW LEOPARD	.....	1	MINSTREL BOY and BOLD BANDIT.		
SHELL OUT	.....	2			
EXCELLENCE	.....	3	DAILY TREBLE:—		
6TH RACE:—			SNOW LEOPARD, JACKMORE and GRAYFON		
BOLD BANDIT	.....	1			
FERRIER	.....	2			
EYEBROOK	.....	3			

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

Two of the following Frequencies will be used.—
G.S.G. 17.79 Mc/S. (16.86 M.)
G.S.F. 15.14 Mc./S. (19.82 m.)
G.S.E. 11.86 Mc./S. (25.29m.)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The B.B.C. Scottish Orchestra; leader, J. Mouland Begbie, Conductor Guy Warrack, 8-30 p.m. Harold Ramsay at the Organ of the Granada, Tooting, 8-50 p.m. Wales v. Ireland. A running commentary on the International Rugby Union Football Match, by Captain H.B.T. Wakelam relayed from Cardiff Arms Park (by courtesy of the Welsh Rugby Football Union), 9-35 p.m. The News, 9-50 p.m. Wales v. Ireland (cont'd).

Delhi Programme

V.U.D. 340.136 metres, 882 Kc./S. 1-0 p.m. I.B.S. Orchestra Basant Makhari, 1-10 p.m. Akhtar of Delhi, Dadra and Thumri, 1-30 p.m. A talk in Hindustani, 1-45 p.m. Akhtar of Delhi Ghazals, 2-0 p.m. Haidar Husain Sur Bahar Holi, 2-10 p.m. Akhtar of Delhi Ghazals, 6-0 p.m. Time Signal, Rashid Begum Thumri and Ghazal, 6-30 p.m. Sardar Violin, Basant, 6-40 p.m. Rashid Ghazals, 7-0 p.m. I.B.S. Orchestra Mausin-i-Gul, 7-10 p.m. Rashid Begum, Ghazals, 7-30 p.m. Pandit T.N. Zar Dili ki Purani Baten 7-45 p.m. Lachhi Ram Thumris and Ghazals, 8-15 p.m. Haider Husain, Sitar Purya, 8-25 p.m. Lachhi Ram, Khayr Basant Bahar and Ghazals, 9-15 p.m. News in Hindustani, 9-30 p.m. Time Signal, News in English: 9-45 p.m. "Hamzad"—A Comedy by Professor Ishtiaq Husain Qurashi.

Bombay Programme

G.U.B. 350.9 metres, 855 Kc./S. 12-0 noon Selection of Indian Music, 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates ,Jules Craen and his quintet (relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel), 5-20 p.m. Gwalior Hockey Cup Final running Commentary by Mr. E.J. Turner, relayed from the Cooperage Football Ground, Bombay, 6-30 p.m. Gazal and Quwalis Ailabux, 7-0 p.m. Commercial News, 7-15 p.m. Clarionet Solos, G.N. Ghose, 7-50 p.m. News in Hindi, 8-0 p.m. Light Classical Music, Bai Vastalabai Kumtekar, 9-30 p.m. News in English, 9-45 p.m. Around the Town an Airman's Diary, 10-0 p.m. A Recital by Jascha Heifetz, 10-30 p.m. A review of Gramophone Records.

Calcutta Programme

V.U.C. 370.4 metres, Kc./S. 49.10 metres, 6109 Kc./S.

12-36 p.m. SB Time Signal A studio programme arranged by Messrs. T.E. Bevan and Co. Ltd ("Regal" Recording) Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra The Two Leslies, Umpa Umpa, Miss Porking on would like cream puffs, London Piano—Accordeon Band, Take me back to my Boots and Saddle, Covered Wagon days The Crochets Railroad Rhythm Nagasaki, The Hill Billies That silver haired Daddy of mine The Dying Cowboy, Moonlight Revellers It is my mother's birthday to-day, Magic, George Fromby and his Ukulele Riding in the T.T. Races The Isle of Man, Pianoforte Solo by Jack Wilson, Top Hat—Film Selection, Big Broadcast of 1936—Film Selection. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Riverscraft (if any), 1-36 p.m. Talk by Bishnu Sarma "The Woman who stirred all England", 2-06 p.m. Selections from Gramophone Records, 2-36 p.m. Talk by Mrs. Bella 'Halder (a) Things that interest us (b) Great women of other lands (cont.), 5-36 p.m. Recorded Selections, 5-46 p.m. Rural Reconstruction Series—Talk, some aspects of the New Constitution by Mr. S. C. Ghuva Thakurta, 6-06 p.m. Light Bengali Songs Anil Bagchi, 6-26 p.m. Educational Broadcast by Mr. Nirmal Kumar Bose, M.A. lecturer, Vishwa Bharati—Romance in Anthropology, 6-51 p.m Instrumental Music Sham Benode Ghose—Jaltaranga, 7-01 p.m. Vocal Music (Bengali), Pulin Behari Agasty, 7-16 p.m. Miss Radharany, 7-36 p.m. Instrumental Music, Sham Benode Ghose—Sestar Solo, 7-51 pm., SB News Bulletin in English, 8-06 p.m. SB Vocal Music (Bengali), Sukriti Prosanna Sen—Modern, 8-21 p.m. Miss Indubala—Light Classical. 8-41 p.m. SB Instrumental Music N.N. Mazumdar—Clarionel Solo, 8-51 p.m. SB Weather Forecast, General News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates (In Bengali), 9-06 p.m. SB The Military Band of the 1st Battn. The Black watch R.H.) A Military Band Programme.

"ANNE OF GREEN GABLE"

(Continued from page 3.)

phan heroine whom Mark Twain once described as the "dearest and most moving and delightful child of fiction since the immortal Alice."

As a novel, L. M. Montgomery's "Anne of Green Gables" has won worldwide recognition as a classic of childhood and early youth. The picture, in this reviewer's opinion, definitely falls into the same high classification.

Directed by George Nichols, Jr., and portrayed by an ideal cast including Anne Shirley, Tom Brown, O. P. Heggie, Helen Westley, Sara Haden and others, the picture is one of great charm and strong heart-appeal. Powerful in its very simplicity and so human that it strikes a responsive chord in every breast, it will find universal favour.

Anne Shirley, the sixteen-year-old player who adopted the name of the character she portrays in the film, gives a superb performance as the orphan heroine. She has made good in a most impressive manner.

Tom Brown proves that he was the perfect choice to play Gilbert Blythe, Anne's schoolboy beau. O. P. Heggie and Helen Westley, two of the finest character favourites of the stage and screen, add new laurels to their already impressive records by their portrayals of Matthew and Marilla Cuthbert.

The story opens with Anne arriving at the farm house of Matthew and Marilla Cuthbert, to be greeted by the dismaying knowledge that they had expected the orphanage to send them a boy.

In showing how Anne makes herself the real centre of the "Green Gables" household and transforms the lives of Matthew and Marilla, the film also traces her romance with Gilbert Blythe. Starting with a schoolroom quarrel, the interest between the two youngsters develops, as the years pass, into adult love, although an old family quarrel rises from the ashes of the past to threaten their happiness.

GLADYS SWARTHOUT IN "ROSE OF RANCHO"

(Continued from page 3.)

to the 1850's and centres around the colourful town of Monterey. California's first State capital and scene of a series of disorders almost unprecedented in history.

Miss Swarthout, who is as lovely to look at as she is lovely to hear, is the daughter of a wealthy Spanish family, holding a vast estate outside Monterey. California has just become the 31st State in the Union and a horde of unscrupulous desperadoes descends on the territory, bent upon wresting the great estates from the Spanish Dons.

These land-grabbers, led by leering Charles Bickford, stop at nothing in furthering their aims. The Spaniards hold their land by verbal grant from their King, but the incoming pluguglies know such grants are not legal in American courts. They argue with bullets.

The Spanish Dons organize their vigilantes to defend themselves against this invasion and the vigilantes ride at night, led by a certain "Don Carlos", who travels like the wind astride a great white horse.

Into this tense atmosphere comes John Boles, a secret service agent sent out by the Federal Government to attempt a settlement of the bitter dispute in Southern California. Boles rescues the leader of the land-grabbers from the vigilantes on his arrival and soon finds himself embroiled with both sides in love with the beautiful "Rose of the Rancho," and a member of the invading gang of land-grabbers.

A new comedy team, Willie Howard and Herb Williams, both prominent for years on Broadway and in vaudeville, take care of the lighter moments in the films and these boys perform with such a high degree of finesse that their future as a motion picture team is above doubt.

Mention also must be made of Grace Bradley, the saloon charmer who helps Cowboy Willie Howard lose his cash; H. B. Warner, the kindly old Don Castro, father of Rosita; Charlotte Granville, as Donna Petrona, Rosita's understanding grandmother, and Don Alvarado as Don Luis, affianced to Rosita.

Sprinkle FLIT POWDER...
Sure death to ants, cockroaches, bugs and other crawling insects

FLIT POWDER has all the killing power of famous FLIT and quickly destroys all crawling insects. It is sure death to cockroaches, ants, bugs, fleas on dogs, and many other insects. You will like FLIT POWDER—it is so convenient to use. Just sprinkle it in cracks and crevices where insects hide and breed. When insects touch FLIT POWDER they die!

Sole Distributors.
Herbert, Son & Co., Ltd., Post Box 431, BOMBAY.

A MESSAGE
TO THOSE WHO ARE
TOO OLD AT *FORTY!*

YOUR HEART IS WEAK
BECAUSE YOUR ARTERIES
ARE BEING STRANGLED

Your trouble is
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE
and it is robbing you of YOUTH, VIGOUR and LIFE

FORTY has been described as being the "Summer-time of Maturity." But at Forty thousands of men and women face Premature Old Age. All the ambitions, the vigour, the joys of life have left them. Neither work nor play holds any interest. Why should this be? The cause of the trouble is easy to locate. There is no need to look any further than the heart. That organ has become weak. Being weak it fails to do its job properly. Its job is to pump life-giving blood to every part of the body to renew and re-invigorate 24 thousand million body cells.

What is Weakening Your Heart?

If you can imagine *thousands of miles* of tubing called Arteries through which the Heart has to pump 8 tons of blood every day, you will gain some idea of the Heart's task during life. At Forty, lime salts deposits in the Arteries cause them to narrow and lose their elasticity. The normal flow of blood being restricted, the Heart is forced to pump harder. Eventually this leads to Heart Weakness and Heart Failure.

The Whole Body Suffers.

As the duty of the blood is to renew and re-invigorate the vital body cells, it naturally follows that if the cells are deprived of proper nourishment, both body and brain must suffer. You become "*Too Old at Forty*," a tragic spectacle.

'Phyllosan' Tablets for New Vigour and New Youth.

The chief constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets is a vegetable extract described by eminent scientists as being "The Most Wonderful Substance in our World." This substance takes the carbon, nitrogen, salts, and water absorbed by the plants and under the influence of sunlight TRANSFORMS THIS INTO LIVING MATERIAL STORED WITH VITAL ENERGY. Dr. Buergi, M.D., of Berne University, Switzerland, under whose personal supervision 'Phyllosan' Tablets are prepared, spent 15 years' critical research before he succeeded in isolating this wonderful substance without detriment to its vitalizing power.

'PHYLLOSAN' TABLETS INCREASE ALL YOUR PHYSICAL AND VITAL FORCES IRRESPECTIVE OF AGE.

One of the penalties of Premature Old Age is loss of physical force and vigour. Often it is the first sign. When 'Phyllosan' Tablets are taken they *renew the entire blood-stream within 14 days*. 'Phyllosan' Tablets clear away the lime salts deposits that are strangling the arteries, fortify the Heart and renew and revitalize every body cell.

Rapid Results.

'Phyllosan' Tablets act quickly. Here's a typical case as published in the "Swiss Medical Weekly." A man 51 years of age suffered with severe blood pressure. All popular treatments failed. But after ONE MONTH of 'Phyllosan' Tablets, the blood pressure dropped to nearly normal and heart symptoms, difficult breathing and giddiness vanished entirely!

Important Statement.

'Phyllosan' Tablets are perfectly harmless and can be taken by the youngest and most delicate persons with complete confidence. 'Phyllosan' Tablets contain neither drugs nor glands nor animal extracts and in their preparation are untouched by hand throughout.

PRAISE FOR 'PHYLLOSAN' TABLETS!

'Phyllosan' Tablets End Anæmia.

"My daughter was always getting run-down and complaining of having no energy. After only 2 bottles of 'Phyllosan' she is thoroughly healthy and strong and much happier."—Mrs. D.H.T.

Rejuvenation in SIX Days!

"After only 6 days taking the tablets I feel well, young and strong."—E.B.

Benefit in THREE Days.

"I got a small bottle on Tuesday and by Friday following I could feel the benefit."—H.V.

'PHYLLOSAN'

(*Pronounced FIL-O-SAN*) TABLETS

Sold by all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

SEND FOR THIS FREE BOOK If you are over 40 (or under) send for that most interesting and valuable Book—"Revitalization and Rejuvenation"—free on request.

Write for Booklet to J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India) Ltd. BOMBAY: Standard Buildings, Hornby Road, P.O. Box 258. CALCUTTA: 29, Bentinck Street.

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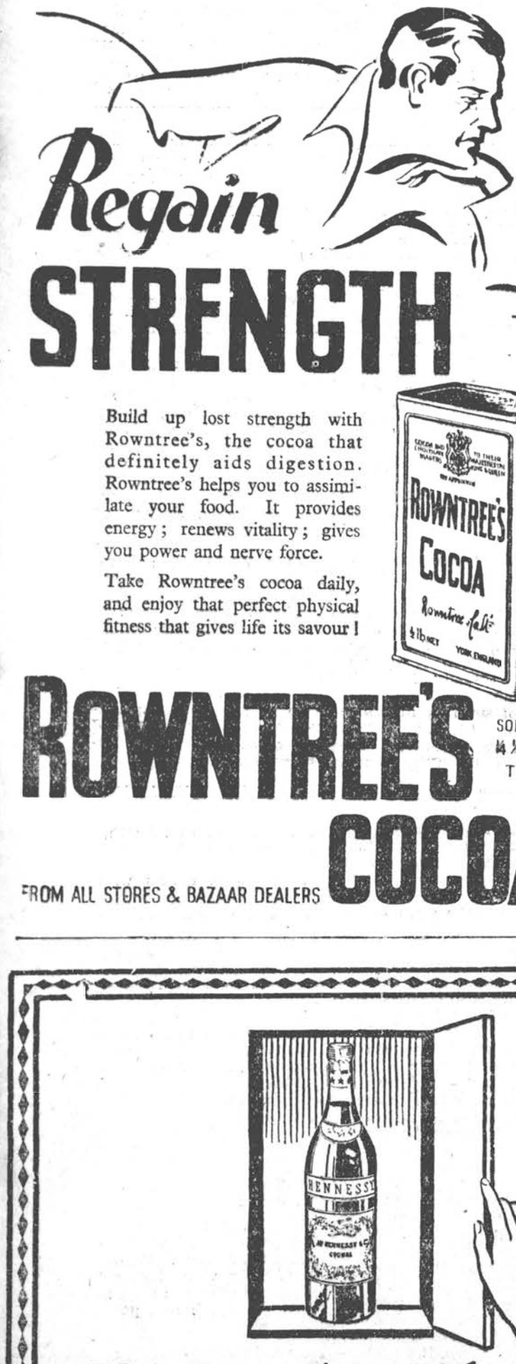

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Take Rowntree's cocoa daily, and enjoy that perfect physical fitness that gives life its savour!

ROWNTREE'S COCOA

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Keep a bottle handy

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Fagan Vad 9, 1992
Muslim: Jilhej 19, 1354
Parsi: Meher 10, 1305
Higtide: 2-39 15-43
Lowtide: 8-52 21-09
Sunrise: 6h 49m
Sunset: 6h 49m.

Bombay Legislative Council, 10 a.m.
S. S. 'Ranpura,' with English mails, sails at 1-0 p.m.
Bombay Races: Spring Meeting, 3rd Day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

Clan Line steamer 'Clan Keith' arrived at Suez on 11th evening.

B. P. C. C. MEETINGS

The adjourned February ordinary meeting and the ordinary March meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

The General Secretary of the Bombay National Guards writes:—

"All the members of the Guards are asked to be present at the Gowalia Tank Maidan at 6-30 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday), when special instructions regarding the training of the batch to be sent to the Lucknow Congress Session will be given. Every member must make it a point to attend on Sunday without fail."

THE P. E. N. CENTRE

Dr. D. R. Prem will lecture at the National Medical College, Lamington Road (near Central Station) at 6-15 p. m. to-day (Saturday) on "Hindi Literature." Mrs. Lilavati Munshi will preside.

SELECTIVE REPRODUCTION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Council of the Society for the Study and Promotion of Family Hygiene, there will be a public lecture to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Adult Education Society's Hall, Ravelin Street, by Prof. K. B. Madhava of the Mysore University on "Selective Reproduction." Dr. V. R. Khanolkar, will preside.

YUVAK MITRA MANDAL'S 15 MILES FAST CYCLE RACE

The race, open to Hindus only, will start at 6-15 a.m. (S.T.) on Sunday from the Princess Mary Gymkhana near Cooperage.

Mr. B. S. Turkhud, will preside over the occasion of the prize distribution, to be subsequently held at the Cooperage.

WILSON COLLEGE 'AT HOME'

The Principal and Professors of the Wilson College will be 'At Home' to the past students of the College to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"Invitation to the Waltz". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Ball at Savoy". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
ROXY—"Snehlata". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Raven." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tale of Two Cities." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Rose of the Rancho". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Anne of Green Gables." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Soldier's Sweetheart". Time as usual.
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE—"Captain Blood." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Dhoop-Chhaon." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Dharmatma." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Dilki-Pyas." Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Pahady Kanya." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Savitri." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
LAXMI—"Dharmatma." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2 p.m.
PLAZA—"Crusades." Daily at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m.
APOLLO (Surya)—"Hind Kesari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. On Sunday at 10-30 a.m. "Purna Chandra". (Tamil Talkie).

ANNUAL SCOUT SPORTS

Annual Scout Sports are to be held at the Grant Medical College Gymkhana in the evening to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday).

THE ELPHINSTONIAN SOCIETY

An annual general meeting of the Elphinstonian Society will be held at the Elphinstone College to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m.

SUPPORT FOR BAKHALE BILL

Under the auspices of the Reception Committee of the Presidency Conference of the Workers concerned with the Bakhale Bill, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. Mrs. Maniben will preside and among the speakers will be Messrs. Khedgikar, Karnik, Parab, Dinkar Desai, Kondvikar and others.

Another meeting will be held at Katha Bazar, Mandvi at 9 p.m.

RESEARCH IN "SWARAS"

Madura Mani's Concert

The South Indian Sangeetha Sabha deserves to be congratulated on the successful concert arranged last Sunday by Madura Mani and party. The most noteworthy feature about it was it was an all youth performance.

Palghat Mani, the doyen Mridangam player, gave a masterly exhibition of deft strokes and sound work, which drew repeated encores.

Madura Mani, the vocalist, is, in a sense, revivalist of the "Pushpavanam" school. Though not gifted with the arrow-route tenor of his master, Mr. Mani has revolutionised South Indian music by his research work in "Swaras."

His permutations and combinations are baffling and the rendering of Swaras of the 'spin and plait' variety is peculiarly his own. In Apuruva ragas, like Nalinakanti, Jaganmohani and Saramati, Mr. Mani showed wonderful mastery in Sunday's performance. Even in rendering Mohanam, there was a storng note of the "Deshkar," which reminded one of the days of "Pushpavanam."

Rahimtoolah-Chinoy Wedding

The marriage of Mr. Habib, youngest son of Sir Ibrahim and Lady Rahimtoolah and Miss Zubeida, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sultan Chinoy, was celebrated on Wednesday night at Cumballa Hill. The residences of both Sir Ibrahim and Mr. Sultan Chinoy were beautifully illuminated on Thursday, a reception was held at the Willingdon Sports Club when over three thousand guests, representative of all communities in Bombay, responded to the invitation of Sir Ibrahim and Mr. Sultan Chinoy, testifying to the great popularity of the two hosts.

"Harischandra"

A Hindi Drama "Harischandra" organised by the Best Traffic Outdoor Staff is to be staging on Tuesday the 24th March in aid of the Educational work which the Safety First Association of India is conducting in the Schools of Bombay.

K. Namdev Shimpi Samaj Silver Jubilee

The Konkanastha Namdev Shimpi Shikshanottejak Mandali will celebrate Silver Jubilee under the presidentship af Mr. P. R. Bhojne to-morrow (Sunday) at Jinnah Hall, Girgaum, Bombay at 2 p.m. (S.T.) when the drama "Asha Nirasha" will be staged by the new K. N. S. Young Amateurs.

ELECTRIC WORKMEN'S UNION

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Electric Workmen's Union will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.).

STREET LIGHTING PROBLEM

Messrs. J. W. L. Gomes, Purushottam Tricumdas, P. J. Shroff, Markandrai Mehta, Dr. Bala Patil and Ramnikrai Mehta will speak on "Street Lighting Problem" at the Gokhale Hall, (Lokmanya Seva Sangh Hall) at Vile Parle, to-day (Saturday) at 9-15 p.m. (S.T.)

"KARL MARX DAY"

Under the auspices of the All-India Press Workers Federation, a public meeting to celebrate "Karl Marx Day" will be held at Northbrook Gardens to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) Mr. Dhole will preside. Among the speakers will be Messrs. Birodkar, Fidahusain, Galande, Paranjpye and others.

ARYA SAMAJ LECTURE

At the Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir Pandit Laxmanrao Oghle will deliver a public lecture on "Bhagwadgita" to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN GRADUATES' UNION

The annual general meeting of the Union will be held to-day (Saturday) at the Wilson College at 5 p.m.

KERALA CLUB

Under the auspices of the Kerala Club and Reading Room, Mr. V. S Misra will deliver a lecture on "What is human being" at 7-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in the premises of the Club Old Jamboree Home, Worli.

PAREL SEWA SANGH

A general meeting of the member of the Parel Sewa Sangh will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the terrace of the Parukh Palace opposite Jerbai Hospital, Parel.

ON INDIAN POLITICS

"The Crisis in Indian Politics" will form the subject of lecture at a public meeting to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. at the Maidan near Napoo Hall, Matunga, under the auspices of the Anti-Ministerial Committee.

Mr. Purshottamdas Trikamdas will preside and Mr. Yusuf Meherally, Maniben Moolji, Y. B. Karnik and others will speak.

"PAHADI-KANYA" PREMIERE

First Picture For Lamington Talkies

"Pahadi Kanya" received a premiere that was remarkable for its crowded pomp. The newly renovated theatre christened once again will now be known by the name of its locality.

The Lamington Talkies is thoughtfully decorated. There is little that is violent in the schemes of its new colour and appointments. The seating accommodation offers easy vision and comfort.

"Pahadi Kanya" is a story of the jungle varied by Urban Romance. It has "thugs" and "thrills," pictures at all angles, in colour as well as in monotone. It has melodrama as well as morbid sex. In fact, it has almost every thing including the "comics"—that the film producer's recipe for "popular" appeal prescribes. It will surprise no body if this picture. "Pahadi-Kanya" offers the complete recipe. "Gazals." "Quawalis" and "background music," all. Sardar Mansoor, as Risaldar Hameer and Kumari Nadia, as Leelco are at the best when they work off, the jumps, the reckless rides and thrilling 'stunts."

Jal Khambata in the dual role of Narsingh and Dadooji has a difficult part assigned to him. His characterisation is skilled.

John Caves revealed in his delineation of Waghjee the promise of a front rank photo-player. He must secure right opportunities and what is more right direction.

The guests were invited to partake of refreshments during the interval.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ ANNIVERSARY

In connection with the 69th Anniversary of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. Mr. B. B. Keskar will conduct the opening Divine Service and to-morrow (Sunday) at 7-30 a.m. Mr. V. A. Garud will conduct the Divine Service and at 3 p.m. there will be anniversary of the Sunday School and at 5-30 p.m. Mr. V. S. Sohoni will conduct the Divine Service.

DALAL CHALLENGE CUP BASKET-BALL

The final game of the above Tournament between the teams of Willingdon Memorial Playground and Mastam Shah Bagh Playground will be played to-day (Saturday) at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.) at Gilder Tank Playground, Lamington Road (near Grant Road).

Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mayor of Bombay, will preside and present the trophy to the winners.

EASTERN BANK

The Manager of the Eastern Bank Ltd. Bombay, writes:—

We have received the following telegram from our London Office:

"Net profit including brought forward £1,77,152-11-2. Annual meeting will be held on March 20th. Directors recommend final dividend at the rate of 3s per share less income tax at the rate of 4s 6d per pound. To Premises Account £25,000. To Contingency Account £30,000. Carried forward £62,152-11-2. Dividend payable on and after March 24. Transfer Books closed from March 20 to April 4 both days inclusive."

AMERICAN COTTON EXCHANGE DIRECTOR'S APPEAL

Government Pleader Argues Transactions At Exchange Were Illegal

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia and Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court resumed further hearing of the appeal filed by Chimanlal Purshottamdas, Managing Director of the American Cotton Exchange, against the sentence of three months' simple imprisonment and Rs. 250 fine passed on him by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, under the Gambling Act.

It was argued yesterday on behalf of the petitioner that the Magistrate had wrongly held that the transactions at the American Cotton Exchange were wagering transactions. The prosecution had failed to prove that "teji mandi" transactions were in the nature of wagering transactions. No witnesses from the members of the Exchange were called by the prosecution to support their allegations.

To-day Dewan Bahadur Shingne, Government Pleader submitted his arguments on behalf of the prosecution.

He contended that the transactions at the Exchange were illegal because they related to "futures" and not to "spot cotton" as was urged by the defence. There was no material available before the Court to support the defence contention that on the basis of the rates cabled from America the rate of spot cotton was deduced in a certain way and therefore the transactions were for the spot cotton. Nor had the defence produced a single delivery order. From all materials available to the Court it was clear that the intention of the parties to a transaction was for future delivery only.

JUDGMENT ON MONDAY

Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia and Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court have concluded the hearing of the appeal by Chimanlal Purshottamdas, Managing Director of the American Cotton Exchange, against the sentence of three months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 250 passed on him by the Third Presidency Magistrate under the Prevention of Gambling Act.

Judgment will be delivered on Monday.

EKNATH ANNIVERSARY

The students of the A. E. S. English School Khar will celebrate the anniversary of Shri Eknath in the School Hall to-day (Saturday) at 8 a.m.

Mr. G. R. Devadhar will preside.

P. T. R. A. AND PLEASURE TRIP

The Hon. Secretary of the Passengers and Traffic Relief Association, Bombay, writes:—"For the convenience of the members of the Passengers and Traffic Relief Association it has been arranged that tickets for the Pleasure Trip on Sunday 15th instant are also available at the office of the Gold Filled Leather Works, Princess Street."

POSTAL NOTICE

The Imperial Airways Eastbound plane due to arrive Karachi on the 12-3-36 has been delayed and is expected to arrive there on Friday (March 13). The London-India air mails which were due to be received in Bombay on Friday March 13 will therefore be received here and issued for delivery by the G. P. O. at 3-30 p.m. on Saturday March 14.

The latest hours of posting air mail correspondence for Hyderabad Deccan and Madras at the Bombay G. P. O. will be as follows:—

Ordinary correspondence: 11-30 hours on March 14.

Registered correspondence: 11-0 hours on March 14.

Talk Of The Suburbs

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

Those slot machines! Bombay has nearly gone mad over them and now the Suburbs are getting the infection.

A Correspondent writes: "Now the poor and the poorest and even a school boy could gamble. Only one anna and yet the average earnings of each of those machines is about ten to twelve rupees per day. Are the police not going to get busy about this public menace?

MONEY LENDERS

"Give me the interest, I am not worried about the principal". Did you ever hear this? Well if you did not, I must tell you it is a well-known phrase of a Pathan money lender.

I thought the city was the only place that was pestered by these money-lenders, but the suburbs has quite a number of them. These money lenders are mostly Pathans or Marwaris who live on no other business but money lending.

Four annas per rupee.....what do you say to this and yet countless labourers and even educated people are perpetual victims of these men.

NOMINATED M.L.C.'s

The Governor of Bombay is pleased to accept the resignation by Dr. W. Burns, and H. V. V. Iyengar of their offices of members of the Legislative Council and to nominate Mr. S. R. Deshpande and Mr. J. B. Irwin being officials to be members of the Legislative Council.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

The Governor of Bombay received the Raja of Aundh at Government House on Friday.

The Governor of Bombay dined with Lt: Colonel R.D.E. Darell and Officers of the 3rd 1st Punjab Regiment Bombay on Friday.

IN AND AROUND —BOMBAY—

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

City's Cancer Institute

The medical profession in the City has been very much agitated over the reported decision of those responsible for the management of the munificent Sir Dorab Tata Trust Funds for the proposed Radium Institute for the treatment of cancer. The proposal was mooted some years ago by Sir Frederick Sykes during his term of office as Governor of Bombay. But it did not then materialise as an Institute of that kind could not be launched unless there was promise of enough finances, and even more than finances, expert knowledge of radium, the newest method of treatment for cancer. A report was submitted by a special Medical Committee which, it is understood, consisted of Lt.-Col. Sokhey, Dr. R. Row and Dr. Padshah, discouraging such a scheme. It was pointed out that radium treatment was as yet in the experimental stage and it was dangerous to handle it except with very specialised and expert knowledge of it. This report, it was supposed, had said the last word.

But it is now understood that a decision has been taken to have the Cancer Institute with a huge hospital equipment started. Two American experts were called on high salaries to be the Director and Assistant Director of the Institute. Were the members of the Medical Committee consulted before this decision was taken? One of the three doctors was very sure about it when a representative of the "Chronicle" called on him for information. Before the American experts were imported to Bombay from somewhere in China, no attempt, it is reported, was made to consult local medical opinion. Again, was any advertisement given in the papers inviting applications for the posts? The medical profession, it is reported, is very much dissatisfied and it is feared that, unless things are mended, a noble venture in the name of suffering humanity is threatened with failure for want of co-operation from the medical profession in the City.

The American Experts

The importation of the two experts is viewed as an affront to the City medical profession. The proposed Director, it is reported, is being paid Rs. 2,750 per month and the Assistant Rs. 2,000 per month. They have been here for the last few months. The public would like to know what previous Radium experience and what expert knowledge they have. Whatever their other qualifications, they are, it is reported, not eligible for registration under the Indian law and it is understood that they are to be sent to the United Kingdom to acquire the minimum qualifications for admission into the Medical Council or for registration in any part of the British Empire. For the period of their study in the United Kingdom they would, it is reported continue to receive the salary which has been assured them and which they have been receiving all these months. The course is stated to be a minimum of three years. That means that a sum of about Rs. 1,70,000 will be spent on the experts to get qualified for registration as medical practitioners.

It is pointed out that even in this city there are promising young men with high British medical qualifications from whom competent recruits could be got for the posts and for the hospital work at the cost offered. In any case the Cancer Institute cannot now come into being for some years, that is, before the two experts become eligible for registration. Hence a high medical authority, who was approached by the "Chronicle" representative in this connection, suggested that the selection should be made from among doctors holding high degrees and the medical men selected should be sent out to England and the Continent for practical training and equipment in radium treatment on a scholarship basis.

Meanwhile it is only reasonable to expect an explanation from the Trustees justifying the course of action they are reported have followed.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1936

NEGATION OF JUSTICE

It is good to think that the Legislative Assembly has passed, though by the smallest possible majority of one vote, Mr. M. S. Aney's cut motion censuring Government's policy of repression. The majority is, of course, much larger if the elected members of the House alone are counted, only 17 elected Indians having voted with Government. The majority might have been larger still if members like Mr. Jinnah, had voted for the Opposition, instead of passively supporting Government's repression by their neutrality. We fear that it is the attitude of men like Mr. Jinnah that encourages Government—in so far as they need any encouragement at all—to persist in repression. A similar motion was carried by the House last year but Government paid no heed to it. Even an absolutely innocent body like the Hindustani Seva Dal, an integral part of the Congress, still remains under a ban. Does not Mr. Jinnah's neutrality in these circumstances encourage Government to go on flouting the will of the Legislature and the country? Yet it was only the day before that he had censured Government for "reducing the Legislature to a farce" by studied disregard of its will.

A Tragedy

A feature of the discussion on the cut motion was the moving speech of Mr. Nirmal Chundra Chunder, who failed to move only the Government. Confining himself to terrorism, he admitted both the existence of the evil and the need for combating it. But he justly claimed that, where strong measures were necessary, they should be enforced humanely and not so as to emasculate the entire youth of the country because of the sins of a few misguided people. Congress values non-violence a great deal more than Government do. To the Congress, so far as agitation for winning Swaraj is concerned, non-violence is a religiously pursued creed. It is fervently to be hoped that Congress will have no cause to despair of success through it. Thousands and thousands of men and women, boys and girls, have cheerfully invited suffering on themselves in this great world experiment of winning liberty through non-violence. If any persons can permanently wean terrorists from their misguided and suicidal methods, it is the Congress devotees of non-violence. But, as Mr. Chunder pointed out, the tragedy of the situation is that Government do not, in this matter, take Congress leaders into confidence, nay even debar them from getting into touch with the terrorists. Even a leader like Mr. Saxena is prevented from visiting certain districts in Bengal.

Mercy Indeed!

Replying to the debate, Sir Henry Craik said how very merciful Government had been in dealing with the detenus. Their mercy still permits as many as 1400 men to be detained without a trial on mere suspicion. He also asked the House to believe how meticulously careful they were in detaining the suspects. But in essence their method, however, careful, is repugnant to world recognised canons of justice, based, as it is, on the stories of informers and police spies, who are not cross-examined in a court of law. For one guilty person that such a method may entrap, it convicts ten innocent men and more. And that is the very negation of justice as the civilised world understands it.

Statistical Jugglery

Major A. Y. Dabholkar, Director of Public Health, in the course of the discussion on grants for Public Health in the Bombay Legislative Council on Wednesday tried to show that "a considerable reduction had been brought about in the incidence of deaths due to epidemics." To prevent misunderstanding we must say that the figures quoted by him are absolutely correct—so far and just so far as they go. But he only quoted selected figures that suited his inference. That, we submit, was not quite fair, for the figures for the many more years that he left out suggest a contrary inference.

We shall quote these from his own report on Public Health for the year 1934. Referring to deaths from cholera, he pointed out that in 1912, 1919 and 1927 the figures were respectively 64,500: 51,000; and 26,000. And then with great complacence he said that in 1934 the figure had fallen so low as 11,000. We do not know if the apparently happy contrast was received with cheers. But why did he choose for comparison with 1934 three of the worst and most abnormal years? The figures for all the other years from 1911 downwards, as published in the report, tell quite a different tale, many of them being quite so low as 377 in 1915; 57 in 1925; 73 in 1926; and 1,353 in 1932. But taking the average for all the 23 years from 1911 to 1933, except the three most abnormal ones, which are not suitable in considering the normal incidence of the epidemic, it works out at 7980 a year; while the deaths in 1934 were 11,362, hardly "a considerable reduction."

Passing on to small-pox, Major Dabholkar remarked that "the virulence of the epidemic had abated considerably". Here again if we take the figures for all the years from 1901 to 1933 the average works out at 5,499, while the deaths in 1934 were 5,516; which does not show that "the virulence of the epidemic had abated considerably". As regards plague, too, the number of deaths in 1934, namely, 13,307, does not compare favourably with the average of 11,487 for the preceding ten years. On the whole official figures themselves show that there is not much substance in the Director of Public Health's remark that "a considerable reduction had been brought about in the incidence of deaths due to epidemics."

Claims Of Indian Artists

The evils of the short-sighted policy followed when the question about the mural decorations at New Delhi was first raised were not remedied subsequently when similar decorations were discussed and decided for the India House in London. A policy, persistently short-sighted, was followed at New Delhi. Not only have the legitimate claims of Indian artists been not recognized, but this policy has also led to a depressing setback to which all those who are eager to advance Indian art must offer determined resistance. The story of the decorations at India House in not, as it has been fondly assumed in interested quarters, the story merely of the unjust rejection of the claims of artists particularly from this Presidency. It is a story of the sovereign control of South Kensington over the present and future of Indian art. That control is no tribute to the art institutes, official or non-official, in India. It has not been, we may assure the South Kensington pundits and their devotees at Aldwych, mistaken as a compliment to the many artists, competent to decorate the walls of public buildings and, what is more, gifted with inherent artistic talent Europe has neither thought of nor seen hitherto.

Sir Phiroze Sethna, commenting on the budget at the current sessions of the Council of State, pleaded for a grant for the resumption of the mural paintings in the Secretariat at New Delhi and in the India House, London. Lord Brabourne has already advanced the same plea for the artists in Bombay who were not been offered their legitimate chance at India House. It is to be hoped that the Government of India will soon outline a more far-sighted policy for recognising the just claims of the Indian artists than the one which makes of the existing decorations at New Delhi and India House only an irritating reminder of the opportunities withheld from them. Sir Phiroze Sethna and his colleagues in the Council of State and the Assembly must resolutely endeavour to obtain the requisite assurance of the recognition of the long-neglected claims of Indian artists.

THE WORLD AND ITS WAYS

A Weekly Survey Of International Situation

(By K. T. SHAH)

Japan is still far from the normal. The militarist Revolution is not ended yet. The militarists make no secret of the fact that they want the Army to be free from civilian or political influence, of any sort; that there should come nothing between them and the Emperor. But is not the Emperor himself to be a mere name? If the reports of happenings in Japan in the last week are correct, the Emperor seems to be leaning towards the side of the Moderate and sagacious Counsels,—like those of Prince Saionji,—could not but be on that side. But the Emperor has been unable to follow them. Statesman after statesman was appealed to to form a Ministry; and statesman after statesman has either declined, or been prevented from forming a Government, with any chance of stability at home and respect abroad.

Stalin's Threat

The immediate neighbours of Japan have taken alarm. China has ordered Conscription for all her male citizens between 18 and 45; and though she is herself distracted by faction at home, and trouble on the frontier, her new programme of armament is definitely to guard against Japanese menace, under the new regime.

Russia is even more ominous. Stalin, that man of few words, has given a special interview, prophesying the sudden and unexpected advent of war, if the rulers of Japan would not respect the rights of their neighbours. The constant clash on the Russo-Japanese frontier in Manchukuo is the unmistakable prelude to the tragedy ahead. And though Communist Russia has no need nor desire for a War, she would make a far different showing than the Russia of the Tsar a generation ago, or even in the European war. The words of Stalin sound the trumpet, and the feverish preparations to arm the nations of Europe, ever since Germany began rearming herself, are the drums of Mars, now beating in no uncertain measure to give the signal for the onset

Ominous Proposals

The British Defence proposals are the most ominous signal of the impending doom. £26 million odd are to be added at a stroke to the Defence expenditure,—nearly 10 million to the Navy, £5 million to the Army, and £12 million to the Air force. The words of the statesman announcing these increases left no doubt of the state of tension and uneasiness prevailing in official circles in Great Britain, perhaps the last stronghold of pacifism in Europe to-day. We do not believe there is a real pacifist,—besides the veteran couple consisting of Messrs Lansbury and Cecil,—even in Britain. But even they would have to hold their peace, when the war drums are beating so loud and grim. No one would like to have the country a prey to Fascist reaction or anarchic fanaticism. The debate in Parliament on these proposals of Government had the inevitable result,—a foregone conclusion, a heavy majority for Government; Even the eruption of Jew-baiting in London, against which Sir John Simon was so sanctimoniously eloquent the other day, is symptomatic of the progress of the disease,—the decay of British Democracy and of its necessary concomitant Peace. The Abyssinian Emperor has agreed to the Peace move initiated by the League. It is difficult to trust the League while France is lukewarm in support of the move and Britain, suspect. Perhaps, too, Italy has already secured alliance with Germany to browbeat France. We must watch, with what patience we can, the course of negotiations in the next few days.

The Naval Treaty is reported to be ready for signature, originally between Britain, France and America; but later, perhaps, with Germany and Italy as well. Russia, too, might join. But this Treaty, if it really eventuates, would afford no relief in the bloated armaments expenditure, nor a guarantee against hostilities. On the most critical points, it is weaker than both its predecessors; and the moment of its stature is ill-chosen for its continued maintenance, even as far as it goes. The clash of interests is too strong to keep the guns silent for long.

Fight For New Deal

America would buy Silver in future from Canada alone, says a message from the States. That means a sort of a monopoly, which ought to weaken the Silver Markets of the other countries still further. The proposals of the President for replacing the present tax on Company Profits by an-

(Continued On Page 8—Col. 6.)

Franco-German Tension

There Is No Hope For Lasting World Peace So Long As Imperialism Lasts

By K. F. NARIMAN

II.

The French, never forgot the 1270 sting. Stirred to fury by the sense of outraged honour, they continuously 'sowed the crop of wrath and revenge', and in the end completely reversed the position, so that the 1919 Treaty of Versailles is only a repetition of 1870 Treaty of Paris, with the reversal of parties. This time it was the biters who were bit, the humiliated and crushed, became equally ruthless and unbending as victors and insisted, with the same cruel rigid Bismarckian logic, on complete subjugation of Bismarckian Prussian spirit, the Kaiserian Militarism. Thus in two generations, the Prussians are made to pay, through the nose, for the arrogance and insolence of their predecessor.

A Vicious Circle

But the overdose of Versailles has again 'sowed the crop of wrath and revenge' on the more fertile soil for such crop, on the other side of the Rhine, and no prophet can foretell whether the parties will not again exchange places in a few years. Thus round and round a vicious diplomatic circle turns, the struggle of modern civilised human progress, and so long as this idea of dominating over the supposed weaker nation prevails, there can be no permanent, real peace in any part of the world. Dozens of make-shifts and artificial devices, such as leagues, pacts, conferences and conventions or bogus constitutions cannot alter the situation, so long as this spirit of domination lasts. That has been the basic foundation and root cause of all great human conflicts for ages past.

Futility Of Imperialism

This Franco-German drama, that is being enacted for generations past on the Central European political stage, took another form and shape in different countries and different peoples but the underlying motive power and ideology are the same. Similar dominating spirit led to American War of Independence 150 years ago. And all previous historical records have proved the utter futility of attempts to suppress a section of humanity by artificial means. There is always a reaction after a temporary paralysis and set-back due to terrible reverses. "The crop of wrath and revenge" sowed by these very crushing defeats and pricking humiliations has inevitably led to national revival and national regeneration, followed by a renaissance and resulting in certain victory, provided the cause is sufficiently just or righteous, from the national point of view to instil or inject a new spirit in the fallen and downtrodden people. In the words of Clemenceau: "There is no defeat of right cause, that does not contain within it the element of some future reaction towards success, it is enough to be on the right side of the barricade, to find one-self in the end upheld by events and justified by results; the barricade must not be merely of stones, to be exploded by a bomb but of human progress, will and determination which nothing can destroy."

Conditions Of Peace

If world peace is to be really aspired and desired, a mere revision of the Treaty of Versailles is not going to achieve it; the whole map of this world must be radically changed and all 'dotted' spots indicating supremacy or domination of one nation over the other must completely disappear. Let all make a fresh start on a clean slate, effacing all artificial barriers and man-made distinctions and discriminations and the ideas of superiority of the ruling race and inferiority of subjects. Otherwise there can be no hope for permanent world peace or security so long as the same is to depend upon the sandy and most unreliable foundation of enforced treaties and imposed constitutions these artificial and unreal props will collapse like a house of cards, like the Treaty of Versailles and the Locarno Pact at the first gust of wind, because there is no moral foundation to existing political or social structure, particularly in the West and Imperialist East. So long as the Imperialist motto of Might is Right prevails, the Hitlerian and Mussolinian and Japanese bluffing tactics will always hold sway.

Frankly Speaking

DECISIVE INDICTMENT

No denunciation of Herr Hitler's action could be stronger or more decisive than that by Sir Austen Chamberlain. Sir Austen, being one of those two statesmen who sponsored the Locarno Pact, declares with unimpeachable authority that "the provisions for the guarantee of 'status quo' in the West, and the observance of conditions in the demilitarized zone were in the original German offer" itself. This clearly proves how utterly unmitigated Germany's violation of her own undertaking is.

THE TEST QUESTION

More important than even Sir Austen Chamberlain's denunciation—after all Sir Austen has always been a pronounced Francophil—is the speech of Lord Eustace Percy, a member of the Cabinet. It shows that the British Government have decided not to let Herr Hitler's action go unchallenged and it is only natural that France should be "breathing easier" now. Herr Hitler having rejected the British compromise proposals and stuck to his original position the only question for the Locarno and the League Powers to face is the crucial question of what action should be taken, the question, that is to say, of sanctions. And it is here that the professions of Britain as also of France will be put to the test.

MORE MISSTATEMENTS EXPOSED

Seeking to justify, in the Legislative Assembly, the misstatements in "India in 1933-34" about Congress relief work in Bihar, Sir Henry Craik made some more misstatements which, however, have been promptly exposed by Babu Rajendra Prasad. Sir Henry stated that, though a committee presided over by Gandhiji had chalked out a programme including house building and sand clearance and Rajen Babu himself had proposed handing over to Government ten lakhs for house building through Government agency, the Congress Relief Committee turned down both the proposals. Rajen Babu, however, points out that the very resolution which was adopted by the meeting presided over by Gandhiji declared that house building and sand clearance were much beyond the committee's capacity and should not be undertaken pending Government's action on these items. He also points out that he himself never made to Government the offer stated above, that there was never any difference between him and the Committee, and that his offer to "set apart, on certain conditions, ten lakhs to enable borrowers from Government to pay the high rate of interest charged was turned down by Government themselves." We hope that Sir Henry or any loyal colleague of his, will not, in his attempt to justify the latest misstatements, add to the lengthening list.

KEEP UP THE PROPAGANDA.

It is gratifying to note that Mr. Bakhale's Shop Assistants Bill is not only receiving wide support from the public, but has also created a much-needed awakening among the shop-assistants themselves. These hitherto unorganised workers are now busy getting up conferences in support of the Bill and otherwise safeguarding their interests. They have formed a Gumasta Hitawardhaka Sabha at Ahmedabad, and presiding at a meeting organised by it on Thursday, Mrs. Hansa Mehta made out a very strong case for the Bill. She exposed the prevalence of heartless exploitation of young shop-assistants in our cities, particularly in Bombay and Ahmedabad, and refuted the arguments trotted out by the selfish among the shop-owners, who oppose the Bill. If more public workers could join Mrs. Mehta in her propaganda, the success of the Bill would be beyond doubt.

HELP THE PRODUCERS.

Much dissatisfaction was expressed when the Agricultural Department demand was under discussion in the Bombay Legislative Council, over the present policy of Government in relation to agriculturist and fruit-growers. It was pointed out that though Government were spending much money for experimenting and research, the direct benefit to the actual cultivators left much scope for improvement. While it may be, as pointed out by the Director and the Minister, that much valuable work is being done it cannot be denied at the same time that the resultant advantages are not being made available to the producer as they ought to be. There is again much truth in the observation made by Sir Rafiuddin Ahmed that 'the Agricultural Department had not been properly supplementing its activities from the commercial point of view.' It is to be hoped that the various defects pointed out in the debate, will be remedied without any delay.

Why Not Elect Him Again?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I read in to-day's issue of your paper that a meeting of some of the prominent citizens of Bombay was held in the Municipal Corporation Hall to find out the best ways and means to appreciate the sevices of Mr. Nariman, the Mayor. Only a few weeks back I had made an appeal, through the column of your paper, to the "City Fathers" to elect Mr. Nariman as a Mayor for the current year. I would like to reiterate my appeal and say that the only and the best way to appreciate the services of this popular Mayor is to install him into the Mayoral Chair for the ensuing year. Our City is fortunate in having such an energetic and ardent Mayor and, indeed, it will be hard for this City to have another such Mayor. It is really a matter of surprise to me that our corporators should be so slow in appreciating the services of one who has devoted himself heart and soul at no small personal sacrifice to a life of labour in the cause of the citizens of all classes and creeds of this city. I would like to appeal to the Committee appointed by the informal meeting of the citizens to issue an appeal on behalf of the citizens to the Corporators for Mr. Nariman's re-election.—Yours, etc.,

K. P. SHROFF.

March 11.

LOGIC A LA CRAIK

The find of forty automatic pistols and 3,000 rounds of ammunition was, asserted Sir Henry Craik, "one of the greatest pieces of evidence that terrorism still existed" in Bengal.

But——immediately after——"I quite agree I am not in a position to say definitely that those arms were intended to be sold to terrorists.

* * * *

Mr. Sri Prakash: How many lives were saved by his (Mr. Sarat Bose's) timely arrest and how many lives are now in danger due to his release? (Laughter).

No answer was given to the question.

Assembly Report.

We are surprised and concerned. Where was Sir Nrpendra Nath Sirkar?

* * * *

Sir H. P. Mody, we observe, has pleaded for "the much-abused so-called capitalists who were being pauperised by increased taxation."

The appeal was none too untimely. Their plight has almost passed the limits of endurance. They can't afford more than a couple of motor cars, many of them being obliged actually to do with last year's models. They are in rags, which very often hang clingingly down their backs if you know what a tail coat is. And they generally have to starve on four and a half meals a day.

In short their condition is a scandal and a clear proof of the pauperising activities of the Government.

* * * *

Speaking on Mr. Aney's motion Sir Henry Craik wished the House would not pass verdicts on the past ten years but on the record of last year and claimed that "there was no element of repression in last year's policy."

This, we regret to say, almost amounts to a confession, now, as regards the other nine years.

* * * *

A correspondent asks why Bhai Parmanand remained neutral in the Division on the Frontier Policy.

Perhaps because of the principle of the inevitability of gradualness in the progress from the people's to the bureaucracy's lobby.

* * * *

Or, in the alternative, Bhaiji's wanted to teach the Frontier tribesmen a lesson for some characteristically Parmanandesque reason.

* * * *

The medical fraternity of Bombay is annoyed that the Radium Institute to be started under the auspices of the Sir Dorab Tata Trust should be put under the charge of two American experts.

They ought to be grateful that the only other—and really the first—alternative, was not hit upon, namely, placing it under the charge of two non-Indian I. M. S. experts.

* * * *

According to Miss Eleanor Rathbone, M.P., the Sarda Act is a dead letter.

A nasty commentary that, on the British Raj, its professions, practice and resources.

* * * *

ADDIS ABABA STILL A LONG WAY OFF

—Headline.

It seems, we fear, that Oil Sanctions against Abyssinia are not yet proving as effective as they ought to.

* * * *

If his proposals are not submitted to, Germany, declares Herr Hitler, would prefer "honourable isolation".

Germany's honourable segregation would in the circumstances be more than welcome by almost the whole world as a 'pis aller'.

* * * *

"There still exists in Germany", said Lord Eustace Percy, Britain's Minister for Thought (the obvious joke about the rest is too stale a commonplace) "an element of national pride and ambition—a belief in the destiny of the nation overriding any treaty that constitutes or goes to make up the law of nations."

Only too true. But it doesn't exist in Germany alone. Oh no.

* * * *

A Banker was being called upon by a delegate from a charitable institution. He instructed his secretary to make up some excuse for not seeing him.

When the delegate arrived the secretary said: "I'm sorry, but Mr. Smith can't see you. He has a sprained back."

"Well", said the delegate, "go back and tell Mr Smith that I didn't come here to wrestle with him, but to speak with him."

Act Of Brutal Force By Germany

Sir A. Chamberlain Denounces Tearing Up Of Treaties

LONDON, March 12.

Sir Austen Chamberlain, who negotiated the Locarno Pact, speaking at Cambridge said: "With my memory quivering at this moment with the events which led up to the Great War, I am impressed by the similarity of Germany's policy to-day to the policy which rendered the Great War inevitable.

"If Germany desired to challenge all Europe, if she had desired to raise once and for all, the question whether there is an international morality or law, she could not have raised that question more completely or challengingly than by her action in the Demilitarised Zone.

"Herr Hitler had described Germany's signing of the Locarno Pact as Germany's contribution to the appeasement of Europe, that contribution had now been withdrawn without consultation or negotiation by an act of brutal force, and by tearing up treaties.

"We had to ask ourselves, Sir Austen added, whether any treaty made with Germany could be more than a scrap of paper. Locarno was not dictated by the Peace. It was a treaty, the proposals for which came from Germany.

"The particular provisions for the guarantee of the status quo in the West and for the observance of conditions in the Demilitarised Zone were in the orignal German offer. It had not even been suggested by us."—B. O. W.

SIR AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN

LORD PERCY CONDEMNS GERMAN BREACH OF FAITH

LONDON, March 12.

The only public ministerial speech in which the European crisis was mentioned, was made by Lord Eustace Percy, Minister without Portfolio at Birmingham last night. He emphasised that the Demilitarized Zone was freely accepted by the German Government in Locarno, and had been reaffirmed by Herr Hitler himself.

"There still exists the element of national pride and ambition their belief in the destiny of a nation overriding any treaty that constitutes or goes to make up the law of nations.

This is the spirit that has made wars of the past and which, if we cannot suppress it, will make wars of the future.

It is essential that we should command a position in the commonwealth of nations, and demand that there is a law, and that, that law must not be broken."—B. O. W.

International Tension Still Continues

(Continued From Page 1)

Germany would make such a spontaneous gesture it would valuably contribute towards easing the situation.

Germany's Reply

Von Hoesch this afternoon replied that the German Government could not enter into discussions with regard to the lasting or provisional limitation of the German sovereignty of Rhineland, but in order to facilitate the French Government's acceptance of Germany's proposals, Herr Hitler repeats that the military occupation is symbolical.

The number of garrisons on peace-time basis and the strength has been communicated to the British and French Military Attaches in Berlin and these would not be increased nor would these troops be established nearer the French and Belgian frontiers.

This restriction will be observed during the negotiations and it would be assumed that France and Belgium will assume a similar attitude.

Reuter understands that the situation has lost none of its gravity by the German reply which fails to meet Mr. Eden's specific suggestions and by the uncompromising nature of the German Memorandum of this afternoon.

Significant Fact

The fact that the Foreign Office has communicated Von Hoesch's reply to the French, Belgian and Italian representatives, is regarded as significant and appears to indicate that Mr. Eden, in submitting the demands of France to Germany, not as a condition, but as a suggestion, is acting in concert with the other Locarno Powers, and that four Powers have agreed as to the basis on which they should negotiate with Germany.

The point on which they do not as yet appear to be agreed is the action which should be taken now that Germany has rejected the suggestions.—Reuter.

LEAGUE REACTION TO HITLER'S CHALLENGE

LONDON, March 13.

The deadlock revealed in Herr Hitler's negative reply to Mr. Eden invests the League Council an exceptional importance. The Council will be called, not merely to pronounce upon the question of the violation of the Locarno, but to submit recommendations appropriate to the circumstances.

A special committee may be appointed and delegates from Denmark, Portugal, Spain, Turkey and South American States are tentatively suggested for it.

The Committee would base its recommendations upon Article 1 of the Covenant and they would be communicated to Germany, but in the event of the non "possumus" attitude by Germany an Assembly would be convened and an extraordinary session will decide what action should be taken.—Reuter.

FRANCO-SOVIET PACT RATIFIED

PARIS, Mar. 12.

The Franco-Soviet pact which the Chamber has already approved of, was ratified by the Senate by 231 votes to 52.

M. Flandin, in an interview, stated that France maintains a strong attitude and has preserved and modified the optimism. He added that Hitler's memorandum was prejudged by the negotiations.—Reuter.

FRANCE HEAVES SIGH OF RELIEF

PARIS, March 12.

France is breathing easier than any time since Saturday.

The fact that the latest German proposals have been considered unsatisfactory the British Government and the firm stand taken in London have produced an excellent impression in Paris.—Reuter.

HITLER "PLEADS FOR PEACE"

Declares France And Germany Must Be On Equal Footing

KARLSRUHE, March 12.

Seventy special trains conveyed the inhabitants of Baden and other parts of the Remilitarised Rhineland Zone into Karlsruhe to hear Herr Hitler "plead for his peace plans."

Herr Hitler who had a rousing reception from an audience of nearly 70,000, declared that Germany and France must, as the first essential, be on an absolutely equal footing. Only equal partners could have mutual respect.

Germany, said Herr Hitler, had no intention of attacking either France or Poland. The Agreement between these countries therefore, was immaterial to Germany.

Different Matter

But the conclusion of the Pact with Russian was a different matter

German people had experienced what Communism meant and woe betide the nation incapable of defence against the Communist aims.

Hitler described his offer as the greatest could have been made by any German. He added there would not always be a man in Germany able to offer peace for the quarter of a century on behalf of 67 million people.

Hitler concluded with the expression of hope that time would come when the German nation would be accepted in the brotherhood of nations as an equal.—Reuter.

BRITAIN WILL HAVE BEST ANTI-TANK GUN

LONDON, March 12

The British Army will shortly have the best Anti-Tank gun in the world, according to the announcement of Mr. Duff Cooper during the debate on Army Estimates. They had decided to adopt and issue two weapons the Anti-Tank rifle and the Anti-Tank machine-gun to the three new tank battalions and eight cavalry regiments which are being mechanised.

The present Tank Brigade will be combined with the mechanised cavalry brigade and form the mobile division. The Infantry is being reorganised with three rifle battalions to one machinegun battalion, equipped with the new anti-tank weapon and a new type of scout car.—Reuter.

SPLIT IN BRITISH CABINET ?

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

The "Daily Worker" alleges "The Cabinet is split from top to bottom on foreign policy. It is full of men who frighten even some of the Conservatives by the lengths to which they are prepared to go on behalf of the Fascist Governments of Hitler and Mussolini."

There are other storms rising round Mr. Baldwin.

Inside the Tory Party there is a fierce struggle going on over the question who is to get the new job of 'co-ordinating the three was departments of the Government; it is a job that will give its holder greater power than the Prime Minister himself enjoys.

There are many leading Tories who believe that if they are to avoid a public explosion against them, the first thing they must do is to throw overboard "Trustme Stanley."—United Press.

BRITISH BUDGET TO BE PRESENTED ON APRIL 21

LONDON. March 12.

It was announced in the House of Commons that the Budget would be presented on April 21.—Reuter.

RUXTON DENIES MURDER CHARGE

LONDON, March 12.

Dr. Buck Ruxton completed eight hours in the witness-box, emphatically denying that he murdered his wife or his nursemaid, Mary Rogerson

His evidence was often marked by emotional outbursts

Sir Norman Birkett, K.C., concluding his speech for the accused submitted that the Crown had failed to prove murder.

The Judge will sum up and the verdict will be given tomorrow.—Reuter

ASSEMBLY AGENDA FOR MARCH

Non-Official Parties Come To Provisional Agreement

NEW DELHI, March, 13.

A provisional arrangement has been arrived at among the non-official parties in the Assembly regarding the business to be disposed of during March.

It is understood that general discussion on the Finance Bill will last from March 16 to 19. Voting on the clauses will be completed by March 23. The supplementary demands will take two days with the result that discussion on the Ottawa Agreement will commence on Thursday, March 26 and continue till the end of March.

The Government is likely to accept the programme.—United Press.

Higgins Beats His Own Records

(SPECIAL CABLE)

AMHERST (Massachusetts) March 13

John Higgins swam hundred yards, breaststroke, in one minute and four second and hundred meters, breaststroke, in one minute and ten seconds beating his world records of one minute and five seconds and one minute and 10 4/5 seconds respectively.

SURPRISE FOR CRAIK

(Continued From Page 1)

making too large a profit. In 1935-36 the profit was 25 per cent. He wanted the telephone system to be further extended in Bengal.

Mr. Bewoor said in considering the profits the whole Posts and Telegraphs Department must be considered. They were just meeting the expenses and therefore there would be no justification at the present juncture for reducing charges and incurring heavy loss at the same time. He assured the House that if reduction in the rates led to an increase in the income of the department, the reduction would be readily made. As it was, the Indian Telephone Rates were the cheapest when compared with European countries which were much more highly developed. He was prepared to extend the service to Bengal if assured of more subscribers.

The cut motion was rejected.

VICEROY'S EMOLUMENTS

Since to-day's debates were confined only to a few members, opportunities occurred for many demands—grants to be passed which had hitherto been passed only under the guillotine. When the demand for an allowance for the Governor-General was reached at 4-50 p.m. Mr. Satyamurti jumped up from his seat and expressed gratification that for once, at least, this demand had been reached. He wanted Government to supply details of the sumptuary allowance of the Governor-General. What were the details of the amount sought under head contracts? Was not it too much for a poor country to pay the Governor-General Rs. 2,00,000 monthly when servants in the Viceroy's House itself received Rs. 14 monthly? Why should such a large amount as Rs. 70,000 be spent annually on the maintenance of the Viceroy's Aeroplane. (Mr. Aney: What was the necessity of appointing a new Cabinet Secretary?).

SURRENDER FOR CRAIK

The Finance Member was not in his seat and Sir Henry Craik rose to reply amidst cheers. He confessed that he had been taken by surprise by Mr. Satyamurti's manoeuvre. (Mr. Satyamurti: It is not a manoeuvre; it is a straight question).

Sir Henry Craik said not having been a Viceroy himself or a Member of the Viceroy's Staff, he could not say whether the allowance covered the cost of entertainment. (Voice from Independent Benches: "Congressmen never get any entertainment").

Sir Henry Craik: That is their fault.

Mr. Satyamurti: Why should the tax-payer pay for it?

MINORITIES' RIGHTS

Sir Homi Mody: You are taking away the rights of the minorities. (Laughter).

Mr. Satyamurti: What is the contract allowance?

Sir Henry Craik said that the contract grant covered miscellaneous expenditure.

Mr. Satyamurti: For example? (Laughter).

Sir Henry Craik then mentioned that the use of the aeroplane by the Viceroy led to great economy not only to the Central Government but to provinces who made Police arrangements for the Viceroy's train.

Voice: Can we have a free ride.

Sir James Grigg, who had come in by this time, answered "If you pay for it."

Sir Henry Craik was speaking when the clock struck five.

NO DIVISION RECORDED

The House cheered and the President applied the guillotine and put the remaining demands one after the other which took 40 minutes. Twice during the interval, the Division bell rang but the majority of members had left and no division was recorded. The two occasions when a division was challenged were relating to the grant for aviation and expenditure in England for the Secretary of State for India.

The House adjourned until Monday.—A.P.

RIGOROUS TENNIS TRAINING.

It is thought that Australia will make their presence in Davis Cup competition felt this year. Other countries have been impressed by the statement of the team's player-manager. Mr. C. Sproule, 'Unless the team follow the training methods laid down I will wash my hands of the whole business and return home'.

He has arranged a set plan of training to be followed on board

PROHIBITION IMPRACTICABLE

Punjab Council Rejects Cut Motion

LAHORE, March 13.

The Punjab Council rejected by 43 votes to 17 a cut motion urging total prohibition throughout the province.

Mr. Chaudhri Afzalhaq, the mover, complained government had not translated into action their oft-repeated assurances of reduction in the consumption of liquor in the province.

Supporters urged government to respect the sentiments of the people whereof all communities favoured prohibition while opponents believed that total prohibition was unpracticable and education in this direction should be conducted by social reformers.

The chief secretary pointed out how the United States failed in the experiment of total prohibition and stated that as long as there was demand for liquor, total prohibition was impracticable.—A.P.

DEMAND FOR CHEAPER ELECTRIC SUPPLY

Andheri Public's Call To Vile Parle Municipality

(From Our Correspondent.)

In support of the public demand for cheaper electric supply in the suburbs a public meeting of the citizens of Andheri was held on Friday night at the Gazdar Hall, Mr. T. M. Thakore presided. Speeches were made in support of the demand and for a revision of the contract with Bombay Suburban Electric Supply Company all the time of the renewal of the contract. It was emphasised that if the Company failed to give better terms, then other arrangements should be made for the supply of electric energy at cheaper rates.

After the speeches resolutions, urging the Vile Parle Municipality to support the recommendations of the lighting Committee and press for better terms at the time of renewing the existing contract with the Bombay Suburban Electric Supply Company or alternatively to make such arrangements as may be necessary were passed.

A further meeting in this connection will be held in different centres for the purpose of strengthening the hands of the Municipality in obtaining terms and lower rates for energy and what is known as 6th charges.

GILES SHIELD CRICKET

Anjuman School Beat Ram Mohan School

The finals of the Giles Shield Cricket Tournament, played on the Esplanade Maidan, on the 11th 12th and the 13th inst, Anjuman School won by an innings and 178 runs. Ram Mohan School won the toss and scored 65 runs in the first innings. Dandeker D. Y. made 18 and Kulkerni P. V. 28. The Anjuman responded with 337 runs for 8 wickets, and declared. Yusuf Ismail scored 144 runs—a record in the Giles Tournament.

Ram Mohan replied in their second innings with 94. Dandeker making 21 played for nearly 5 hours. Kulkerni P. V. scored 37 the highest scored on the Ram Mohan side.

Six of the players of the Anjuman side who represented in the Giles also played for the Lord Harris Shield Tournament, Physically strong, this School has defeated almost all the schools by such a margin.

Ram Mohan School were well trained and more stylish in all their departments.

Grand National And Linconshire Callover

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, March 13.

The following is the call-over for the Grand National:—

6|1 Golden Miller offered, 13|2 taken.

15|2 Reynoldstown offered, 8|1 taken.

100|9 Avenger taken and offered.

100|6 Castleirewell offered, 18|1 taken.

28|1 Doublecrossed offered, 33|1 taken.

The following is the Lincolnshire call-over:—

100|9 Lawcourt offered, 100|8 taken.

100|8 prick Screamer.

100|7 Boethius taken and offered.

100|6 Overcoat offered, 18|1 taken.

30|1 Sebequest offered, 22|1 taken.

25|1 Cabinteely offered, 28|1 taken.

40|1 Hidalgo taken and offered —Reuter.

Princess Victoria's Legacy

LONDON, March 13.

Princess Victoria, sister of the Late King George, left £237,000.—Reuter's Special.

"Elders" Champion Cause Of Women

No Sex Disqualification For Election To Council Of State

NEW DELHI, March 13.

In view of the consideration in the Council of State of Sir Phiroze Sethna's Bill to amend the law relating to marriage and divorce among Parsis as reported by the Select Committee of the Central Legislature, the Galleries of the House were crowded by Parsis, including three Parsi members of the Assembly, namely, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Sir H. P. Mody and Dr. Dalal.

At the outset Sir Phiroze Sethna expressed thanks to the Governor-General for postponing the general election to the Council till after the Simla session, as desired by a deputation of elected members. The President promised to convey the thanks to His Excellency.

SETHNA THANKS ELDERS.

Sir Phiroze, continuing his speech on the Parsi Bill, gave an account of the Parsi community's history in India. After explaining the defects of the existing law, Sir Phiroze Sethna assured that the Bill was not drawn up in a hurry, but after duly consulting Parsi public opinion. The proposed Bill carried the concurrence of a great majority of Parsis in India and if there were any disagreement it was negligible. The motion for consideration was adopted

On the motion of Sir David Devadoss, an ex-High Court Judge, numerous technical and legal amendments were made, and the House also accepted the two following amendments by Sir N. N. Choksy:

CHOKSY'S AMENDMENTS.

Sir N. N. Choksy's amendment regarding the grant of permanent alimony stated:—"(a) To the satisfaction of the Court to secure to the wife while she remains chaste and unmarried such gross sum or such monthly or periodical payment of money for a term not exceeding his life as having regard to her own property if any, her husband's ability and the conduct of the parties shall be deemed just and for that purpose may require a proper instrument to be executed by all necessary parties and suspend the pronouncing of its decree until such instruments have been duly executed; or (B) Make such monthly payments to the wife for the maintenance and support as the Court may think reasonable."

The Bill was passed.

Sir Phiroze Sethna thanked the House for passing the Bill and assured that the Parsi community would be grateful to them.

WOMEN'S DISQUALIFICATION REMOVED.

The Council adopted without a dissentient voice Sir K. Ramunni Menon's resolution urging removal of existing sex disqualification for election and nomination to the Council of State in respect of women generally.

Sir Ramunni Menon found all round acceptance of his resolution for the removal of sex disqualification for election and nomination to the Council. The present position is that women could vote for election to the Council, but cannot themselves be elected or nominated. The bar had been removed in the case of the Assembly and the Provincial Councils, except those of Bengal, Assam and North West Frontier. It would be an anomaly to continue the disqualification at a time when the movement for securing for Indian women their rightful place had met with such success as embodied in the Constitution Act of 1935.

NO SEX IN POLITICS

U. Maung Aye, the new Burman member, gave a warm support in a humourous speech, quoting James Stuart Mill that the question of sex was entirely irrelevant in politics.

Seyed Hosain Imam and Mr. P. N. Sapru hoped that even if election did not result in the returning of women, the Governor-General would make good by nominating women members.

Mr. A. G. Glow, Secretary in the Industries Department, speaking in his personal capacity supported the motion. In women they had an untapped source both of energy and intensity for advancing the welfare of the country. Only this morning the House had to discuss marriage and divorce laws without women representing their own viewpoint.

Mr. M. G. Hallett, Home Secretary, explained that a Government member he would remain neutral. He himself sympathised with the motion.

MADRAS LEADS

Sir. D. Devadas and Diwan Bahadur Narayanswami Chetty supported the motion.

The former alluded to the fact that Madras led the way in that, in the Madras Legislative Council the Deputy President and one member were women and in the Corporation also they had women members.

The resolution was adopted without a dissentient voice

Mr. Hosain Imam urged the revision of the Railway Separation Convention of 1924-25 and the exploration of further avenues of economy on Railways.

Sir Guthrie Russell explained that steps had been taken for retrenchment on the railways wherever possible. As for revising the Separation Convention he thought this was unnecessary when under the new Act of 1935 a fresh agreement would have to be made with the Federal Railway Authority when it was set up.

HARIJAN UPLIFT

Sir Phiroze Sethna moved a resolution urging the Government of India to grant at least fifty lakhs of rupees to the Provincial Governments for the specific purpose of improving the condition of the depressed classes.

The motion found supporters in Mr. Narayana Swami Chetty, Mr. P. N. Sapru, Lala Ramsarandas and Raja Ghaznafarali.

Mr. Hallet, the Home Secretary, did not oppose the resolution.

The Home Secretary, however explained the impossibility of providing additonal funds from the Central Government without risking the postponement of Provincial Autonomy for the exclusive benefit of the depressed classes. Nor could they anticipate what the financial situation would be twelve months hence. He could not therefore commit Government at this stage. The President put the motion to the vote and before the division started ringing, Sir Phiroze Sethna wanted to know if Government would accept the addition of the words, "At a convenient date".

The President remarked that it was too late.

The resolution was rejected, by 27 against 11 votes.

Raja Ghaznafarali moved a resolution urging Government to take steps to make Section 493 of the Penal Code cognizable. This related to the offence of enticing away married women. The offence, he said was a serious one and if the parties belonged to different communities there was bitterness.

Sir Akbar Khan (Frontier) led the opposition lock, stock and barrel.

Mr. P. N. Sapru followed with explaining his views on the relations between man and woman.

Lala Jagdish Prasad was opposed to giving power to the Police who would become oppressors.

Sir Devadoss gave an idea of the practical difficulties involved in the country where different customs relating to marriage prevailed.

Mr. Hallet, the Home Secretary, opposed the resolution.

Raja Ghaznafarali confessed surprise at some of the elders holding very advanced views on marriage which being conservative in other matters. He withdrew the resolution, but wanted members to reflect whether they had been wise in opposing the resolution.

The Council adjourned until Monday.—A.P.

INDIAN COTTON AT BRITISH EXHIBITION

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

One of the means by which the Lancashire Indian Cotton Committee is putting into operation its policy of encouraging a larger market in the United Kingdom for Indian raw cotton is its stand at the British Textiles Exhibition. This stand is considerably larger this year than in the previous years. Its display has been designed to show the enormous advance that has been made in recent years in processing and usage of Indian cotton and the attractive and useful qualities of the goods now being made from it.

The goods on view have been produced by a considerable number of Lancashire firms and it is hoped that by these concrete examples, others will be encouraged to introduce Indian cotton into their mills in larger quantities.—

The goods displayed on the Committee's stand on the present occasion are considerably ahead in appearance and quality when compared with those which have been shown in the past.—Reuter.

In The Bombay Council

How Co-operative Dept. Became Permanent?

MINISTER POINTS TO GOVT. RESOLUTION

But House Must Be Satisfied About Legislative Sanction, Says President

The constitutional validity of the continuance of the Co-operative Department of the Government of Bombay as a permanent one was not cleared up, when the Legislative Council rose on Friday evening.

The Minister could only point to the Government Resolution of 1925 in this regard. He could not furnish any legislative sanction for the change.

Meanwhile a fresh complication had arisen in the shape of a Government Resolution regarding the debenture guarantee of Rs. 50 lakhs for the Land Mortgage Bank passed by the House last year.

The Minister in charge, who sponsored the Resolution could not reply to the question whether the Resolution was accepted or rejected by His Excellency the Governor-in-Council.

The grant for the Co-operative Department was however, made on Friday, and the House took up for discussion, the question of vocational training of middleclass unemployed.

Rao Bahadur G. K. Chitale (Ahmednagar) continued his speech on the cut motion of Mr. Gangoli, when the Legislative Council resumed on Friday, with Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi in the chair.

The speaker considered that the Co-operative movement was a failure in achieving the three objects of thrift, economy and relief to the people. He made the suggestion that the movement should be entrusted to the Commissioners and the Collectors in the districts, instead of with the Registrar and his staff as at present.

Dewan Bahadur D. R. Patil (East Khandesh) suggested that Government should borrow money at cheap interest and give loans to the agriculturists on easy terms. He favoured organising lotteries.

Mr. R. B. Shinde (Satara) pointed out that the outstanding debt of the agriculturists was increasing.

Rao Bahadur N. E. Navle (Ahmednagar) felt that the movement had not progressed as well as it should have. He was opposed to the transfer of the department to the district collectors as they were always busy.

Mr. V. N. Jog (Dharwar) said that the Co-operative movement was considered to be a people's movement and the suggestion to hand it over to the collectors cut at its very root. With proper care and education of the members, the mistakes committed in the past could be rectified.

LAND MORTGAGE BANKS

Dewan Bahadur S. T. Kambli, Minister for Agriculture, replying said that the debtor was responsible for all the charges levied on the societies in the shape of liquidator's fees, arbitration fees, and other fees. As for the surety he was accepted by the society with the only object of realising the loan and the surety ought to have known that.

Referring to the resolution passed by the House last year, raising the Government guarantee of debentures of Land Mortgage Banks to Rs. 50 lakhs from Rs. 10 lakhs proposed by the Minister in his original motion, he said that the resolution had made it clear that when the time arose, the Government guarantee of Rs. 10 lakhs should be raised to Rs. 50 lakhs. The proposal of transferring the Department to Collectors was impracticable. The increase in the expenditure was due to the progress of the societies.

Mr. G. S. Gangoli (Kanara) said that there was no answer to the question of debt redemption and consolidation of co-operative holdings. He expected the Minister to come out with a programme of expansion for the ensuing year.

The cut motion was lost.

"TAKEN UNAWARES"

The Minister was discreetly silent over the constitutional point raised by Mr. G. S. Gangoli on Thursday, whether the Co-operative Department had the legislative sanction, before it was made permanent.

Mr. Syed Munawar (Nominated) raised the question at this stage, whether the sanction of the House was obtained for making the Transferred Department, a Permanent one.

The President drew the attention of the Minister to the fact that the issue was raised on Thursday and was repeated on Friday, but the Minister had not touched the point in his reply.

When the Council met after tea, the Minister referred to the Government resolution passed on December 9, 1925, making the Co-operative Department permanent. That was all he could find in the records.

This question was raised for the first time now and he was taken unawares. As the notice was short, he could not look into the papers.

WHAT LEGISLATIVE SANCTION?

The President observed that the members had raised a constitutional point regarding the establishment of a new Department. The point was that after passing the resolution, had the Government approached the House for sanction? The House must be satisfied as to how this Department came to be made permanent. The Minister should not be taken unawares and should be allowed time to look into the papers.

The President then referred to the other constitutional issue regarding the resolution of raising the Government guarantee of debentures from the amount of Rs. 10 lakhs to Rs. 50 lakhs. Since the House had passed the resolution, he wanted to know what had become of it.

Mr. C. G. Freke, Secretary, Finance Department: The effect of the resolution is that it enables the Government to give a guarantee up to an amount of Rs. 50 lakhs.

He added that the Government had moved the resolution and the House had passed it, but the resolution was not binding on the Government.

The President: In that case, the Land Mortgage Bank could not have been started at all. The resolution embodied the establishment of the Land Mortgage Bank.

Mr. Gangoli said that the Government could accept the resolution as a whole or reject it. They could not accept part of it and reject the rest.

Mr. M. K. Dixit (Surat) enquired if there was a difference between the resolutions moved by the Government and the non-officials, if they were passed by the House.

IS IT RIGHT?

The President observed that the resolutions moved by the Government carried greater weight, as they were based on administrative experience. This resolution was brought before the House by the Government after they had decided upon a certain line of action. He wanted to find out whether it was right that the Government should act on the original lines of their proposal by giving away the rest of it.

Mr. Freke pointed out that no financial liability was imposed on the Government. Such a liability could be imposed by legislation.

Mr. Gangoli said that only one resolution brought forward by the Minister was accepted by the House. The proposal originally was that the amount should be Rs. 10 lakhs. The House raised the figure to Rs. 50 lakhs. The Finance Secretary could not say that he would accept only the Government proposal in the resolution and not the other part.

Mr. J. A. Madan, Revenue Secretary, who tried to explain the constitutional position was inaudible in the Press Gallery.

SATISFY THE HOUSE.

The President observed that these two constitutional issues were moot questions. The House must know, how the Co-operative Department came to be permanent since 1925 up to now, without the sanction of the House. Government must satisfy the House, that it was constitutionally established. If it was a constitutional error, it could be rectified, if not it should be justified.

The Minister for Agriculture, later in the debate promised to clear up the constitutional position, after looking into the papers. He could not say whether the Government Resolution as passed by the Legislative Council regarding the Government guarantee for Land Mortgage Banks, had been accepted or rejected by the Governor-in-Council.

The grant of Rs. 20,99,000 for Agriculture was made.

Dewan Bahadur S. T. Kambli, then moved a demand for a grant of Rs. 7,35,000 for Industries.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING

Rao Saheb P. D. Kulkarni (Poona) moved a cut in the demand of Rs. 50,000 for vocational training of Middle class unemployed.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee (Indian Merchants' Chamber) said that the present proposal was the first of the kind attempted by the Government towards helping the unemployed. If Government realised what was being done in other countries in this direction, it would be true to say that the present provision was an eye-wash rather than a sincere attempt to tackle the problem.

Mr. S. H. Prater (Nominated) put forth an eloquent plea for the relief of the unemployed. Thousands of boys were turned out from the Colleges and Schools every year and they could not find employment. There was unemployment in the various professions. It should be realised that the problem was not temporary and superficial, but was deep-seated and chronic.

When the Scheme for the vocational training was published, full opportunity should be given to members to study it so that it could be discussed thoroughly. The amount of Rs. 50,000 provided in the Budget offered no solution to the real problem.

Mr. V. N. Jog (Dharwar) wanted to know if the amount was to be spent on a Committee to enquire into the problem of unemployment or whether it would be spent in providing actual relief. He thought that the report of the Sapru Committee would be helpful in starting a scheme forthwith.

He had not concluded when the House adjourned till Saturday (to-day) 10 a.m.

SHAHIDGUNJ CASE ECHO

Lahore Judge Inspects Place Under Dispute

LAHORE, March 13.

Mr. Sale, District and Sessions Judge of Lahore, who is hearing the Shahidganj Mosque Case, inspected at 3.30 in the afternoon today the place where the Sikhs have said to have erected a platform. The Judge was accompanied by the Counsel of the parties at dispute. The Magistrate closely inspected the place where the mosque was alleged to exist and also the surrounding places including Pir Kakusha Tomb. He also saw the platform alleged to have been constructed after the injunction order was passed against any such thing.

A re-application to this application will be made by the defendants and the proceedings in original cases will be commenced on March, 23.—United Press.

AIR MAIL FEES REDUCED

NEW DELHI, March 13.

A communique says that the rates of the Air Mail Fee to all countries served by the Egypt and South Africa Service have been reduced. The revised rates per half ounce letter packets are:—

Five annas to the Sudan.

Seven annas to Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika and Zanzibar.

Eight annas to the Belgian Congo, Northern and Southern Rhodesia, Nyasaland and Portuguese East Africa and.

Nine annas to South Africa.

These rates of Air Mail Fees are payable in addition to the ordinary postage to these destinations. The rate for air mail post cards to all the countries named is four annas inclusive of ordinary postage.—A.P.

ENQUIRY INTO COLLIERY FIRE

Bengal Govt. To Appoint Court For Investigation

JHARIA, (By Mail)

It is reported that the Court of Enquiry to investigate the causes and circumstances attending the Loyabad Colliery Disaster will soon be constituted by the Local Government and an announcement to the effect is expected shortly.

This time, it is reported, the Chief Inspector of Mines in India will appear not as Chairman of the Court but as an important witness.

PERSONNEL OF ENQUIRY

The Court of Enquiry will probably be constituted of Mr. N. Bakshi, Additional Deputy Commissioner of Dhanbad, as Chairman and Mr. James Mackie, agent of Eastern Coal Co., and Mr. J. B. Wardlaw, C.M.E., of Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co., Ltd as assessors.

It may be mentioned here that Mr. Mackie was one of the assessors in the Jotkabad Disaster Enquiry Committee, and Mr. Wardlaw of the Bagdigi Disaster Enquiry Committee.

WOMEN AS STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATES

There Are No Restrictions On Their Apponitment Says Madras Law Member

MADRAS, March 13.

In the Madras Legislative Council to-day the question hour became lively when several supplementary questions arising from the questions of Mrs. Lakshnipathi regarding restrictions on appointment of women as Stipendiary Magistrates were put to the Law Member. The Law Member said that the rules did not prohibit the appointment of women as salaried Magistrates in the Madras City but the qualifications prescribed for the post made it unlikely for any women to be eligible for them.

Answering Mr. C. R. Reddi (Congress), the Law Member said with the greatest pleasure the Government would appoint women if available under the prescribed qualifications. The same member asked if preference would be given to women in the matter of these appointments considering their backwardness.

The Law Member replied: There is no preferential treatment in this Government.—A. P.

Indians In Germany Celebrate Congress Jubillee

Protest To German Foreign Minister Against Hitler's Remarks

BERLIN (By Mail).

The Indian Students' Association, Berlin, celebrated the Congress Jubilee on Saturday, February 15. The function was attended, in addition to the Indians resident in Berlin, by many distinguished German guests, including officials and university professors.

The celebration had to be postponed because of the fact that the Association was being reorganised in its new club rooms (Berlin-Charlottenburg, Schluter Strasse 56).

In his welcome address, the Secretary emphasised the special significance of the function owing to the coincidence of the opening of the club rooms with the Jubilee celebration. Dr. Kanai Ganguly, representative of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce, spoke briefly about the origin and growth of the Indian Congress movement.

In conclusion "Bande Mataram" and "Jangana manaadhinayaka" were sung.

Students' Protest

The Hon. Secretaries of "Indischer Studenten-Verein" has addressed the following to His Excellency, the Minister of Foreign affairs, Berlin W-9, Hermann-Goring-Strasse 17

"Your Excellency,

We, the members of the Indian Students' Association, Berlin, beg to draw your attention to the fact that the implications of certain remarks made by the Fuhrer and Reichskanzler in a speech, delivered in Munich on January 26, 1936, before a gathering of German students and as reported throughout the press in England and India, for example, in the "Times" of January 28, 1936 (p. 9), have been deeply resented by the Indian people in general, as well as Indian students at home and abroad. The remarks in question are all the more regrettable as they originate from the highest responsible quarter of the German state and coming as they do after your Excellency's explicit assurance, contained in the document of November 14, 1934 (Auswartiges Amt, III 3468), that in future all statements tending to misrepresent India should be avoided. The uncalled-for references to our country as made in the aforementioned speech, are, as your Excellency will readily realise, hardly calculated to further the cause of Indo-German understanding which Indians in general have so far desired and for which the Indian students' organisations in Germany have been working. A copy of this letter is being sent to the Indian press."

THE WORLD AND ITS WAYS

(Continued from Page 6).

other is expected to yield a heavy access of income to the Treasury, which may go a long way to wipe out the deficit. But the fight for the New Deal is not ended yet; nor does it consist in such moves and countermoves on the surface only. A grimmer struggle must be waged, when the electoral campaign is set afoot in real American style; and more hangs on this year's Presidential election than, perhaps, hung ever on a single event for a century. The months ahead are bound to be exciting, as they would be uneasy.

Madras Mahajana Sabha And Hammond Report

MADRAS, March 13.

Mr. K. Bhashyam, President, Madras Mahajana Sabha has cabled to the Secretary of State for India as follows:—

"The Mahajana Sabha, the oldest political institution approves the Hammond Committee's proposals but pleads for distributive voting for the legislative councils. Amendment is useless as it is unrepresentative."—A.P.

VICEROY TO ADDRESS LEGISLATURES

NEW DELHI, March 13

The lobby correspondent of the "United Press" learns that the Viceroy will address a joint session of the Assembly and the Council of State on Wednesday, April 8. This will be the farewell address of Lord Willingdon. —United Press.

Sikh Appeal To Governor & S. G. P. C.

RAWALPINDI, March 13.

The management Srigurewera Punjasaheb have telegraphed to the Governor and other officials and to the S.G.P.C. at Amritsar saying that certain unexpected developments have taken place at Khot Bhai Than Singh. They allege that houses of Hindus and Sikhs have been dismantled and urge the authorities to take speedy action in order to prevent further trouble. Additional police have been posted to the locality.

Kot Bhai Than Singh has been the scene of communal tension during the last few months and recently a clash was reported between Muslims and Sikhs over the construction of a wall.—A.P.

A SAD SAGA of SILENT SOBS! In Gujarati Language!

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PLAN YOUR LIGHTING TO BRIGHTEN YOUR HOME

END GREY HAIR.

End your grey hair and look years younger by using VIVALINE HAIR OIL a true Nature's friend which makes greyness disappear gently like nature. Rs. 3 large phial for advanced greyness; Rs. 1-12 small. Three bottles (Full Course) Post Free. Bombay Agents:—Madhav Agency, Girgaum, Bombay 4; Bombay Stockists:—Kemp & Co., Ltd., (All Branches), The Popular Pharmacy (All Branches), Perry & Co., Grant Road, P. Harkisondas and Co., Lamington Road, Hardinge & Co., Charni Road Jn., Beli Ram Bros., Princess St.

For further enquiries write to:—Sole Distributors, SCIENTIFIC PUBLISHING CO., (Medical Deptt.), Bhowanipore, Calcutta.

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WHEN your head is all "stuffed up" with a head-cold or nasal catarrh you can get wonderfully quick relief with Vicks VapoRub, the world-famous vaporising ointment which has just been introduced here.

Simply melt a spoonful of VapoRub in a bowl of boiling water and inhale the steaming vapours for several minutes. These powerful, medicated vapours soothe the irritation, clear the head almost instantly and let you breathe freely again. Also insert a bit of VapoRub up each nostril.

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FOR A FREE SAMPLE—Send this ad, your name and address, and ½ anna for postage to Muller & Phipps (Asia) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay. Or you can get VapoRub at all good chemists and bazaars. (112)

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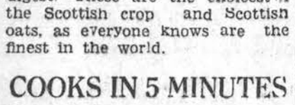

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

New Cotton Exchange Building

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Dr. J. N. Choksy has given notice to move a resolution requesting the Municipal Commissioner to revoke the permission granted to the East India Cotton Association Limited to construct their Exchange Building at the junction of Kalbadevi and Sheik Memon Street on the plea that a structure of such great magnitude is insanitary for the neighbourhood. Let us examine how such a plea stands scrutiny. The maximum height allowed to be built according to Municipal rules is 70 feet unless the Commissioner permits to build higher. This rule, it is to be remembered, was framed some 30 years back when the structures were generally of brick, mortar and wood, and height greater than 70 feet would probably endanger the stability of the building. But science has advanced a great deal since and skyscrapers are the order of the day, and are built of steel and cement concrete work thereby immensely strengthening the structure. Bombay is the next biggest city in the British Empire and the biggest cotton centre. The building, that is now being built, is for merchandising that important commodity. Therefore, it is but natural that East India Cotton Association Limited should think of erecting such a building comparable with the magnitude of the importance of the commodity it handles. The building is meant for a public purpose and will be an ornament to the city. The Association has given up to the Municipality a set-back land of 260 square yards on the road side costing about Rs. 2,00,000 in return for the construction granted. The acquisition by the Municipality is of immence value as it practically relieves congestion in the busiest part of the city by widening the road to a remarkable extent. The public of Bombay should thank the Commissioner for this clever bargain he has struck. As for the insanitary effect that the building may produce on the neighbouring houses, it is simply imaginary. The building is the only one of its kind in the locality and is purely meant for business purposes and as such there is no contamination of smoke. To its north is situated the practically open site of the Mumbadevi temple. To the West there is a wide road. The surroundings are purely of business locality. Under such conditions, it is amusing to find an objection like the present one. We find there is not a single objection by the owners of the neighbouring buildings. In fact, the existence of the Cotton Exchange is to their advantage as it enhances the value of their own premises.

It is satisfactory to find that a correspodent in the "Times of India" approves the principle of allowing greater height in particular zones though he says that the areas like Bhuleshwar, Mandvi, and etc. should be excluded. But I cannot follow his method of reasoning. There is certainly no dearth of cheap land in Dadar, Matunga, and etc. and those parts do not require high buildings. On the other hand it is different in Bhuleshwar and Kalbadevi. Kalbadevi is the busiest part of the city and the land is exorbitantly costly being Rs. 800 per square yard. The congestion can only be relieved by allowing greater height for the building as the horizontal surface is very limited. The East India Cotton Association Limited has about 300 members and by having a structure of the height allowed at present almost all the traders dealing in cotton can be accomodated in a single building. This will go a tremendous way in relieving the congestion. What this means can only be understood if any one passes at present in front of the Marwari Bazaar. In fact the city fathers should encourage more heights to buildings situated under such circumstances rather than be a hindrance. I am confident that better counsel will prevail with the councillors and the resolution will be thrown out.—Yours etc.,

R. A. P.

Bombay, March 12.

Baroda's Public Services

To The Editor of "The Chronicle,"

Sir,—Recently the local press in Baroda has begun the agitation urging the Government of Baroda to enforce vigorously the plea of Baroda for Barodians while recruiting persons in state services. "Sayajivijaya" and "Navgujerat" have put forth a vigorous plea in their editorials and the latter suggests that open competitive examinations should be held while recruiting candidates for services.

It is also suggested in certain quarters that the Domiciled Act should also be strictly enforced. Looking to the acute unemployment prevailing in the state, it is high time that the Baroda Government puts this into vigorous execution to remove the middle class unemployment. It is also necessary that organisations like the Baroda State Prajamandal should bring such things to the notice of the Baroda Government.

—Yours etc.,

"DISINTERESTED"

WORKING CONDITIONS IN PRINTING INDUSTRY

Women And Children Employed As Compositors

BOMBAY LABOUR OFFICE REPORT

The second of the series of reports on the results of the General Wage Census (Part 1) covering perennial factories undertaken by the Labour Office of the Government of Bombay, has been published. It deals with wages, hours of work and conditions of employment in the printing industry in the Bombay Presidency excluding Sind. The first report related to the engineering industry and was published about two months ago.

PRINTING INDUSTRY.

The census for the printing presses was conducted on the same lines as for the engineering industry. The 'muster roll' was the basis and data regarding earnings, attendance, etc. in respect of every individual worker in each factory was collected on special forms, separately for men and women, time and piece workers. In the printing as in other industries, a variety of vernacular and local names are used to designate different occupations and in order to achieve uniformity in nomenclature a standard list of occupations for the printing industry was drawn up in consultation with technical experts in the printing line. In addition to the wages data, information regarding hours of work, pay periods, methods of payment, conditions of employment and other matters relating to the work and welfare of the operatives was also obtained in a general questionnaire issued to all factories. Here again, as in the case of the engineering industry, the staff of the Labour Office paid one or more visits to the various units in order to secure hundred per cent. co-operation and to ensure correct returns. It is gratifying to state that the Labour Office secured the same full co-operation from all printing concerns in the Presidency as it did from all the units in other industries.

WOMEN WORKERS IN PRESS.

At the first part of the General Wage Census was confined to perennial factories, only those presses which were registered as factories under the Factories Act were covered and their number amounted to exactly one hundred. There are, besides, numerous other smaller units in this industry group which are not covered by the Factories Act and were therefore not included in the inquiry. The concerns dealt with in the report include not only printing presses proper but also photozinco, fine art and litho presses, type foundries and certain occupations on the photographic side of film production. Printing concerns which are factories are to be found only in five of the ten territorial areas into which the Bombay Presidency proper was divided for the purposes of the census. The total number of work people in respect of whom wages data are given in this report is 8,668 of whom 8,005 are 'process workers,' i.e. those actually engaged in 'printing' occupations, and the remaining 663 are those engaged in engineering occupations and in occupations common to all factories. Of the 8,005 process workers there were 7,949 men, 30 women and 26 children.

The printing industry like the engineering industry is concentrated mostly in Bombay City with sixty-two concerns employing a total of 6,109 workers or a little over 70 per cent. of the total number employed in the industry. Next in order of importance comes the 'Poona, Nasik and Ahmednagar' area with 20 printing concerns employing nearly 1,900 workers. In the three remaining areas—the Bombay Suburban, Thana, Kolaba and Ratnagiri area, the Ahmedabad City area and the Broach and Surat area—there are three, ten and five printing concerns with 287, 264 and 113 workers respectively.

WOMEN COMPOSITORS.

The occupational distribution of 8,005 process workers given in the report shows that numerically the most important occupation is that of compositors of whom there are 1,796 men, six women and one child. The other most numerically important occupations are those of ballers, binders, and letter press machinemen.

RECRUITMENT OF LABOUR.

There is no uniformity in the methods adopted by different printing concerns for recruiting their labour. Some printing presses engage boys as apprentices and train them up while in a large majority of the concerns labour is recruited directly by the manager or by the proprietor either by advertisement or through the recommendation of other workers or through the foremen. It is noteworthy that the labour employed in the printing industry is relatively stable, the labour turnover for the month of May 1934 being a little over one per cent. for separations and about 0.5 per cent. for accessions. The system of employing substitute labour in casual or temporary vacancies is entirely absent.

PAYMENT OF WAGES.

The report states that the factors governing wage fixation in the printing industry are (1) personal efficiency, (2) demand for and supply of the type of labour required and (3) rates, so far as they can be ascertained, prevalent in other presses. More or less similar rates are found in seven presses in Poona City, as a result of a measure of standardization of rates which was effected some twelve years ago by the Printing Press Owners' Association of Poona. Apart from this, there is a complete lack of standardization of wages in this as in other industries, and wage rates differ widely for persons doing the same type of work. Moreover, there exists a complexity in the methods adopted in the calculation of earnings from rates other than hourly rates. Payment of a consolidated wage is fairly general and only three concerns reported that they gave separate allowances over and above basic rates of pay. Only ten concerns grant bonuses to their operatives for regular attendance and for good work but in the majority of these cases the bonuses are granted at the discretion of the employers.

Monthly payments of wages are almost universal in this industry and no fewer than 93 per cent. of the workers covered by the enquiry receive their pay on the monthly basis, 6.6 per cent. receive weekly payments and the rest—less than a half per cent.—have a bi-monthly system of payment. Where wages are paid monthly, nearly 20 per cent. of the workers receive them within 10 days of the end of the pay period; 45 per cent. have to wait from 11 to 15 days, nearly 16 per cent. for 16 to 20 days while the remaining have to wait for longer periods. Almost all the weekly paid workers are paid on the last day of the week or on the next working day. In the case of bimonthly payments, the waiting period varies from six to ten days.

Advances against wages are granted to the employees regularly in 15 printing presses.

FINES AND PENALITIES.

It is interesting to note that of the hundred printing concerns in the Bombay Presidency proper, 66 concerns employing 48 per cent. of the total number employed do not resort to fining; that 21 concerns did not inflict any fines during the month of May 1934; and that in the remaining 13 concerns fines amounting to Rs 85-3-0 in all were inflicted in 66 instances. In railway printing presses and in three privately owned presses all fines are credited to funds utilised for the benefit and welfare of the workers. In all other cases including Government presses, fines are appropriated and go to reduce the wages bill.

SUPERANNUATION BENEFITS.

Superannuation benefit schemes consist of (1) contributory and non-contributory provident funds and (2) pensions and retirement gratuities. Certain categories of workers in the Government of Bombay printing presses are permitted to join the Government General Provident Fund, while the workers in the railway printing presses are compulsorily required to contribute one-twelfth of their pay to the general railway provident fund, the railway administration contributing an equal share. Among privately owned presses, four concerns have provident fund schemes to which workers are permitted to contribute.

As regards pensions and retirement gratuities, in the three Government of Bombay presses all workers except temporary compositors on piece rates of wages, are entitled to pensions on retirement, while in railway printing presses service gratuities are paid instead of pensions. Among private printing presses, two give a monthly pension equivalent to a quarter or a third of the salary earned prior to retirement, and four other concerns grant discretionary pensions and or gratuities.

SHIFTS AND LEAVE.

There is a bewildering variety of daily and weekly hours of work in this industry and the weekly hours vary from as few as 33 to as many as 60—the statutory maximum permissible under the Indian Factories Act in force during the census year.

In 91 presses the normal closing day is Sunday. In the remaining concerns, the weekly holiday is granted on some other day of the week either for all employees or on different days for different categories of workers.

LEAVE.

Owing to the inclusion of Government and railway printing presses, the printing industry stands next to the engineering industry in the matter of leave-with-pay privileges. Seventy-six concerns employing about 6,600 workmen or 75.6 per cent. of the total number employed grant no leave with pay to any of their workmen. Periods of leave with pay vary widely for different categories of workers and according to length of service.

The report which consists of 92 pages, is priced at annas seven. Copies of the report can be obtained from the Government Book Depot, Bombay.

MEMORIAL TO SIR D. E. WACHA

Bombay Citizens' Meeting Appoints Committee

A Committee was appointed to take steps to erect a suitable memorial to the late Sir Dinshaw Edulji Wacha, at the meeting of prominent citizens of Bombay at the Corporation Hall on Friday.

CITY'S LOSS.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, who presided, regretted that it was his misfortune to have been called upon to perform the mournful duty of recording the city's loss of several of its distinguished citizens during his period of Mayoralty. But of all the losses that the City had recently sustained, that of Sir Dinshaw Wacha was the greatest. In his death the country had lost one of its outstanding personalities. It was he who alongwith Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, had contributed to the present status of the Corporation. It was only in the fitness of things that the City and the country at large should respect his memory and raise a suitable memorial.

Mr. D. G. Dalvi moved that a Committee of prominent citizens be appointed to take steps to raise subscriptions for erecting suitable memorial to the late Sir D. E. Wacha. He stated that a requisition to the Sheriff of Bombay to convene a meeting of the citizens had already been sent.

MEMORIAL COMMITTEE

The following are members of the Committee:—Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoolah, Mr. K. F. Nariman, Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Sir John Abercrombie, Sir Pheroze Sethna, Sir Homi Mody, Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Seth Mathuradas Vissonji, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Sir Eyramjee Jeejeebhoy, Mr. R. P. Masani, Mr. A. D. Shroff, Dewan Bahadur Krishnalal M. Jhaveri, Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, Captain J. Alban D'Souza, Mr. J. R. B. Jeejeebhai, Mr. B. N. Gokhale, Mr. B. G. Horniman, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Sir Stanley Reed, Sir N. B. Saklatvala, Sir Chunilal Mehta, Mr. Francis Low, Mr. Rameshwar Birla, Sir Joseph Kay, Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Sardar Sir Sulaiman Cassum Mitha, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Mr. M. C. Chagla, Mr. H. M. Rahimtoola, Sir Ness Wadia, Mr. R. R. Bakhale, Mr. Madhavlal Bhatt, Mr. T. M. Kajji, Sir Sohrab N. Pochkhanawala, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mr. S. N. Gazdar, Mr. A. J. Noble, Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole, Mr. R. K. Tatnis, Sir S. B. Billimoria, Mr. B. N. Karanjia, Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram and Mr. V. C. Setalvad.

Messrs A. D. Shroff, J. K. Mehta, S. A. Brelvi, and D. G. Dalvi were appointed Honorary Secretaries.

The Honorary Treasurers were Mr. J. C. Setalvad and Sir S. N. Pochkhanawala.

The Committee will meet on Wednesday next at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.).

OFFICES MUST NOT BE ACCEPTED

Ratnagiri District Congress Committee's Decision

(From A Correspondent.)

The Ratnagiri District Congress Committee has passed a resolution recommending to the Lucknow Congress that offices should not be accepted by Congressmen under the new Constitution.

SWADESHI BIMA

COMPANY, LTD., AGRA.

Managing Agents

DONERIA, KAPOOR, GUPTA & Co.,

WANTED: Energetic & influential persons to represent us.

The First VALUATION to be out soon.

Free Training & hereditary Commission to Agents.

All up-to-date benefits and attractions to Policy Holders

Apply atonce to The Managing Agents

PEACEFUL SLEEP FOR SKIN SUFFERERS

Thousands brought to the verge of nervous breakdown by sleepless nights have been saved by the unrivalled healing power of Cuticura treatment.

Wash the affected part night and morning with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Dry gently and apply Cuticura Ointment. This daily treatment relieves itching and allays inflammation at once. The soothing, healing, antiseptic Cuticura penetrates to the depths of the eruption. It destroys the lurking germs which keep the disease active, it heals the festering sores and steadily establishes a healthy condition of the skin which leads to complete recovery

Not only does it arrest the maddening itch instantly, but it eradicates the most stubborn Eczema, Pruritus, Psoriasis and other torturing skin diseases. Over fifty years' use has proved the curative power of Cuticura up to the hilt.

ITCHING STOPS INSTANTLY

ERUPTIONS HEAL AND DISAPPEAR

Cuticura OINTMENT AND SOAP

Sold by all Chemists & Bazars.

CUTICURA TALCUM specially medicated with balsamic essential oils. Absorbs perspiration, soothes and cools hot inflamed skin, relieves prickly heat.

A Gift From The Gods

To Beauty Lovers

The OATINE preparations come as a precious gift for the growth and preservation of loveliness even into old age.

OATINE CREAM is modest in its requirements. It asks only the devotion of five minutes' gentle massage every evening before bedtime, and it offers you in return a lifetime of skin health, the warm glow and bloom of youth. A complexion smooth and free from blemish and the enjoyment given by the possession of beauty unsurpassed.

OATINE CREAM nightly and OATINE SNOW daily. These two are all you need for Beauty.

THE OATINE CO., GRAHAMS BLDG., Parsee Bazar St., Fort, BOMBAY.

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY

Serious and active AGENTS to call on private clients. HIGH COMMISSION WITH ORDER. Assured income. Write with reference:
Boite Postale 365, Brussels, BELGIUM.

COTTON Rs. 70?

Heavy Fluctuation.

Cotton 168/223, Silver 43/58, Linseed 6 3/4/7 3/4? Before 30th, April, you will see heavy Fluctuation in the all Markets. Save your self from heavy loss. Giving orders for our report before it is time to sustain heavy losses. Hurry up. Our February and March reports that appeared will convince you of our correct Forecast Monthly Fee Rs. 51-25.
THE SUN ASTROLOGICAL BUREAU.
Shanti Nivas, Corner of Imperial Cinema Lane, Bombay No. 4.

NERVE PAIN NEGLECT MAY LEAD TO NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

In all cases of Neuritis, when your nerves are weak and impoverished,....when you feel that you are on the verge of a breakdown...there is no treatment which gives such rapid and lasting relief as Vitophenes, the Vitamin Tonic tablets. Vitophenes are made from a Scientific formula and contain all the nutritive constituents, such as Lecethin, Bone Marrow, Yolk of Eggs, Iron, etc, which the impoverished nerves need to restore them to perfect health. These constituents are very rich in Vitamins A. B. and C. they strengthen and soothe the nerves, restore nervous energy, and bring sound sleep.

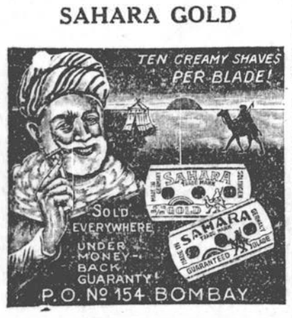
Thus is your trouble ousted from your system, the cause banished together with all its weakening and worrying subsidiary effects. Vitophenes not only banishes the nervous pains but also improves health from the very start. Chemists sell Vitophenes in bottles of 50 and 100 red tablets.

Bombay Agents:—
S. H. HASKELL (EASTERN) LTD., Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

BIRTH CONTROL

Why Indian and European Judges, Magistrates, Doctors, Professors, High Court Advocates, etc., after 10 years' use call "F. P. Pills" the best of all birth-control drugs, country made or foreign? Because they say, "it controls birth infallibly and at the same time keeps monthly flow normal and thus improves health in each and every case used" Read their opinions 4 months pills Rs 2/4. Dr. M. Bose, B.A., M.D.H., B.L., Saidpur, (Rangpur), Bengal.

SAHARA GOLD



SOLICITUDE FOR POLICE

Sir Harry Haig Lays Foundation Of New Kotwali

CAWNPORE, March 11.

Speaking at the foundation stone laying ceremony of the new Kotwali building. H. E. Sir Harry Haig said that he took special interest in the welfare and efficiency of the police force. Their contentment and well-being was the foundation of their well-doing, and on their well-doing they had to rely in large part for the security and foundations of their provincial life. "One of the most important factors in securing the well-being of the Force is", His Excellency added, "improvement of accommodation." He said since 1935 they had spent about Rs. 74 lakhs on this object, but there was much to be done.

The inhabitants of Cawnpore had not, proceeded His Excellency forgotten the nightmare of 1931. They were not contemplating anything that would diminish the security of a town like Cawnpore. The Government were not unmindful of the fact that Cawnpore was a growing city, and quite apart from any danger of communal strife it had a large industrial population which required a strong police force.—A.P.

Ahmedabad News

TOLL TAXES ABOLISHED

Plans For New Commerce College

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, March 8.

The total number of deaths during the week ending on Thursday last went up to 389, showing an increase of 30 over last week's figures and a high death rate of 52.87 per thousand. Measles were responsible for 39 deaths and consumption for 32.

TOLL TAXES ABOLISHED

The local District Board has resolved to do away with toll taxes on all vehicles except motors.

Sheth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, the well-known mill agent of Ahmedabad and president of the Ahmedabad Mill Owners' Association has now become a director of the Reserve Bank of India, his rival candidate Sir Dossabhai Bhiwandivala having withdrawn his candidature.

COMMERCE COLLEGE

A new college, namely the Hargovandas Lakhmichand Commerce College, will be opened in June when, it is expected, the sanction of the University and the Government will have been obtained.

JUBILEE MEMORIAL OF S. S. LEAGUE

Money Spent For Welfare Of People Is Best Investment, Says Aga Khan

H. H. the Aga Khan has sent the following message to Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri, President of the Social Service League, Bombay:—

Land's End, Bombay.
March 9.

Dear Sir,

I very much regret that I shall not be in Bombay to participate in the celebrations of the Social Service League's Silver Jubilee as I am leaving India to-day. However, as I am requested by the authorities of the League to send my written message for this occasion, I do so most willingly.

I have watched the League's work since several years and I feel extremely pleased that within a period of twenty-five years, it has more than justified its existence. The multifarious activities of the League afford a noble opportunity for people of all shades of opinion to unite in rendering self-sacrificing service to their fellow brethren. I have nothing but admiration, for a public body like the League doing unostentatious service of humanity, in all walks of life, irrespective of caste, creed or colour. Further it is a matter of great satisfaction and gratification, to find the League's activities mainly confined to the uplift of poor men and women of the Backward and Depressed Classes. I fully endorse the aspiration, on the unique occasion, to commemorate the Jubilee by having a permanent memorial in the shape of substantial buildings for the Mahila Seva Mandal Industrial School at Parel and for a gymnasium for working class people of the mill localities of Bombay.

BEST INVESTMENT.

I whole heartedly support your claim on the generosity of Bombay Public. Money spent for the welfare of our people through an institution of recognized status is an investment which is sure to pay the richest dividend in the shape of giving to Bombay better citizens in future.

I shall always watch the career of your League with greatest interest. Once more, I express my regret in not being able to be present in person in your public function. However you may rest assured that though absent in person, I shall be with you in spirit.

May the League succeed in achieving all its laudable desires to be an ideal institution to minister to the wants of the needy of a great city like Bombay is my sincere wish.

Small-pox In Baroda State

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, March 12.

Small-pox continues in Gandevi, Kamrej, Mangrol and Palsana Talukas of the Navsari District, Patan Taluka of Mehsana district, and Bhimkatta and Kodinar talukas of the Amreli district.

Baroda city is also affected by small-pox two cases proving fatal during week-ending March 7.

BATLIBOI'S INSTITUTE

List Of Successful Candidates

The following students of Batliboi's Accountancy Training Institute have passed the undernoted examinations held in November and December 1935:

CORPORATION OF CERTIFIED SECRETARIES

Intermediate: E. J. Wadia (Complete); F. S. Mehta (Complete).
Final: H. A. Hateria (Complete)

The following students have passed in the subjects mentioned below of the Intermediate and Final Examinations of the Corporation of Certified Secretaries:—

BOOK-KEEPING & ACCOUNTANCY
(Inter): P. R. Kerrawalla
COMPANY LAW
(Final): T. D. Kapadia; P. R. Billimoria.
ECONOMICS
(Final): P. R. Billimoria
ACCOUNTANCY
(Final): T. D. Kapadia.
INCORPORATED SECRETARIES ASSOCIATION
Intermediate: N. D. Bajri; T. D. Kapadia; F. S. Mehta.
Final: V. Devarajan; V. K. Krishnan; M. N. Bhagwat; D. Y. Bhumkar, B.A., and M. N. Shroff.

The following students have passed in the subjects mentioned below of the Intermediate Examination of the Incorporated Secretaries Association:—

Accountancy: S. H. Vesuna and B. D. Barucha.
Company Law: S. H. Vesuna; B. C. Khumbatta; E. J. Wadia; B. D. Barucha and E. M. Valles.
Mercantile Law: S. H. Vesuna; B. D. Barucha.
English: S. H. Vesuna; P. H. Whitbread; E. J. Wadia and B. D. Barucha.
Secretarial Practice: S. H. Vesuna; B. C. Khumbatta; V. A. Agashe and E. M. Valles.
Economics: S. H. Vesuna; B. C. Khumbatta; P. H. Whitbread.
Commercial Arithmetic: E. M. Valles.

CORPORATION OF ACCOUNTANTS
Intermediate: B. C. Khumbatta; S. C. Rotchell; C. P. Vora; M. A. Kamath and N. K. Pandit.
Final (Section I): K. R. Vajifdar; M. D. Minocher-Homji.
Final (Section II): J. Moses.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Intermediate: M. A. Kamath.

WHAT "U. S. S. R." MEANS

Magistrate Asks Question At Trial Of Alleged Communists

BOMBAY: Friday.

The Presiding Magistrate, the prosecuting counsel and the expert witness, one and all, gave compliments to the accused for their high educational qualifications to-day at the resumed hearing of the case against alleged Communists, which is being heard by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

Mr. H.R. Pardivala, the Defence Counsel was not in his seat at the time the compliments were paid.

While Rao Bahadur Mohanlal Desai, the expert witness was being examined, the Magistrate remarked "Whatever the case may be, I must say that accused No. 1 is a very modest fellow and takes only Rs. 30."

S. G. Velinker:—Oh. He is a very highly intelligent fellow. Why both he and accused No. 2 are very intelligent.

Magistrate:—He is an M.Sc.

Mr. Velinker:—Some of the articles that accused No. 1 has written are of a very high standard. I cannot write such language. Even if I were paid I could not write half so well. They are very intelligent people but the unfortunate part of it is that they were misguided.

Mr. Desai:—All the Communists are very highly educated people. They are either B.As or M.As Ghate is a B.A.; Randive is a M.A, and Dr. Adhikari, who has been interned is a Ph.D. and a very good writer, though he cannot speak well.

Earlier during the day, an amusing situation arose, when the Magistrate wanted to know what the U.S.S.R. meant. None of them seemed to know the correct meaning of it. One said it meant the "United States of Soviet Russia" while the other said it was the "United Socialist Soviet Russia." Ultimately it was decided that it must be the "Union of Socialist Soviet Republics".

RAO BAHADUR DESAI'S EVIDENCE.

Rao Bahadur Mohanlal Desai, Acting Superintendent, who has been called as an expert witness by the prosecution, as a person having experience about Communist trials at Meerut and other places, continued his evidence this morning. He said that the accused had no occupation or means of livelihood Explaining certain entries in one of the note-books seized from Iqbal Singh's room, he said that the entry "Rs 1000 through P" was through S. G. Patker. Mr. Pardivala objected to this explanation going in, but the Magistrate overruled the objection. He said that "N.D" and "Foreman" mentioned in the accounts was Iqbal Singh. Several copies of the "Inprocorr" was put in as exhibits to prove that the accused were connected with the International.

In one of the documents seized from Iqbal Singh's room, the following entry, which considered very important by the Prosecuting Counsel was taken up as evidence by the Magistrate. "Imperialism is desperate. It is between the devil and the deep blue sea. Communist Party must turn every ryot into anti-feudal revolt—struggle—How can that be done?"

After some more documents were explained by the Expert witness, the Court rose for the day and the hearing was adjourned to Monday, when witnesses from Lahore and Cawnpore will be examined.

CENTRAL CINEMA

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COMMENCING TO-DAY, 3-30, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

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SEWAGE WORKS AT DADAR

Mayor Calls Special Meeting Of Corporation To Appoint Inquiry

In pursuance of a requisition received, for calling a Special Meeting of the Corporation for appointing a Committee to inquire into the working of the Sewage Purification Works at Dadar and other drainage works required in connection with the sewage schemes for the North of the Island, etc., a Special Meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Thursday March 19 at 4-40 p.m.

Nineteen Corporators had addressed the following requisition to the Mayor:

"We the undersigned members of the Corporation hereby request you to call a Special Meeting of the Corporation for the appointment of a Committee (to be named at the meeting to consider and report, in consultation with the Commissioner, on the working of the Sewage Purification Works at Dadar and other drainage works put up or to be put up in connection with the drainage and sewerage schemes for the north of the Island."

AGA KHAN JUBILEE FUND

It is learned that the Ismaili Khoja Community of India have raised a sum of about Rs. 5 lakhs in connection with the Golden Jubilee of H. H. the Agha Khan, their spiritual leader, which was recently celebrated at various places in India, including Bombay and Karachi. The above figure includes a sum of Rs. 3 35,000, it being the value of gold against which the Aga Khan was weighed in Bombay on the day of the commencement of his Jubilee celebrations here. It is proposed to earmark the whole of this sum for the general uplift of the Khoja community. A committee of the following members has been formed to devise means as to how best to utilise the money.

Messrs. Rahimtulla M. Chinoy, Gulamalli G. Merchant, Alijah Ismail Mahomed Jaffer, Cassumalli Munjee Nathoo and Ali Mohmed Mecklai.

The office of the Committee will be at the Recreation Club Institute, Kanda Moholla, Bombay No 9.

Municipal Corporation Adjourns

The Municipal Corporation adjourned on Friday without transacting any business as a mark of respect to the memory of Dr. N. A. Moos, who was an active member of the Corporation for many years.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, the Mayor, made a brief reference regarding the deceased as an eminent scientist and a well-known civic father.

Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy then moved to adjourn the House which was seconded by Mr. M. A. Dabholker. The resolution was carried, 'nem con'. The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

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Salts, fizzy drinks, palatable laxatives and harsh purgatives are makeshifts. A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes the famous, sure acting Carter's Little Liver Pills to get those two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills. Look for the name Carter's on the red package.

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IN MARBELITE CASE

Williams

"HOLDER-TOP" SHAVING STICK

TWO DETENUS JAILED

Three Years' R. I. For Breach Of Camp Rules

JALPAIGURI, March 11.

Detenus Jhananjan Lahiri and Susil Sarkar, who were confined in the Buxa Detention Camp have been sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment each under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act for possession of currency notes in violation of the Detention Camp Rules.—United Press.

RUIKER'S SERVICES TO INDIAN LABOUR

Tributes To T. U. C. President At Nagpur Party

NAGPUR, March 12.

Mr. Kalappa, Editor of the "Indian Labour Journal" was "At Home" to Mr. R. S. Ruiker, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress this evening on the eve of his departure to Calcutta to surrender to bail.

A large number of prominent citizens were present. Speeches were made eulogising Mr. Ruiker's services and sacrifices in the cause of Indian Labour.

Mr. Kalappa, the host, said that what Late Lokamanya Tilak was to Bombay and Mr. Subhas Bose was to Bengal, Ruiker was to Nagpur, Mr. P. Y. Deshpande, Congress Socialist, also joined in paying tribute to Mr. Ruiker.

Mr. Ruiker is leaving for Calcutta to-morrow.—United Press.

ALLEGED FIND OF ARMS & ITS SEQUEL

Case Against 17 Chinese In Calcutta Court

CALCUTTA, March 12.

On behalf of the Chinese Consul, a general petition was moved to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, stating that seventeen Chinese who were arrested on board the "City of Christ Church" following the alleged find of 40 pistols and 3000 cartridges have been in custody for already one month, but no chargesheet against them has yet been submitted. The prosecution stated that delay was due to the fact that certain enquiries were being made in foreign countries.

The Magistrate directed the prosecution to expedite investigation and fixed March 26 for the hearing.—United Press.

MORE "POWER" FOR MYSORE

Committee Appointed To Consider Project

BANGALORE, March 13

To cope with the increasing demand for electric power in all parts of the State, the Government of Mysore are now considering some new schemes for the generation of power.

The Government have under examination schemes for harnessing the Jog Falls for the power, the generation of power from the Krishnarajasagara, harnessing the Shimana Falls near Shivasamudram and some other projects.

The Government have appointed a committee in this connection.—United Press.

New Constitution For Baroda Youth League

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA: March 11.

Birthday Honours were conferred by Maharaja Gaekwar on various persons at the Durbar held this morning.

The Baroda Youth League, at a recent meeting passed its draft constitution, and considered the question of re-organising its activities with a view to embrace a wider field.

Small-pox is rampant in many talukas of the Baroda State.

Grant For Narsingpur Urdu School Urged

NARSINGPUR, March 13

At a meeting of the local Muslims held here under the presidency of Mr. Abdul Rahim, pleader of Jubbulpore, a resolution was passed, urging on the Government of the Central Provinces to aid by grant the Muslim Girls' Urdu School here.—United Press.

Punjab Hindi Sahitya Conference

KAPURTHALA, March 12.

The 11th Provincial Conference of the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan, Punjab, takes place on April 10, 11, and 12 at Hadiabad in Kapurthala State.—United Press.

Karnatak News

WATER SCARCITY IN DHARWAR

Raising Khadi Prices To Give More Wages To Spinners

(From Our Correspondent.)

BELGAUM, March 10.

The Dharwar Municipal Borough has closed the Municipal water pipes for the use of the public from 8th instant as there was no water in the tank. The public has to resort to old forgotten wells for water and the Municipality is also arranging to have bores in prominent places. It is reported the demand for ropes could not be met by the market.

HUBLI SARAFFS' ASSOCIATION.

The local Saraff merchants met on 8th instant and decided to start an association to safeguard the interests of the Saraffs.

KHADI PRICES GO UP.

The Karnatak Branch of the A. I. S. I. has decided to raise the prices of Khadi from the current month with a view to give more wages to spinners. Messrs Subrahmanyam and Tulsigeri, All-India and Provincial auditors are visiting the sale depots and production centres in Karnatak for taking stock of goods.

Sjt. Narayanrao Joshi, President, District Congress Committee, Belgaum, accompanied by Diwan Bahadur Lathe and Annappa Metgud, a Congress candidate in Bailhongal Taluka made a tour in the Taluka and everywhere they got a good response. Sjt. Virangowda Patil, President, Karnatak Harijan Sevak Sangh, will make a tour in Gokak Taluka for the same purpose.

ALLEGED DISOBEDIENCE OF COURT ORDER

Petition For Proceedings For Contempt Of Court

LAHORE, March 12.

A petition praying for proceedings for contempt of court and disobedience of orders of the Court against the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee and other defendants in the Shahidganj Case was filed by Doctor Mahamed Alam, Barrister, before Mr. S. L. Sale, Sessions Judge, Lahore, yesterday.

The petition stated "inter alia" that the injunction granted by the Court against the defendants on an application by the plaintiffs restraining the defendants from building any structure on the site where the mosque in dispute existed and the subsequent grant of temporary injunction orders were properly served on the defendants. But the plaintiffs now learn through very reliable source that subsequent to taking photographs and grant and service of injunction order, defendants have raised a pucca platform on the portion of the spot where the mosque existed and they have done so in disobedience of the orders issued by the Court.

The petition was heard to-day, both parties being present in the Court. The Court ordered for inspection of the spot.—United Press.

APPEAL TO GRADUATES

Get Yourselves Registered Immediately

Mr. S. G. Warty General Secretary, University Reform League, has issued the following appeal to the Graduates:—

As a result of the agitation carried on for some time past, the University of Bombay has been pleased to respond to the public demand to some extent at least, and to lower the registration fees of graduates from Rs. 15 to Rs. 5, so that any Graduate now, irrespective of his standing, can get himself registered and become a voter for Senate election by paying Rs. 5 once for all to the University.

But the application accompanied by the said amount, must reach the Registrar before 31st March, otherwise the voter will not be entitled to vote at the next election.

The League therefore advises all the Graduates to get themselves registered immediately without wasting further time, and become voters. The League also appeals to all voters to reserve their first preferential votes only for those who have proved themselves to be fearless advocates of University Reform. No amount of personal influence brought to bear on them should be allowed to weigh against the true interests of the University.

For further particulars, and especially if any assistance is necessary, letters may be addressed to Mr. S. G. Warty, General Secretary, University Reform League, Jogeshwari, Bombay Suburbs.

BOMBAY NEEDS CHEAPER POWER"

Reduction In Electricity Rates Is Inadequate, Say Merchants' Chamber

The Secretary, Indian Merchants' Chamber, writes to the General Manager, Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd., Bombay, among other things, as follows:—

The attention of the Committee of this Chamber has been drawn to the recent reduction in rates announced by your Company some time back.

My Committee feel that the basic rates are still very high and that the reductions effected are nominal in so far as the very large number of consumers are concerned. Bombay is a large commercial and industrial centre, with no small potentiality for considerable expansion in the consumption of electrical energy both for domestic and industrial purposes, provided the policy of fixing the rates is based upon advanced and progressive principles of rating directed towards the encouragement of the use of electric energy.

I trust it will be appreciated that in writing to you my Committee are actuated only by the desire to see that there is a greater consumption of electrical energy, which can be utilised in making Bombay a brighter and more attractive City through increased amenities of life and as a comparatively economical centre for housing new industries.

PRISONER GIVES UP HUNGER-STRIKE

Rameshchandra Gupta Listens To Persuasion Of "Pratap" Editor

(From Our Correspondent.)

AGRA (By Mail.)

Rameshchandra Gupta a "B" class prisoner in the local Central Jail who had been on hunger-strike since the 16th January last gave up the same at the request and persuasion of Pandit Balkrishna Sharma, editor of the "Pratap," Cawnpore, and Mr. C. D. Johory, who interviewed the prisoner on Sunday morning.

It is understood that an appeal is filed against the order of conviction of Mr. Gupta under section 52 of Prisons Act whereby he has been sentenced to a further term of one year's imprisonment.

Vaccination Certificates For Air Passengers

A telegram from the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India says that Palestine authorities demand cholera vaccination certificates from passengers by Air from India and small-pox vaccination certificates from passengers by air and sea from Karachi.

MODERN IRAN

15th Anniversary Of Riza Khan's Accession

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Fifteen years ago on (2nd of February) Colonel Reza Khan gained control over the Persian army. He became the Minister of War and Prime Minister, and after getting extraordinary powers from Parliament stood at the head of the Cabinet, till the 6th of December 1925, when he got elected with 217 out of 220 votes as the Shah of Persia. The lethargic and imbecile Kajar dynasty was put out. Riza Khan who represented the strong current of national emancipation inaugurated a new course of modernisation. In 1935 the name of Persia was changed into Iran. A symbolic change : suggestive of a new status and new spirit.

A NEW ERA.

Iran has thrown out the system of capitulations. The conclusion of the treaties of 1921 with Russia and England on a new basis marked really the establishment of independence. The army has since been greatly reorganized. General conscription introduced. Foreign military experts have been steadily liquidated. A higher military academy established at Teheran.

With the abolition of capitulation and the humiliating foreign control in customs matters, the country entered as well on a new economic era. Various taxation regulations were initiated, agricultural banks formed and agricultural schools established. Special attention commenced to be paid to the development of transport and to the starting of new industries. Among the new industries to be developed special mention may be made of, sugar, textile, silk, match and cement. Important improvements have been carried out in the sphere of education. Following Turkey, radical changes have been introduced newly also in dress to stamp the impress of the new spirit and idea of modernisation.

PROGRESS AND INDEPENDENCE

While much has still to be done and various drawbacks may not be absent, considering specially the background, Iran has made in the last fifteen years rapid progress in various directions and has certainly advanced her position among the States in the world. The country's advance is another indication of the close connection between economic and educational progress on one side and national independence on the other.

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HERE IS WHAT THE NOTE SAID:
Dear Mrs Brown:
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Teacher
LATER—
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Serve Quaker Oats daily to your children and to every member of your family.

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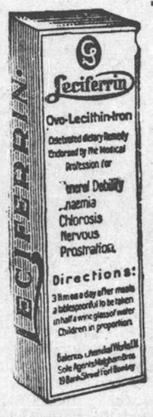

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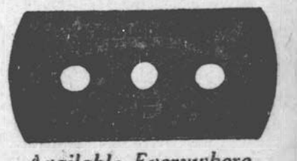

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ATMARAMJEE CENTENARY

Preparations In Baroda

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, March 11.

The centenary of the famous Jain Saint Pandit Atmaramjee will be celebrated here in the third week of March. Elaborate preparations are going on. Acharyashri Vallabhvijayaji, Shri Charanvijaya and others have specially arrived for the occasion.

Shri Atmaramji was born in 1842 and toured all parts of India to propagate the canons of Jain Religion. A fund has been started in his name, which has reached the figure of Rs. 50,000 and the organisers expect to collect more than a lac of rupees. The fund is to be utilised for raising the standard of Jain literature.

Local Jains are enthusiastically working for the same. The Committee in Bombay is also doing useful work.

It is proposed that Jains in all parts of India should celebrate the centenary day in memory of their Guru. The presence of Acharya Vallabhvijayaji in Baroda has made Jains active in this work.

Mr. Amritlal Sheth, President of Saurastra Sewa Samiti, has issued a general appeal to the philanthropic public of Gujarat and Kathiawar to donate Rs. 5,000 for supplying water in areas, where there is scarcity. It may be mentioned here that the Saurastra Seva Samiti of Ranpur is doing very useful work in the field of social reform also.

DISCONTENT AMONG DOHAD WORKERS

Summary Dismissal Of Railway Employees

The Secretary of the B. B. and C.I. Rly. Employees' Union (Dohad Branch), writes:—

For the last few months the railway authorities have started a system of getting work done in the Foundry shop by contract, and due to this system there is great discontent among the workers of the Foundry shop.

On the 10th of March, the 18 Moulders of the above shop were called by the Loco Works Supdt., Dohad, and informed that their services are no more required. Many of them have put in loyal and faithful service of nearly 10 to 15 years in the railway.

The workers have decided to put the following requests before the Works Superintendent:—

(1) No Moulder should be discharged.

(2) Voluntary resignation with favourable terms should be invited by the Railway Company.

(3) Leave by rotation should be introduced in the shop.

BAN ON FREE PASSES

In a recent press note it was announced that the Port Health Officer, Bombay, had instructed all Shipping Companies to reduce to a minimum the issue of 'free' visitors' passes. Compiaints are being received that this has not been done in many cases, and that passes are being issued by some Companies to persons not in possession of vaccination certificates and even to some who have not been vaccinated for years past, and that passengers continue to receive visitors' passes with which they have obtained access under false pretences to to ships on arrival.

The Port Health Officer has therefore directed that no visitors other than Companies representatives on business, officers on duty, and the Consul of the country whose flag the ship is flying can in future be admitted to ships arriving under Quarantine Signals, and visitors to ships at other times can only be allowed during the hours fixed for medical inspections prior to the departures of vessels. It has been recommended to the Shipping Companies that the issue of free passes should be entirely stopped during the period of the present small-pox epidemic.

Fair At Viramgam

A correspondent writes:—

His Holiness Pir Motamiyan Saheb arrived at Viramgam on March 8 and was given an enthusiastic reception by a large number of people, and was carried in procession to the Dargah of Lal Pir Saheb, where he performed the opening ceremony of a great fair held in the sacred memory of Lal Pir Saheb who is enshrined there, and presided over several functions connected with it. He exhorted the people to make strenuous efforts for the social and rural uplift and make a steady progress in education living in peace and harmony with all people.

PARSI COLONY AT URAN

Foundation Laid By Sir Hormasji Adenwalla

The Uran Colonisation Scheme for the Parsis, which was in a nebulous state for years, is now assuming a definite form. It has received a fresh impetus from the fact that the wharf at Uran is now nearly completed, coupled with another equally important fact that an enormous piece of land, admeasuring more than 200,000 square yards, known as Dhan Wadi, has been purchased for Rs. 30,000 to make a beginning for raising a colony on the island. The projected establishment of a Parsi settlement in Uran is now within sight.

The foundation of the Colony was laid on Thursday (5th inst.) by Sir Hormasji Cawasji Adenwalla, Kt., M.V.O., O.B.E., J.P., the head priest of the Parsis, His Holiness Dastur Rustomji Edulji Sanjana, B.A., having performed the Jashan, or the sacred religious ceremony of the Parsis, without which a truly religious Zorcastrian never inaugurates any momentous undertaking or enterprise.

Mr. Behman Banaji, the originator and the life and soul of the scheme, with the assistance of Mr. Maneckji K. Patel, President of the Uran Wharf Committee, had to put up a strong fight with the Government, for more than 10 years, to persuade them to build a wharf at Uran, at their expense. Mr. Banaji and Mr. Patel, the energetic promoters of the scheme are so fortunate as to see their labours of the last ten years about to bear fruit. Mr. Banaji really deserves to be congratulated on his patience and perseverance in the furtherance of his pet scheme, in spite of adverse criticism and ridicule.

JASHAN CEREMONY.

The philanthropic Parsi gentleman Khan Bahadur Bejonji Hodiwalla, J.P., whose palatial residence adjoins Dhan Wadi, very hospitably entertained Sir Hormasji, Dastur Sanjana, and other principal guests of the day. A steamer was especially chartered for the excursionists who numbered about 700. They all seemed to be in high spirits. They landed in Uran at about 9-30 a.m. Immediately the Jashan ceremony was commenced at the end of which speeches were made by the President, Sir Hormasji, Dastur Sanjana, Mr. Maneckji Patel, Mr. Behman Banaji and Khan Sahen Maneck Dadachanji.

The President made a short speech suited to the occasion, highly commending the zeal, the patience and the perseverance of Mr. Banaji, and wished his efforts every success. He was followed by Dastur Sanjana who made an impressive speech, full of quotations from the Zoroastrian scriptures, pronouncing benedictions upon the scheme as became a priest, and impressing upon the audience the fact that the development of fallow land was specially enjoined by the Zoroastrian religion. He praised the perseverance of Mr. Banaji and wished the Colony be named "Behmon-Banaji Baug," as appreciation of his invaluable services.

HISTORY OF SCHEME.

Mr. Maneckji Kavasji Patel then traced the whole history of the scheme from the beginning to the end. He said, among other things, that in the halcyon days of Uran, the Parsis had a score of country liquor distilleries running on the island, and they paid to Government by way of revenue more than a crore of rupees per year. The Salt Works at Uran yielded about 45 lakhs of maunds of salt every year, and were the largest in India. The salt merchants of Uran paid about rupees 40 lakhs annually by way of revenue to Government. And yet the Government was so indifferent to the wants of the Uranites that they had not thought it their duty to furnish to them such a simple amenity of life as a wharf for convenient embarkation and disembarkation. The absence of a wharf at Uran was a long-standing scandal. At length the Uranites held a monster meeting at Uran itself, under the presidentship of Mr. Maneckji Patel, to which were invited about half a dozen members of the Bombay Legislative Council, including the Hon. Mr. Pradhan, and some notable citizens of Bombay such as Mr. Horniman, Mr. Tairsee, the late Mr. G. K. Nariman, etc., to have a personal experience of the hardships of transhipment from the steamer to the small crafts, called "machhawas" and of a ride on the shoulders of coolies from the "machhwas", before the passengers could be landed, at low tide.

COMMITTEE'S WORK.

An influential wharf committee was appointed at the meeting and Mr. Patel was appointed its President, with instructions to carry on vigorous correspondence with the Government on the subject. Mr. Patel did his duty so thoroughly that a long, bitter and acrimonious correspondence was carried on by him with Mr. Abbott, the then Collector of Colaba. Mr. Abbott took strong objection to Mr. Patel's language and at one time threatened to prosecute him. The result was that on the 17th November 1926, the late Mr. J. L. Rieu, Revenue Member with the Government of Bombay, paid a visit to Uran, to ascertain for himself the legitimacy of the demand made by the Uranites for a wharf. A reception was held in his honour, at which Mr. Patel had the temerity to tell Mr. Rieu in his face that the attitude of the Government, in the matter of the wharf, was most callous. Mr. Rieu took strong objection to the word "callous," and there was a scene. Mr. Patel diplomatically withdrew the word and apologised for it. Mr. Rieu was pacified and at the refreshment table when Mr. Patel proposed the health of the Revenue Member, the latter in his reply promised to the Uranites that the Government would build a wharf at their expense, which would not admit of large steamers but would enable small steamers to land passengers directly on the pier. The Government had now carried out its promise.

Mr. Banaji was complimented by many guests and sojourners for his remarkable perseverence in face of many odds to carry his scheme to fruition.

WOMAN'S STATUS IN ISLAM

"Equal With Man, She Attained To Glory In Past"

Dr. M. Z. Siddiqui, Sir Ashutosh Professor of Islamic Culture in the University of Calcutta, delivered a lecture on the "Position of women in the Intellectual, Social and Political History of Islam," at a meeting of the Urdu Academy, Jamia Millia, Delhi.

The learned Professor began by saying that one should not be misled by modern conditions into imagining that they represent the state of things in all epochs of oriental and European history. In spite of their lofty claim to being the defenders of freedom and promoters of equality and fraternity Europeans could not, till the last century, forget the original sin of woman and passed judgment on her accordingly. Even such leaders of thought as J. J. Roussean and John Knox could not rise to a higher conception of women than that of a slave to man, because she was by nature 'frail, feeble and foolish.'

Modern writers, on the other hand, while they make no secret of the unjust and erroneous notions of their own intellectual ancestors, indulge at the same time in sweeping generalisations regarding men's opinion of women in the East as well. This is certainly unfair. There was no want of respect in the general attitude towards women in Ancient India, particularly in the Buddhist period. Muslim civilisation also bears witness not only to an equality of religions and legal status between men and women, but to proficiency and eminence attained by women in different spheres of intellectual and social life.

WOMEN'S ATTAINMENTS.

Beginning with the life time of the Prophet Dr. Siddiqui said, the whole history of Islam was full of interesting descriptions of the activities of women. Some have fought battles and commanded armies, some served as administrators and diplomats, some have left behind monuments in the form of hospitals, homes, monasteries libraries. In intellectual and spiritual life especially, women took very active part, and there is hardly a period without a number of women whose spiritual and intellectual attainments are acknowledged and appreciated by the highest authorities.

In many of the scientific works in Arabic, women are quoted as authorities; certificates of scholars have been published which contain names of the women professors under whom they had studied: colophons of many of Arabic MSS bear the names of women scholars who lectured on them and of the youngmen and women who attended their lectures. Specimens of such colophons would be seen in the Khuda Bukhsh Library at Patna.

Concluding his lecture, Dr. Siddiqui said he could not turn from the past to the present without deep anguish. "Raise the woman and her sons will automatically rise."

Many Injured In Communal Clash

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Mar. 12

A message received late last night from Osmanabad says as the result of a Hindu-Muslim clash in Lathur it is reported several persons are seriously injured one of them is in precarious condition. It is alleged a party of Muslim attacked a procession of Arya Samajists when it was passing along a public street.

H. H. the Nizam is expected to arrive in Hyderabad on 21st with his entourage from Delhi.

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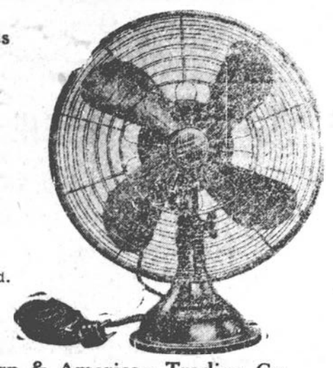

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Our European Letter

Left Government In Spain

Plan For Wider Danubian Settlement

Dr. Schacht Concerned At Germany's Isolation

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
PRAGUE, March 2.

The Spanish election has awakened a wide interest in the whole of Europe. Though a swing to the Left was generally expected, the extent of it, has well exceeded general calculation. Added attention to the event is given, coming, as it does, soon after the great manifestation of reaction against fascist currents in France that followed the attack on Leon Blum. The new swing in Spain is held as resulting from factors bound with estimates in directions of new dictatorial regimes, reactions in broad sections to the war path as an outlet of fascist Italy, and economic hardships among wide groups in Spain. The result of the Spanish election is seen as extension of awakening to a line holding the advance of democracy. It is not surprising that in different fascist States the result is seen with little satisfaction.

THE "LEFT" IN SPAIN.

The swing to the Left in Spain has also a technical side. Its success at present is largely bound with the advance of what is termed "Popular Front". "Left", as used in connection with the Spanish election now, as indeed in relation to internal developments in France and some other countries, is a collective definition or expression representing an extension in the general composition associated with the term "Left", which is greatly an identification with the Socialist parties. It represents not only an extension, but for the while also a moderation in matters in certain Left radical groups. These changes are associated with the evolution of the "Popular Front" that has developed under a wide and deep urge felt to enable advance well along a course of democratic rights. Senor Azana who has now formed the Government in Spain, is not a Socialist. A brilliant speaker and a talented writer, Azana is a keen democrat, with sense of realism and imagination. Of him it is said that if he is not a Socialist, he is not absurdly afraid of Socialism as well. Azana to-day is perhaps the counter-part or type of Daladier in France. The Republican Left (Azana's Party) and the Republican Union constitute the main parties in the new Cabinet. The Socialists are not in the Cabinet. But, as vital forces, their support is now assured to Azana.

A SIGNAL.

In a declaration soon after his return as Premier, Azana referred to the Spanish election as a wide signal and of fascism in Spain being put out. As the immediate programme of the Government has been projected, the abolition of various repressive measures that were introduced by the regime that has now been superseded and the effective initiation of different measures passed before that regime came to power and after the abolition of the Monarchy. Much would depend upon the Cabinet's ability to give shape to this course, on the whole, of fairly moderate reforms, a course that at the same time, also carries a special significance as bound with an assertion of popular opinion and demand. There is of course some close speculation of a putsch from the Right. This too will greatly depend upon the Government's ability to carry out soon various reforms, without quick or dangerous dissensions among the Left groups. Developments ahead are awaited with much interest, as they will not be without significance to wider currents.

GERMANY'S FEAR OF ISOLATION.

An article in the latest number of the leading German economic review "Deutsche Volkswirt," that is known as standing close to the Minister of Economy and Reichsbank President, Dr. Schacht, with reflections of concern about extension of German isolation, has caused much attention in the European Press. The ratification of the Franco-Russian Pact by the French Chamber is seen in Germany with obvious dissatisfaction. The development of a keener attitude in Austrian Government circles against the Nazi aim of absorbing Austria, also comes as a disappointment. The conclusion of a Russian-Roumanian Agreement is now viewed as almost certain. The article in the German review, mentioned above, refers to the extension of currents of isolation having unfavourable repercussions not only on Germany's political relations, but also economic position, and what almost appears as strange, makes the suggestion of move in the direction of a rapprochement between Germany and Soviet Union. Also the new number of the "Deutschen Briefe," that stands near to leading German industry circles, speaks of a return to the line of Rappolo. Prominence is given to the words of Marshal Petain in connection with the Franco-Russian Pact: "Whether France has won a good ally, I do not know, but I do know, one has been taken away from Germany". At the same time Herr Hitler has two days back through a French journalist made again a strong plea of readiness and interest on his part for a pact with France. The plea has been received with considerable reserve in France. Leading French papers in connection put emphasis on restriction of armament advance and recognition by Germany of the Central European status as necessary steps for a Franco-German agreement. One French paper comments, that a result of Herr Hitler's plea at present for a separate agreement with France, following or retaining attention on the plan of advancing the aim for free hand in Eastern Europe, may be winning of more opinion for the ratification of the Russian Pact in the French Senate.

FAR EASTERN ISSUE IN EUROPE.

The putsch attempted by a group of army officers in Tokio, full details of which are not yet known, finds as may be well imagined, a sharp echo in Europe. There is closer attention to developments in the Far East especially in the background of the tension and strong cross-currents in Europe. A mouthpiece of the Czechoslovak Foreign Office in the course of a leading article on the putsch move in Tokio comments: "It is superfluous to point to the Tokio move bearing international weight. Had the putch gained hold, the glimmer of fire in the Far East may have well broken to a flame of difficulty to extinguish." After mentioning, reforms (specially agrarian reforms) and creation of a wide basis for the administration, as means for a relaxation of internal rigour and tension, the paper concludes: "Through compromise with totalitarian theories one will get at results calculated to lead to dangerous conflagrations." In Germany the Tokio putsch is seen particularly and closely in the light of the tension between Russia and Japan. It is no secret that leading Nazi circles keep much interest in a Russian-Japanese entanglement, considering it as likely to be helpful to German aims, especially in regard to Eastern Europe. German papers hold, the wish a swell fathering the thought, that the immediate reaction of the putsch move in Tokio will be a sharpening of the strain in Japanese-Russian relations. This will make, they comment, the resumption of negotiations between Tokio and Moscow for a settlement of the frontier incidents now almost impossible. Italian papers in general give prominence to the view of increase in influence of the military setting in Japan and enhancement of threat to England's dominant position in the Far East.

MOVE FOR CENTRAL EUROPEAN SETTLEMENT.

The Czechoslovakian Prime Minister, Dr. Hodza, left last week for Belgrade, in furtherance of the plan of a Central European settlement. Dr. Hodza sees evolution of the scheme greatly by the promotion of economic arrangements and by stages. As the first stage is viewed the drawing closer of the Little Entente (Czechoslovakia, Roumania and Jugoslavia) and Austria. In Vienna also opinion for getting closer to the Little Entente, especially Czechoslovakia now, has been gaining. Negotiations in connection with the scheme of drawing nearer Austria and the Little Entente towards a wider Danubian settlement as now being led are seen with much reserve by Germany. Berlin apparently views them as suited to cut across some of the German plans in relation to South-Eastern Europe and the aim of absorbing Austria. German diplomacy is as a result very active again in South-Eastern Europe. There are reports newly of fresh trade advantages being offered by Germany to Jugoslavia and General Goering is also stated as likely make soon a visit to Belgrade. German efforts are also mentioned as being very keen in Roumania with some groups. As on military development, Germany calling enormous energy makes great financial strain on pushing various schemes. They are seen, it would seem, as an investment, less for the while being thought on the internal economic tightness involved and in ways extended. This of course also adds to the concern of various States. Germany is also held as keeping interest to the prolongation of the Abyssinian war under calculations of Italian attention which is of value to Danubian settlement being occupied elsewhere. A report in the Paris press last week alleging that Germany had extended much encouragement in directions to Italy to enter on a military campaign in Abyssinia, and giving many interesting details, has aroused much attention. The result of Dr. Hodza's visit to Belgrade meanwhile is awaited with much interest, since Jugoslavia's stand at present is of considerable significance.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ITEMS.

World Trade In The Last Quarter Of 1935. World's trade in the last quarter of 1935 as against the previous quarter shows a rise of 15 per cent. Though in the last quarter there is usually a rise against the previous quarter, this year's rise is more marked. As against the last quarter of 1934 in the same quarter of 1935 there is a rise of 6.9 per cent. Among the countries that have greatly increased exports principal positions are occupied by Germany and England. In the case of England there is also a marked rise in imports. In Germany's case imports show as against the last quarter of 1934 decrease.

"Soviet Union To Increase Commercial Fleet: The economic plan of the Soviet Union for 1936 also puts stress on the development of commercial fleet. It is reported that the share of Soviet Union's ships in the country's traffic is to be increased by 50 per cent.

"Japanese Trade Expansion in Balkan: The Jugoslavian trade report for 1935 just published records the great extension of Japan's business with that country. The value of Jugoslavian imports from Japan which in 1933 amounted to only 4,234,000 Dinars amounted in 1934 to 13,206,000 and in 1935 to 29,693,000.

Bridge Across Bosporus: Turkey is reported as considering the construction of a bridge across the Bosporus. It is proposed to have three paths, one for trams, one for railway, and one for foot passengers.

Indo-Czechoslovakia Trade: Czechoslovakian imports from India for January 1936 amounted to 18.3 million Czechoslovak Crowns against 16.3 in the same month of the previous year and exports from Czechoslovakia to India in January 1936 to 5.8 million Crowns against 8.5 million in the corresponding month of 1935. Imports from India thus sustain the tendency for expansion visible for a while, with no similar tendency in regard to exports to India, which as reports indicate, is a matter of concerns in Czechoslovakia. This calls for attention from India as well so that unfavourable reaction to India takes place in regard to a market of significance and gaining importance to Indian export interests.

INDIAN INTEREST IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

The important daily "Prager Presse" reports this week, as reflective of growing interest of India in Czechoslovakia as a tourist land, of the visit in Prague of a group from India to study conditions for the better development of visits from India to Czechoslovakia. In this connection it is mentioned that the move has also been favoured by the growth in attention of various persons from Indian States in Slovakia, which is famous alike for its hunting attraction and health resorts. In Europe, Czechoslovakia indeed offers to visitors from abroad more varied attractions than many other lands. The comparative lowness in the cost of living and the stability of conditions with absence of rigidity contribute as well as useful factors to enhance interest in the country for foreign visitors. As far as India is concerned, in Prague itself there are the Oriental Institute and the special association, the Indo-Czechoslovak Society, that attend to the stimulation of useful visits between the two countries. The needs of commercial visitors from India are specially attended to also by the Czechoslovak Export Institute, which has a section dealing with India, and which it is considered is likely before long to have a direct representation in India. The development of visits between the two countries is useful as contributing to the trade relations. In this connection it may be stated that Czechoslovakia is a significant and of late a steadily expanding market for various Indian products (principally cotton, jute, hides and skins, and rice) and at the same time is also well placed in the supply of various items in India's import trade. The press department of the Prague International Fair announces this week increased participation from India in the Spring Fair that opens next week.

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	C	52-0	47-0	45-0
	D	47-0	42-0	40-0
2nd	A	44-0	40-0	39-0
	B	31-0	27-0	26-0
	C	28-0	25-0	24-0

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A fasc'nating and most thrilling photo-drama when knights were bold

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Epic Attraction

ULTIMATUM ULTIMATUM

Starring:

YOUSUF EFFENDI, KHURSHED, ZEBUNNISA, BALABHAI, PRABHASHANKER, JANIBABU, etc.

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GLOBE TALKIES

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A PARAMOUNT SUPER

SEE—10,000 Crusaders with Burning Seige Towers storming Walled Acre, Gateway to Jerusalem; 3,500 Armoured Horses in a mighty cavalry charge. The Epic Romance of King Richard and his Queen

AT

PLAZA

TO-NIGHT & TO-MORROW 3-30; 6-30 & 9-45 P. M.

TAMIL TALKIE

PURNA CHANDRA

LAST SHOW TO-MORROW

MORNING AT 10-30 a. m.

THE APOLLO

SURYA TALKIES

TATA MILL—Poibawdi, Parel.

Mockery Of Democratic Govt.

PALESTINE ARABS DISAPPOINTED WITH BRITISH GOVT'S REPLY

Jerusalem (By air mail)

The Colonial Secretary's reply to the Arab memorandum has been coldly received by the Arab leaders, including Jamal Husseini, the leader of the Palestine Arab party, and Ragheb Bey Nashashibi, the leader of the Arab Defence Party.

The Arab demands formulated last November stipulated that a democratic Government should be established in the country, that the Jewish immigration should entirely cease and sales of lands to Jews should be prohibited.

These were forwarded to the Secretary of State who has now communicated his reply as follows:—

(a) The demand for the establishment of a democratic Government has been answered by proposals for the establishment of a Legislative Council with a large unofficial majority in the composition of which the elective principle is recognised.

(b) There can be no question of total stoppage of Jewish immigration, the guiding principle of which is a policy of economic absorptive capacity. His Majesty's Government contemplate no departure from that principle. In order to maintain the closest possible relations between the new immigrants and the absorptive capacity of the country, a statistical bureau has been set up which would carry out periodical surveys of trade, industry and agriculture and would keep the High Commissioner in close touch with the changing economic situation in the country.

As regards the sale of lands it has been proposed to enact legislation of a general nature whereby neither Arabs nor Jews would be allowed to sell subsistence areas without the Government's permission, with the exception of land in Beersheba.

The Arab Press, as a rule is entirely dissatisfied with the declaration.

"Al Difaa" is indignant at the exclusion of Beersheba from the area of sales restriction and declares that a million Jews could be easily settled in that region. "Al Liwa," the organ of the Mufti's party, writes that Britain is merely giving palliatives to the Arabs until the Jews have obtained the majority.

It rejects all concessions granted by the Government as entirely unsatisfactory.

AIR STRENGTH OF POWERS

Russia Leads With Large Bombers

(In view of the war-scare following Germany's occupation of the Rhineland, the following article regarding the air-strength of the various powers may found to be of particular interest.):—

NEW YORK, (By Air Mail).

"The atmosphere of Europe is becoming heavily charged. People everywhere are talking of "war" and it has stimulated their general apprehensions", declares Captain Liddell Hart, the world-renowned British military autnority in the "New York Times Magazine".

The following general estimate regarding the air strength of the various European nations may probably be interesting.

Air strength is normally reckoned in terms of first-line air-craft —which represents the number of machines actually in service with formed units. Germany's first line strength is probably in the region of 600 machines. Easily convertible civil air-craft may number another 200. The sports associations might provide an extra 300 or 400 'planes. It is, however, expected that by the end of 1936 the German air force will soon attain a first line strength of 1,500.

The total regular strength of the British Air Force is now just over 1,100. But the needs of the empire reduce the total strength at home to a little under 700 first line machines.

France's first line strength is not short of 1,600 machines. But of these a few more than 1,000 are available at home. They are however of a very modern type.

The Russian Air Force is today the greatest in Europe. Its first line strength is almost certainly over 2,500 machines and may be as high as 3,000. It includes at least 400 large bombers of long radius.

Italy's actual first line strength is probably 1,100 machines. Of these over 400 are in Africa. There are besides reports of the growing output of new types of bombers with a speed of about 220 miles per hour and a radius of nearly 500 miles. These are being turned out by the factories as fast as possible.

In 1914 the Germans surprised the French by incorporating their reserve formations in their striking forces, thus deploring nearly double the numbers that the French expected to meet in the opening clash.

This may be repeated, to-day with air forces. For each first line machines, most countries aim to maintain three or four in reserve.

DEATH OF KHAN BAHADUR R. P. GREEN

(From A Correspondent)

RAJKOT, (By Mail).

The death of Khan Bahadur Ruttonji Pestonji Green occurred here at his residence due to heart failure at the age of 86.

Mr. Green was Deputy Political Agent (retired) and Chairman of the Bench of Honorary First Class Magistrates, Rajkot Civil Station and Secretary to the Jetalsar Rajkot Railway Syndicate since 1927. He was born at Surat. He served in the Gondal State as Head Clerk and Head Accountant during British Administration 1877-1885. He served in various capacities as Head Clerk and Office 1885-91, as Chief Accountant, Kathiawar Local Funds 1891-93, and Head Clerk, Kathiawar Political Agency 1893-1903. He was at the Delhi Assemblage with the Agent to the Governor in Kathiawar in 1902-03. He worked as Deputy Political Agent, Rewa Kantha 1903-06, and Manager, Kanthadwalla State 1909-1910. He was Special Officer to decide Encumbered Estates Cases while he was granted extensions of service from 1910-13. He was awarded King's Coronation Medal in 1911-12. He decided 883 cases in 3 years and 3 months and no appeal against his decision succeeded. Retired on 8th January, 1914 The Agent to the Governor, Kathiawar acknowledged his meritorious service and soon appointed Sarkari Karbhari, Vala State 1914-21. He was also Secretary to the Jetalsar Rajkot Railway from 1st January 1927. He was President of the Rajkot Parsi Zoroastrian Charitable Funds. He was awarded Silver Jubilee Medal in May, 1935. His publications are:—Assisted in the Compilation of Kathiawar Directory Parts 1 and 2 in 1884. Part 3 in 1896, and compiled Part 4 in Four Volumes in 1908. Also publisher of Kathiawar Directory by Mr. Govinden in 3 Volumes in 1921.

MAHARAJA'S VISIT TO LILIYA

(From Our Correspondent).

BHAVNAGAR, March 7.

After tremendous press propaganda woes of the peasants of Liliya Mahal have reached the higher authorities in Bhavnagar. But instead of taking a sympathetic attitude, subordinate revenue officers are trying to whitewash the whole thing. The Maharaja has accepted the invitation of prominent peasants to visit the Mahal and has left Bhavnagar for the purpose. It is expected that Sir P. Pattani will accompany him.

The question of establishing a permanent Control Laboratory at Delhi is under consideration of the Government of India. At present the Control Laboratory is temporarily located in the Government College, Lahore, by the courtesy of the Punjab Government.

IT HAS BEEN THE TALK OF THE TOWN!

2ND GLORIOUS WEEK

BHARAT LAXMI PICTURES (Calcutta).

Heart Appealing Story of an Ideal Woman who Sacrifices her own self in order to save her Heart's Soul HUSBAND.

Written by late Indian Shakespeare AGA HASHRA KASHMIREE

Drawing Packed Houses in MODEL TALKIES, Ahmedabad.

HERE IS A GALAXY OF STARS: KAJJAN, MUKHTAR BEGUM, P. COOPER, VIOLET, KERAWALA

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HEART'S DESIRE

NOW RUNNING AT

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Time: 5, 8 & 10-45.

Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-45.

Grand Reception Unique Appreciation!

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Draws record breaking audiences since last ten days

SEE TO-DAY and Share the joys of thousands when they cheer Great

GOHAR

on the Silver Screen.

Running for the

2nd WEEK

West-End Talkies

TIME AS USUAL.

IT'S HERE AT LAST!

MARATHI VERSION

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—Which was anxiously awaited by lovers of "PRABHAT" & MARATHI LANGUAGE

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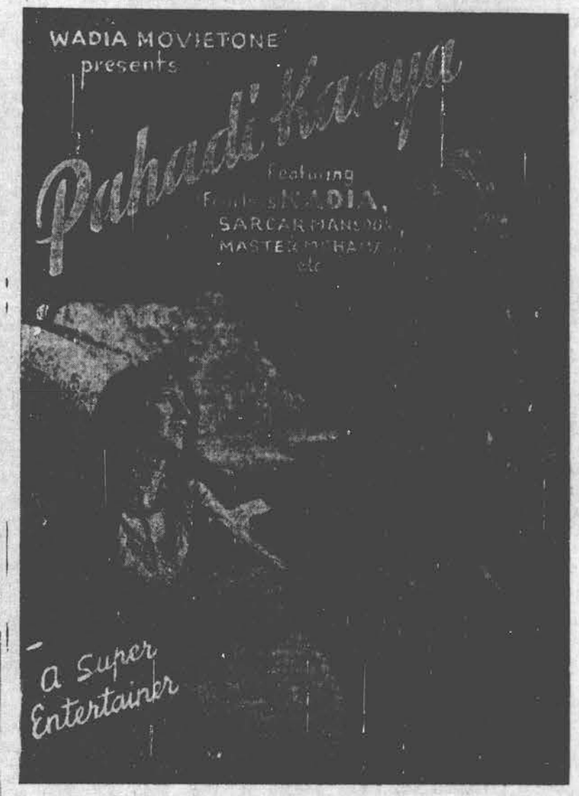
KRISHNA DUBASH THEATRE

Daily at 5-15, 8, and 10-45 p.m.

Matinee AT 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.

DHARMATMA in 15th Glorious Week



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COMFORT PEACE . . . . . AT HOME FEELING

LAMINGTON TALKIES

LAMINGTON ROAD

FRI-SAT-SUN-2-30 p. m. DAILY 5-15; 8; 10-45

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

A verdict of "death from asphyxiation due to accidental drowning," was recorded by the Coroner's Jury at the inquest held today on the body of Dhondu Raoji aged 30.

At 10-30 a.m. yesterday, the railway police received intimation to the effect that a man had been run over by a train, and was lying unconscious near the Dockyard Road station.

The police immediately rushed across to the scene of the fatality, and conveyed the injured man to the J. J. Hospital It has been now verified that Waghji Motiram, the victim of the accident, has succumbed to his injuries.

At a preliminary identification. Lalji Kalyanji, a grain merchant residing at Mandvi, stated that the deceased was his nephew aged 19 and was employed as a shop-assistant at Bhat Bazaar.

Yesterday at 9 p.m. witness received information that the deceased had been run over and killed under a railway train at Reay Road.

The city coroner appointed the 14th of March for further hearing

Abdulla Inus was arrested by the Pydhoni Police yesterday.

It was alleged that the accused served as a servant in the employ of Khan Bahadur H. S. Ahmed, Knight of the Order of the Crown Belgium. On the 11th instant the accused asked leave of his master under the pretext of seeing his sister at Parel, who was stated to be very ill.

That very evening the complainant missed his gold watch and chain valued at Rs. 200 from the dressing table. The accused was subsequently arrested.

He was placed to-day before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, who ordered him to be remanded into police custody till the 23rd instant

The Palton Road Police effected another arrest in the daring theft case reported to them by a hawker, who was robbed while he was away at his prayers in the Muzaffarkhana.

The accused, Abdul Suleman it was stated was first traced to Chora Bazar, where he was found attempting to dispose of the stolen articles. Before he was arrested, however, another man intervened and Abdul Suleman vanished in the bustle of Chora Bazar

He was subsequently found in a Mill at Gorpadeo working in the Night shift and arrested.

The accused was placed to-day before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, and remanded in police custody for 14 days.

Faujankhan Ajunkhan and Jarnoshkhan Ajunkhan were arrested yesterday by the Kalachowki Police charged under Section 342-114 I.P.C. (wrongful restraint and abetment).

It was alleged that the complainant in the case had borrowed Rs. 10 from Faujankhan on a promissory note, about 3 months ago, and had paid him Rs. 10 so far.

At 12 noon yesterday, the complainant came out of the New China Mill where he is employed. and Faujankhan took him over to his room at Sewree. There it was alleged he accused detained him and also assaulted him.

It was submitted before the Magistrate by the Police, that the accused persons declined to make any statement, and failed to report at the Police Station this morning, as instructed.

The accused were placed to-day before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, who remarked that he would give the accused one more chance instead of cancelling their bail bonds, but increased the bail to Rs. 100 till the 16th instant.

Amritlal Lalji, who is suspected of being involved in a theft case in Bombay was arrested at Amreli in Baroda State and brought to Bombay on an extradition warrant.

He was put before the Presidency Magistrate at the Girgaum Court when he pointed out another accused in the case as the man to whom he had sold a camera valued at Rs 75, for Rs. 4 only. The property had been recovered from the second accused who is on bail.

The Magistrate ordered Lalji to be remanded to police custody as the latter wanted some more time to conduct investigations.

As a sequel to a stabbing outrage on the 5th instant at Dongri Bazar, when Vinayak Arjun, aged 35, was stabbed in the abdomen, it has been learnt that the injured man who has been lying at the J. J. Hospital, expired yesterday of his injuries.

It was alleged that on the 5th instant the deceased who resided at Kanga Building, Umerkhadi, went over to Dongri Bazar where he met two persons Pilaj and Shamsing.

There was a quarrel during the course of which Shamsing was stated to have assaulted Vinayak with a belt, and Pilai is alleged to have stabbed him in the abdomen.

Both the accused ran away immediately after the outrage.

At an identification hearing, Mahadev Tukaram stated that the deceased was his cousin aged 27, and a labourer by profession.

To enable the Police to conduct investigation in the matter, further hearing of the inquest was adjourned till the 25th instant.

After a brief spell, the usual "Segree fatalities" have once again come into prominence.

This time the unfortunate victim was a young woman, Godawaribai aged 13, residing on the 1st floor of Hussein Building, De Lisle Road, who was stated to have been removing a pot of hot water from a segree, when her sari came in contact with the flames and immediately got ablaze. The girl sustained severe burns all over her body and was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where she expired subsequently.

In giving evidence before the City Coroner, Ahilyabai, sister of the deceased stated that at about 5-30 a.m. yesterday the deceased was about to remove a pot of water from off the Segree, when her sari caught ablaze and she received fatal burns.

An open verdict of "death due to shock from burns accidentally sustained" was recorded by the Coroner's jury.

NO SACRIFICE OF ANIMALS

Conductor Gives Way To Public Feeling And Abandons Rite

SANGLI: March 12.

In view of the keen opposition to the proposed Vedic sacrificial rite at Sangli, known as "Aptoryaga," Mr. Vasudeo Shastri Natu, the conductor of the said rite, has given up his idea of performing the sacrifice, which was to commence on the 27th inst. and last twelve days.

Now a smaller sacrificial rite, known as "Chaturmasyayesti," which is without any animal sacrifice, is proposed to be held.

A correspondent telegraphs under date March 12:—

Consequent on the cancellation of the Vedic sacrifice rites, the public meeting, which was being arranged to condemn the action, has been cancelled.—A.P.

Sonawalla Charity Trust

The Allarakhia Rehemtulla Sonawalla charity (Wkf) Fund, Bombay, spent during 1934-35 Rs. 5,556-15 in the shape of monthly allowances to poor students and Rs. 2,256-2 in the form of railway fares, school and college fees and books to students and aid to small business men like hawkers. The Fund has been conducting 13 free primary Urdu and Arabic schools in various villages, all of which were visited during the year by the managing trustees, Haji Allarakhia R. Sonawalla. The chairman of the trust board is Mr. Rahimtoola M. Chinoy.

Owing to the sad demise of Her Highness the Maharani of Gondal all the courts and offices in Jhalawar State were closed on Thursday as a mark of respect to the deceased.

GRIEVANCES OF ACCUSED IN "COMMUNIST" CASE

Home Member Replies To Short Notice Question In Council

The following short notice questions were put in the Bombay Legislative Council on Friday:—

Mr. A. N. Surve (Non-Muhammadan Urban, Bombay City, North): Will the Hon'ble the Home and General Member be pleased to state—

(a) whether the defence counsel in the trial, known as the communist case, now in progress before the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay, have withdrawn? If so, what reasons they have assigned for the step taken by them;

(b) whether an application was made to Government—under the peculiar circumstances of this case—on behalf of the defence to supply it with copies of the documents impounded by the Police, in the raids conducted to arrest the accused; if so, how that application has been disposed of;

(c) whether all money belonging to the accused has been attached after their arrest;

(d) what action Government intend to take in this matter?

Home Member's Reply.

Sir Robert Bell replying said that the defence counsel had withdrawn a few days ago, on the ground that copies of documents referred to by the special public prosecutor were not given to them generally free of cost.

(b) The Commissioner of Police had been instructed to arrange to supply to the defence the copies of exhibits free of charge.

(c) and (d) A considerable sum of money was found in the rooms where the accused were arrested; Government contemplated no action but that described in clause (b).

ENHANCED PUNISHMENT FOR GAMBLING

Strict Provisions Of Act Which Is In Force Now

BOMBAY: Friday.

The Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act, 1936, which was passed by the Legislative Council last month, received the assent of the Governor-General-in-Council on March 7 and was published for general information in the "Bombay Government Gazette" on Thursday.

The chief features of the new Act are:

1. The definition of the term "gaming" and "instruments of gambling" are made more comprehensive.

2 Penalties on conviction for offences under the Gambling Acts are enhanced.

3. Police officers may be authorised to carry out raids by a general order in writing from the Commissioner on premises which they have reason to suspect are used as a common gaming house. to search all parts of the premises so entered, and arrest all persons he shall find therein whether actually gaming or not.

4 Under Section 12A of the Act a police officer may apprehend without warrant any person who prints, publishes, sells, distributes or in any manner circulates any newspaper, newssheet, or other document or any news or information with the intention of aiding or facilitating gambling. Any person so apprehended on conviction shall be punished as provided for in the case of persons convicted of gaming.

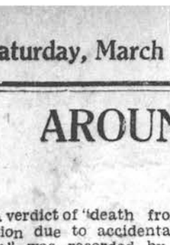
5. A police officer may enter and search any place for the purpose of seizing all things reasonably suspected to be used or intended to be used for the purpose of an offence under Section 12A.

6. Any person who has been thrice convicted within a period of three years of an offence either under Section 4 or Section 12A of the Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act will be liable to deportation.

Bhadravati Paper Mills Ltd., Bangalore

A Bombay correspondent writes: "The investing public of Bombay could not get the number of shares they wanted in the Mysore Sugar Co., Ltd., as the share list was closed immediately on publication of the prospectus. And now the Government of Mysore have decided to start the paper industry after sufficient investigation, and this no doubt gives a chance to the Bombay public for their sound investments.

Mysore is the only Indian State that is much advanced in industrial enterprise and it is the only State that has a Trade Commissioner in London. The standard of administration in Mysore is very high and adding paper industry to the existing successful institutions will no doubt go a great way to solve the unemployment problem in this country.



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Just use Listerine Tooth Paste for 30 days and note the vast improvement in your teeth. Your gums will feel better too.

E66 ... AND IT MAKES THE BREATH SWEETER

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B. S. N. Co.'s PLEASURE CRUISES

(Noted for the pleasant & healthy relaxation that they provide).
Saturday, 14th March, 1936 xx Pirwari or Ulwa 3-30—8-30 p.m.
Sunday, 15th March, 1936 x Round "Duffer.n" 6-15—7-30 p.m.
Fare per person x 0-12-0. xx Rs. 1-8-0.

CHILDREN AT HALF RATES.
MUSIC: DRINKS & LIGHT REFRESHMENTS AT TARIFF RATES.
Tickets will be sold at Apollo Bunder at the time of embarkation.

REMEMBER THIS DATE

APRIL 17 FRIDAY

THIS IS NO "DISGUISE"

A glamorous riot
OF RIDING, SHOOTING, ROMANCE... AND SONG!
The whole dashing, dramatic story of America's Old Southwest told in the sweeping, swinging rhythms of the screen's first big outdoor musical romance!
Adolph Zukor presents
ROSE OF THE RANCHO
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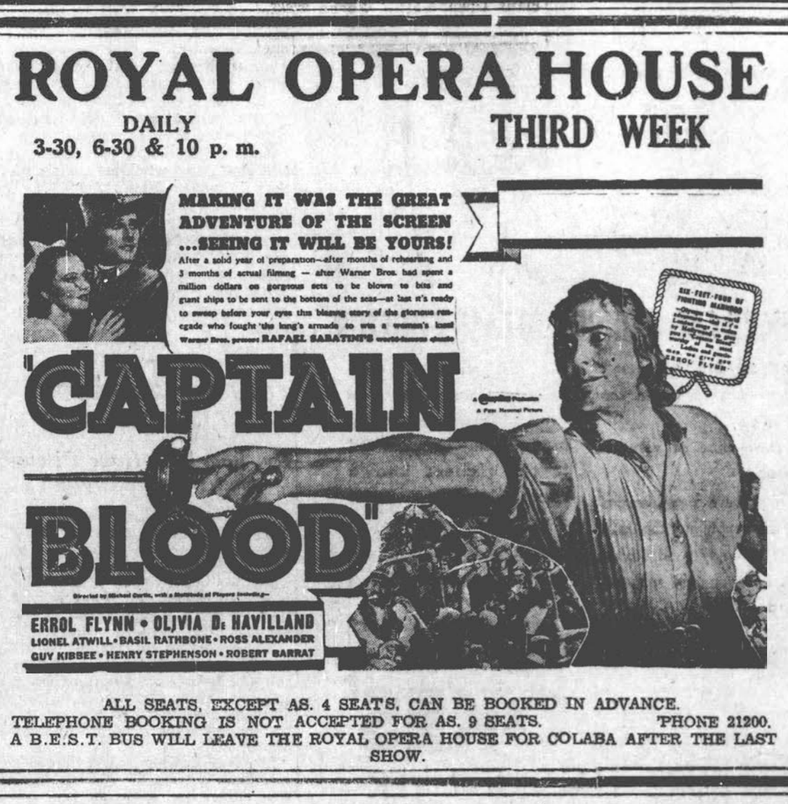
Directed by Marion Gering
HIS MAJESTY'S BROADCAST. King Edward follows example set by beloved father and speaks to people of Britain and Empire.
PATHE DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
Sunday extra show 10 a. m.
'Ph. 41561.


ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
DAILY
3-30, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
THIRD WEEK
MAKING IT WAS THE GREAT ADVENTURE OF THE SCREEN ...SEEING IT WILL BE YOURS!
CAPTAIN BLOOD
ERROL FLYNN • OLIVIA De HAVILLAND
LIONEL ATWILL • BASIL RATHBONE • ROSS ALEXANDER
GUY KIBBEE • HENRY STEPHENSON • ROBERT BARRAT
ALL SEATS, EXCEPT AS. 4 SEATS, CAN BE BOOKED IN ADVANCE.
TELEPHONE BOOKING IS NOT ACCEPTED FOR AS. 9 SEATS. 'PHONE 21200.
A B.E.S.T. BUS WILL LEAVE THE ROYAL OPERA HOUSE FOR COLABA AFTER THE LAST SHOW.

LIGHT SHOWERS LIKELY ALONG N. W. FRONTIER

POONA, March 12.

The weather remains dry over the country. The Western disturbance has caused cloud along the north west frontier.

Forecast:— A few light falls of rain may occur along the north-west frontier.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 13-3-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .017 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 79.0 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 69.8 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 100.6 degrees 15.1 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 73.0 degrees 2.1 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 61 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 169 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 25 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) Trace

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 13-3-36

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.14 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.94 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Injuries to toes form the greatest number of accidents to railway workers according to statistics.

STABBING CASE SUSPECT REMANDED

BOMBAY, Friday.

In connection with the stabbing outrage on the 5th instant of one Vinayak Arjoon, Shamsing Dabalsing one of the accused in the case who was then released on bail, was ordered to-day to be remanded into Police custody till 27-3-36, by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

Pilia Maruti who was alleged to have stabbed Arjoon, is said to be absconding.

Our Baroda correspondent wires: Jaina Charya Atmaramjee's centenary celebrations will be held here from 21st March to 24th, when a large assemblage of Jains is expected. Munishree Vijayavallabhsari has issued an appeal to all Jains in India to celebrate the occasion.

VIGOROUS HEALTH
FOR WORK OR PLAY

Some pigeons keep flying long after others have settled on the machan. So it is with children; many are full of vigorous activity for hours after their companions have slowed down or given up.

The wise parent gives the active child Virol to maintain its vigour and gives the quick-tiring child Virol to increase its strength. For Virol contains all the elements necessary for stimulating and maintaining the growth of brain and body.

In fact, recent scientific investigations with various foods have proved that Virol was the only one that produced the ideal standard of growth.

GIVE YOUR CHILD A
VIROL
CONSTITUTION

"I SEEM TO CATCH THINGS SO EASILY DOCTOR"

"I feel only half well, I can't face my work, and I'm too tired to play."

Another case of vitamin starvation.

You must have a regular and adequate supply of Vitamins A and D to enjoy good health, resist infection and maintain sound bones and teeth. Present day food sadly lacks these two all-important vitamins, but you can get them easily by taking 3 drops of Crookes' Oil 3 times a day on fruit or food. **Crookes' Oil is the richest known natural source of Vitamins A and D.**

There is 300 times more Vitamin A in Crookes' Pure Halibut Liver Oil than in average cod liver oil, and 30-40 times more Vitamin D.

CROOKES'
PURE HALIBUT LIVER
COLLOSOL **OIL** BRAND (Regd.)

In liquid form, 16 days full adult dosage, Re.1.14.
Capsules (each a full dose) Bottle of 25—Re.2.6.

From all Chemists and Stores.

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The Crookes' Laboratories 10 Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

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FREE!! Gold Talisman (Govt. Registered) given by a sage in the palace of Maharaja of Tipperah. Infallibly cures any disease and fulfils all desires.
SHAKTI BHANDAR, P.O. Auliabad (Sylhet), ASSAM.

The "Sports Day" of the Infant Section of the Pupils' Own School of Vile-Parle, was held last week. Photo to the left shows the start of the "Observation Race," while that to the right shows the Market Race in progress.

PUPILS' OWN SCHOOL

Vile Parle's Model Educational Institution

(From A Correspondent.)

The Pupils' Own School of Vile-Parle, well-known for its active educational ideas, was the centre of a good deal of activity last week.

The first of these was the "Sports Day" of the infant section of the school, the function being presided over by Smt. Urmila Mehta of Khar. It was a brilliant success, considering the tender age of the children (being between four and eight), who in a body took part in most of the items. The most remarkable feature of this function was the liveliness of the youngsters, clad in their school uniform and their display of intelligent activity speaks highly of the school's achievement in this direction.

Yet another programme of the School came off last week-end, when a large gathering of guests and guardians was entertained by the school children in their Purnima Sammelani. This original idea of holding a literary meeting every full-moon day to give the guardians and the guests an idea of the progress of children month by month is truly an indication of the school's genuine interest in educational experiments. The programme under review was the second of its kind. All present were impressed by the variety and genuine educational usefulness of the programme: the essays read by several of the school children indicated a high level of literary merit and imagination. Their short dramatic representations of various literary and historical subjects, too, showed a real insight into the psychological needs of the child mind. The items which were meant for pure entertainment gladdened the hearts of the guardians, who saw their children in such a happy mood.

On the whole, one felt that the School was going from strength to strength, and now that it has crossed the barrier of university recognition, it is likely to blossom forth into a real pioneer of modern education in the City's Suburbs.

FURTHER RETRENCHMENT ON RYS.

Ry. Board To Have Discussion With Federation

NEW DELHI, March 12.

In course of an interview as to whether there was going to be any retrenchment on the Railways, Mr. V. V. Giri, M.L.A., General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, said that he had received a communication from the Railway Board dated March 9, 1936 that a further retrenchment on the Railways was contemplated, and it was desired by the Board to discuss this matter with the Federation on March 28.

Mr. Giri further stated that this information was as sudden as it was surprising when it was felt that in no other department the 'retrenchment axe' had so ruthlessly been used as on the Railways, throwing thousands of families into the streets during the last five years in addition to the introduction of such devices as short time, wage-cuts, and revised scales of wages, directed against the standard of living, specially of the low paid staff.

The present impending retrenchment, Mr. Giri deplored, would be nothing but the 'last straw on the camel's back' and was bound to cause great discontent and unrest among the Railway workers in India and they would be compelled to protect their interests in all possible ways.—United Press.

Ghuznavi Elected Trustee Of Indian Museum

NEW DELHI March 10

Trustees of the Indian Museum Calcutta have unanimously elected Sir A. Halim Ghuznavi as a Trustee of the Museum.

Hitler's Statements Against India

PROTESTS MUST BE EFFECTIVE

(From A Special Correspondent.)

BERLIN, (By Mail.)

Recently protests have again appeared in the columns of the "Bombay Chronicle" and certain other Indian papers with reaction to some statements of a condemnatory character in trend about India and Indians in Herr Hitler's book "Mein Kampf". References have in connection been made quoting a report that appeared as well in the "Manchester Guardian" to a protest action by China to certain statements in the volume, regarded as of non-complimentary nature by China, and of assurance being given following this protest of the removal of such statements.

It is a fact that "Mein Kampf". the new editions of which have been coming out steadily in Germany with the advent to power of the Nazi regime, contains some references to India, non-complimentary and scornful. These references are especially objectionable as being entirely gratuitous and now as well on account of the position of their author.

Basing on the reported Chinese action, suggestions have been made of a protest from India, whatever be the nature of the assurance given to Chinese protest, regarding an Indian protest the view obtained from an important source in Germany is that Herr Hitler would be inclined to consider a protest as far as India is concerned, perhaps only if it came from Britain. It may, however, be well to put this to test. Anyway the echo to a protest will depend on the strength set on it. Important circles in Germany take a realistic view. With India of course Germany is concerned with trade. And developments it may be are held as indicating that it is possible for Germany to hurl condemnations against India get German propaganda extended in India in various ways, buy less from India and sell more to India. Why should Germany worry then? German attitude may well consider a change when it is seen that the present does not pay. It is for India to show this in all possible ways, consistent with national honour and interests.

MacDONALD AND "TRANSFERRED MAN"

Labour M. P. Asks Ex-Premier Not To "Make A Fool Of Himself"

(From Our Own Correspondent).

LONDON, March 3.

(By Air Mail.)

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, Lord President of the Council, made important announcements of Government policy towards the distressed areas yesterday in the House of Commons. He summed up the Government's plan under six heads for the sum of £2,000,000 provided for the work of the Special Commissioners appointed to find outlets for the wasted labour in these areas which has been provisionally increased to £5,000,000.

"TRANSFERRED MAN."

"There must be special means and special facilities for the transferred man," said Mr. MacDonald. An open-eyed Tory behind him immediately gave him a warning, but the ex-Prime Minister did not bother to take any notice of it. "It is not on charity, but on friends that a transferred man must rely," he intoned. At this there were shouts of derision from the Labour members; "You are nothing but a transferred man yourself." "Yes," cried Mr. MacDonald, "and I know that the great mass of the people would be anxious to be transferred from where there is no prospect to where there are prospects." A Labour member shouted "Seaham."

"FOR GOD'S SAKE . . ."

Mr. MacDonald's words, of course, might be applied with equal force to his own transfer from the Prime Ministership to the Lord Presidency of the Council or to his transfer from the constituency of Seaham to the constituency of the Scottish Universities. He was, however, claiming that during the past twelve months there had been considerable improvement in the distressed areas when Mr. A. C. Maclaren, a Labour Member, found it impossible to restrain himself and called out: "Oh, for God's sake do sit down, man. Don't make a fool of yourself. It is a ghastly tragedy."

"MAC" SITS DOWN

At first the National Tories laughed and then relapsed into decorum, crying, "Order, order". The Speaker intervened. "We can do without these unseemly interruptions", he said. The Prime Minister whispered something to Mr. MacDonald, who resumed his seat. It was his first speech in the House after being elected recently. His speech lasted just over four minutes.

In the lobbies it was felt that Mr. MacDonald was not happily inspired since the Socialists always do their utmost to embarrass him, though on the present occas on the difficulties were not all of their making. His style was so involved that it was often hard to discover what exactly he intended to convey. More than once he used phrases which were capable of an ironic application to himself and his own position and, of course, this was eagerly seized.

Our Karnatak Letter

TAKE BACK THE LAND

Distress In Hirekerur Makes Peasants Ready To Surrender Holdings

BELGAUM, (By Mail.)

A feeling of great unrest was felt in Gandhi Ashram Hosrittl, when it was learnt that the Congress Flag was removed by the village officials of Halgi where it was made to fly by the Ashramites on a private hillock by the side of the river as a memorial of Congress Golden Jubilee. The village officials it is reported, removed this flag so that it should not be seen by the Assistant Collector who was on tour that side. The peasants assembled again unfurled the flag.

Mr. Gudleppa Hallikeri has sent applications to the Collector of Dharwar and the Mamlatdar of Haveri Taluka in connection with the incident.

A physical class has been started here under the auspices of the District School Board, Bijapur. Mr. S. T. Patil, Chairman, opened the class. Teachers from 15 to 20 villages have come to attend the class.

Mr. V. V. Patil visited many villages in the Taluka and has issued a lengthy statement to the Press wherein he has drawn the picture of the utter helplessness of the ryots in the Taluka. Owing to the scarcity of rain water was not available for the paddy fields and consequently the villagers of 72 villages had applied for the remission of water-tax and suspension of revenue. But the Government while remitting water tax in all the villages has suspended only half of the revenue collections of 52 villages only. Though condition of the remaining 20 villages is the same as that of others. The present price of an acre of land is between Rs. 5 and 10 in these parts which shows the sad plight of the land. Many villagers are applying to the Government stating their willingness to surrender their lands.

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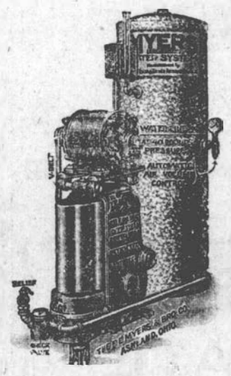

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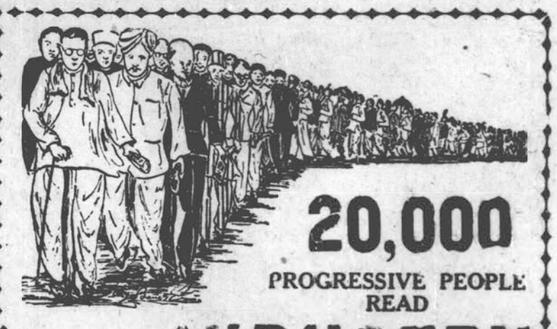

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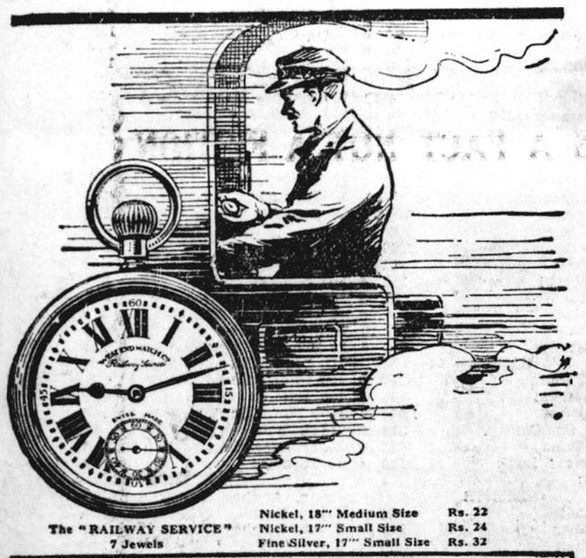

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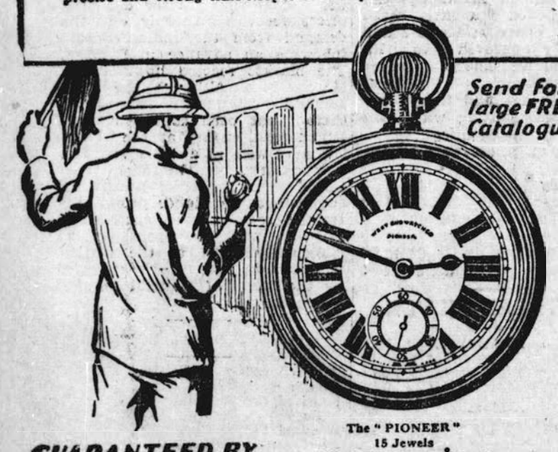

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TRADE & FINANCE

Monetary Situation Without Any Change

Giltedgeds Weak And Hesitant On Political Uncertainty

SILVER SHOOTING UP EARLY BUT EASIER LATER WHILE GOLD MOVING NARROWLY

Excited Conditions On Stock Exchange Early

WEEKLY REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)

MONEY.

There is no change in the monetary situation, call funds being available at 1/2 per cent. Treasury Bill maturities this week amounted to Rs. 2 crores, and Government bought £980,000 sterling, thus putting about Rs. 1.30 crores additional on the market. The sale of three months Treasury Bills was resumed on the 10th instant and tenders for Rs 1 crore were invited, which were accepted at Rs. 0-10-0 per cent. Government have borrowed from the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 4 crores for ways and means. Fixed deposit rates were unchanged:—3 months at 1 to 1 1/4 per cent. and 6 months at 1 4/2 per cent.

The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ended March 6, 1936 shows a decrease of Rs. 51.69 lacs in the total notes issued against a corresponding decrease of Rs. 51.89 lacs in Rupee coin. Notes in circulation have increased by Rs. 302.56 lacs while those held in the Banking Department have diminished by Rs. 354.25 lacs. Sterling securities remain unchanged at Rs. 67.31 crores whereas Rupee securities have slightly increased by Rs. 0.20 lacs. Government Deposits fell by Rs. 80.70 lacs, while Banks Deposits rose by Rs. 114.27 lacs. Balances held abroad are down by Rs. 5.11 lacs. Loans and Advances to the Government are up by Rs. 4 crores and Others by Rs. 0.50 lacs. Investments have declined by Rs. 0.25 lacs and Other Assets recorded an increase of Rs. 6.16 lacs. The bank rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

The Imperial Bank of India statement as on March 6, 1936, shows an increase of Rs. 12.82 lacs in the total cash balance of the bank, now standing at Rs. 26.83 crores. Total securities have declined by Rs. 216.83 lacs. Loans, Cash Credits and Overdrafts and Bills discounted are up by Rs 4.90 lacs, Rs. 63.18 lacs and Rs. 129.30 lacs respectively. Deposits on all accounts show a recession of Rs. 0.33 lacs during the week.

Gilt-edged were steady early in the week, 3 1/2 per cent Paper moving between Rs. 98-13 and Rs. 99-4. On Monday the market weakened on "war scare", 3 1/2 per cent Paper touching as low as Rs. 96-12. Thereafter the market gradually improved to Rs. 97-9, but the tone of the market is still hesitant at the close depending upon the political outlook in Europe. 3 per cent 1941 loan dropped from Rs. 104-12 to Rs. 104-2. 3 per cent 1951-54 New Loan moved between Rs. 103-9 and Rs. 103; 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan between Rs. 107-6 and Rs. 106-2; 4 per cent 1943 bonds between Rs. 110-11 and Rs. 110-3 and 4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 loan between Rs. 119-8 and Rs. 118-12. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan after declining from Rs. 113-7 to Rs. 112-3 improved to Rs. 112-8. 5 per cent 1939-44 and 1940-43 loans are quoted at Rs. 108-14 and Rs. 111-1 respectively. 5 per cent 1945-55 (Tax free) loan after losing about 1 point moved up to Rs. 119-8. 5 1/2 per cent 1930-40 loan dropped from Rs. 108-11 to Rs. 108-1.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was steady with sellers at 1s. 6 7/64d and buyers at 1s. 6 9/64d. Fresh business in connection with export of gold was small but there was a moderate showing of merchandise export bills.

The sudden political developments in Europe caused a heavy selling of France and buying of Dollars on Monday last in the foreign exchange market in London when Controls intervened and succeeded in maintaining the Franc around 74.97. The London/New York rate after receding from Dol. 4.99 3/16 to Dol. 4.96 11/16 improved and closed at Dol. 4.97 11/16. The Paris/London rate moved between Frs. 74.97 and Frs. 74.79. The belga and guilder fluctuated between 29.30 1/2 and 29.25 and 7.27 1/4 and 7.26 1/8 respectively. The Italian Lira closed at 62.31.

GOLD.

Gold moved narrowly, the price of ready ranging between Rs. 34-13-3 and Rs. 34-12-6. Traders were cautious to extend their commitments and adopted a "wait and see" policy. Purchases by banks for export were small, the local quotations for most part being above export parity. Daily arrivals averaged about 15,000 tolas and stocks on hand are estimated at about 1 lac tolas. Total shipments of gold per s.s. "Cathay" and "Strathmore" amounted to Rs. 42 lacs. In London the price of gold after declining from 141s. 1d. to 141s. mid-week improved and closed at 141s. 1d. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 34-13-3 and Rs. 34-12-6 for ready and March 9 settlement and Rs. 34-13 and Rs. 34-12-6 for April 14 settlement. The price of sovereigns improved, ready to Rs. 22-7-3 and April 4 settlement to Rs. 22-6-6. Total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 13.627 in bar and coin.

SILVER.

Silver spurted early in the week on bulls buying at low levels on the "war scare". Ready scared up from Rs. 47-13 to Rs. 50-6. Later, however, in the absence of encouraging advices from outside markets, the price eased off, ready closing at Rs. 49/6. Stocks including imports are estimated at about 6,000 bars, and silver "at sea" is valued at £218,900. The offtake this week averaged about 300 bars a day. Total imports during the week amounted to about 1,572 bars and Rs. 1,61,328 in coin. The highest and lowest rates of the metal in London were 19 3/4d and 19 1/16d for spot and 19 9/16 and 18 15/16d for two months forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 50-6 and Rs. 47-13 for ready and March 13 settlement and Rs. 50-3 and Rs. 47-3 for April 14 settlement.

SHARES.

The share market was excited on last Monday on reports of political disturbances in Europe, and most of the heavy industrials and cotton mill shares were firm. Tata defds. advanced from Rs. 508-12 to Rs. 556-4; Ordys. from Rs. 142-12 to Rs. 149; Shivrajpurs from Rs. 29-4 to Rs. 30-8; Bombay Dyeings from Rs. 662-8 to Rs. 691-4; Centurys from Rs. 152-8 to Rs. 165-10; Kohinoors from Rs. 180 to Rs. 191-14; Belapurs from 158-12 to Rs. 163-12 and Bombay Burmas from Rs. 363-2 to Rs. 380. Public utility and other cash shares, including Banks and Railways declined in sympathy with gilt-edged: Tata Hydros from Rs. 165-10 to Rs. 165; Tata Powers from Rs. 1,551-4 to Rs. 1,541-4; Central Banks from Rs. 35 to Rs. 33-12; Imperial Bank fully paid from Rs. 1555 to Rs. 1545 and Ahd. Prantij from Rs. 885 to Rs. 882-8. Thereafter the market quietened in the absence of any further developments; Tata Defds. closed at Rs. 541-4; Ordys at Rs. 146-12; Bombay Dyeing at Rs. 680; Centurys at Rs. 160; Kohinoors at Rs. 186-14; Belapurs at Rs. 161-14 and Bombay Burmas at Rs. 372-8.

MANCHESTER TRADE REPORT

Looms Becoming Empty

Manchester, Feb 26

CLOTH

Demand is patchy and irregular and there is nothing like the volume that is needed to keep looms in operation. Since Christmas order books have run down considerably and looms are now becoming empty.

The best outlet has been Karachi. Recent activity displayed by Java has been maintained. Dyed goods, printed poplins, voiles and fancies have all been in request and some of the contracts have been of substantial character. The Straits Settlement have been buyers of lawns, cambrics, light whites and fancies. Transactions in fancy poplins, brocades and bleaching cloth have taken place for China.

A quiet demand is coming in from West African markets, principally for the heavier classes of bleaching cloth, prints, brocades and bafts. Many of the leading makers are booked a long way ahead for these outlets and the prospects for future trade are regarded as bright.

Near Eastern centres have been interested in various printing and finishing cloths and fancies and a steady, but not large business in white shirtings, fine mulls, tanjibs and prints has been arranged for Egypt. Some of the Continental markets have been buyers of fine cloth sateens and greys for finishing. Several substantial lines of fine poplins, fancy shirtings and typewriter cloth have been fixed up for the United States.

YARN

The Spinning branch of the Industry has had a poor week. Slackening of demand has been general and it has been the exception to come across a producer who has sold full production. On the whole deliveries have been taken fairly freely, though there have been complaints of dilatoriness in some directions.

The Egyptian section has continued in the dumps. Quotations in this branch have been more irregular and the number of weak sellers is increasing. Demand for Hosiery and Thread Yarns has been quiet. There has been a quiet business in bundles for India but export demand generally has been dull.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS

LONDON, Mar. 13.

Total Bullion	£2 14) 0'0
Public Deposits	£ 14,700,000
(A) Other Deposits	£127 60),C0
Government Securities	£73 0, 0)
(B) Others Securities	£24,7 0 000
Notes and Coins	5' 80 0'0
Notes in Circulation	...404 500,000
Ratio on of Reserve to Liabilities	40.05 p.c.
(A) Other Deposits include bankers	91,600,000
(E) Other Securities include Discounts and Advances	£ 9,900,000

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Mar. 13.

James Finlay and Coy.'s s.s. Clan Ranold of 3379 reg. tons, Capt. H. Evares arrived from Forvey, via Glasgow, Liverpool, Port Said and Suez with general cargo.

B.I.S.N. Coy.'s Gulf Line s.s. Barpeta of 1892.46 reg. tons, Capt. W. Dewhurst arrived from Busrah via Khoramshaher, Bushire, Bahrein, Dubai, Henjam, Bunder Abbas, Muscat, Gwadur, Karachi, Mangrol, Veraval, with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Mar. 13.

F. F. Campbell & Coy.'s s.s. Clydebank of 3113 reg. tons Capt. G. Sutherland sailed for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta with local and same bottom cargo.

O. S. Kaisha's Japan Line s.s. Borneo Maru of 4262 reg. tons, Capt. Y. Iwasaki sailed for Karachi in water ballast.

B.I.S.N. Coy.'s s.s. Goalpara of 3216 reg. tons, Capt. J. MacKenzie sailed for Calcutta via Mangalore and Colombo with local cargo.

B.I.S.N. Coy.'s s.s. Gandara of 3190 reg. tons, Capt. N. G. Readman sailed for Moulmein in water ballast.

Volkart Bros.' German Line s.s. Uckermark of 3535 reg. tons, Capt. F. Winter sailed for Hamburg via Djibouti with local and some bottom cargo.

Burmah Shell Oil S. and D. Co., Ltd. Oil Tanker s.s. Badarpur of 4949 reg. tons, Capt. P Sharman sailed for Rangoon with local cargo.

The following steamers entered for Loading on 13-3-36.

S S Nailsea Moor (O. S. T. Co.) for London, Liverpool, Hull, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

S S Burdwan (M. M. & Co.) for Europe and American Ports

S S Jeypore (M. M. & Co.) for China Japan Ports via Colombo.

S S City of Hongkong (K. N. & Co.) for Europe Ports via Bedi Bunder, Karachi and back via Port Said and Port Sudan.

OSAKA SAMPIN

Osaka, Mar. 13.

Yesterday's closing:—	
March	19' 00—00
June	193.70—70
September	193.70—70
To-day's opening:—	
March	192 80—20
June	19'.4'—10
September	193.20—50

POOL HOLDINGS OF COTTON

Latest Figures

New York, Mar 12

It is reported that the Pool is still long of about 80,000 bales in March and about 3,35,000 bales of spots.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Mar 13

	Cwts.
Wheat	5,035
Linseed	25,744
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	259
Gingellyseed	1,012
Groundnuts	10,292
Castorseed	2,523
Rice	9,601
Myrabollams	4,868
Cottonseed	3,184
Gram	4,469
Joowar	95
Barley	821
Bajree	4,157
	Tons.
Coal	1,600

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS.

London, Mar. 12.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special Cablegram from their Agents in London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices. £
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy. Stock	87 0 0
Bengal Iron 7 1/2 per cent Preference	0 12 6
Bengal-Nagpur Rly. Ord. Stock	103 0 0
Burma Corporation Ltd.	0 9 9
Cables and Wireless 7 1/2 per cent. Ord. A Stock	27 0 0
Calcutta Electric Sup. Copn. Ord.	3 2 9
Calcutta Tramways (Ordy.)	1 14 0
Cawnpore Electric Sup. Ord.	2 6 0
Delhi Electric Sup. Ord.	2 1 6
Panti Investment Trust Co.	0 12 6
Foreign Ely. Inv. Trust 5 per cent Prf Stk.	33 0 0
Genl. and Coml. Invest. Trust Defd. Stk.	95 0 0
East India Distilleries and S. F. Ord.	1 3 6
Eastern Bank Ltd.	7 10 0
Hongkong and Shanghai Bankg. Corpn.	101 0 0
Imperial Airways Ltd. Ord.	2 17 6
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord.)	0 3 3
Indian Iron and Steel 7 1/2 per cent. Debs.	106 0 0
Rangoon Electric Tram and S. Co.	2 1 6
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4 1/2 per cent Deb.	94 0 0

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The Nerve Tonic that gets at the CAUSE of your Trouble

NEW VIGOUR TO Enjoy life

● Tone up your body with Waterbury's Compound to enjoy true vigour and glowing health. It gives the extra strength you need . . . fortifies the body against weakness and disease. Pure liver and malt extracts, iron, copper, manganese and other nourishing ingredients make Waterbury's Compound the perfect tonic. It is free from disagreeable tastes or odours . . . pleasant and easy to take. Try Waterbury's for a fortnight . . . see how it builds up your energy. It will make you feel and act like a new man.

Sold in blue and red wrappers—the red as a general and bronchial tonic.

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND

BUILDS UP RUN-DOWN SYSTEMS

N-7

Steady Undertone In New York Cotton

Trade And Foreigners Principal Buyers

POOL SELLING NOT IN EVIDENCE AND GOOD DEMAND FOR PROMPT DELIVERY

Sentiment Unsettled However Owing Political Uncertainties

The New York market on Thursday though closed steady was rather nervous and irregular, unsettling factors being political uncertainties on one side and weakness of Wall Street on the other hand.

Foreigners and trade were the principal buyers imparting a steady undertone to the market.

Pool selling was not in evidence and cotton goods and yarn markets being firm, there was a good demand for Prompt delivery.

Evidently there was also little pressure to sell March and in later months the pressure was rather moderate.

Sentiment however remained unsettled owing to Political uncertainties and the market finally ended in a negligible loss of 1 point with July at 10-65 at the finish.

BOMBAY: March 13.

The New York Cotton Futures Market on Thursday quietly opened at a loss of 2 pts. with July at 10.64 and declined further to 10.59 on weakness of Wall Street. Bullish political news, however, imparted a better undertone and under trade and foreigners buying prices took a turn for better and the initial loss was wiped off. Demand for prompt delivery also affected the market favourably and there was evidently less pressure to sell March.

Sentiment, however, remaining unsettled on political uncertainties, the market finally finished rather nervous and irregular with July at 10.65 at a negligible loss of 1 point.

Spot cotton gained 5 pts. and closed higher at 11.46.

NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans Market was also equally affected by political uncertainties and prices closed 2 pts. down to 2 pts. up with March, May and July finally at 11.27, 10.87 and 10.55 respectively.

Spot Cotton was better and finished 5 pts. higher at 11.47.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool Market was dull and prices after opening 2 pts. lower at 5.77 for July declined further to 5.76 on Bombay selling and hedging of distant months. Easier Alexandrians also imparted an easy tendency. Later, however, some trade calling of near-months gave an impetus to the market and July was unchanged at 5.79, the highest of the day, finally closing at a loss of 1 point at 5.78.

Spot Cotton was also neglected and losing 1 point closed at 6.26.

EAST INDIANS.

East Indians were comparatively lower and prices closed 2 pts. easier at 5.39, 5.37 and 5.33 for Mar. May and July respectively.

EGYPTIANS.

Sakel May were 6 pts lower at 8.69 while Upper May finished 4 pts. lower at 7.15.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

Alexandrians were easier and prices lost 15 to 14 pts. with Sakel March finally at 15.59 —15 while Upper April at 13.37 —14.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N.Y. July Highest 10.65 —1 (at 3 p.m.).
N.Y. July Lowest 10.59 —7 (at 1-53 p.m.)
Liverpool July Highest 5.79.
Liverpool July Lowest 5.76 —3.

New York.—"Market nervous easily influenced by foreign political news unsettling trade interests buyers nearby months view recent advance. We feel rather less bullish distant months."

Liverpool.—"Trade calling of near months. Bombay selling and hedging of distant months. The market closed steady."

From Messrs. Patel Brothers:

More hedges against sale pool spots, pool still long March about 80,000 bales, also about 335,000 spots.

Cables received through Reuters:

Liverpool.—Trade calling of near months. Bombay selling and hedging of distant months. Closed steady.

New York.—March was nervous and irregular, unsettling factors being bullish political news from Europe and weakness of Wall Street.

No pressure to sell March. Moderate pressure to sell later months. Trade was the principal buyer. Sentiment is unsettled due to European situation

From Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co.

New York.—Steady undertone owing to foreign and trade buying. No evidence of pool selling to-day. Cotton goods market—Yarn market—firm. There is demand for prompt delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York March 12.

May	10.96
July	10.65— 1
October	10.27— 5
December	10 28— 4
January	10.31— 5
Middling Spot	11.46+ 5

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York March 12

March	11 27+ 2
May	10.87—
July	10.55—2
Middling Spot	11.47+2

NEW YORK
New York, March 12

New York 10-55 A.M.—

March	...
May	10 9
July	10.64

New York Noon Call—

March	...
May	10.92
July	10.62

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York March 12
Bales

Day's receipts at all U S. ports	17,000
Day exports to Great Britain	10 0 0
Day's exports to the continent	7,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool March 12

March	5.9 —
April	5.93
May	5.88—
June	5.83
July	5.78—1
August	5.69—
September	5.6.—
October	5.55—
November	5.51—
December	5.5 —4
January	5.50—
February	5.45—
Middling Spot	6.26—

To-day's 10-12 A.M Quotations

July	5.78
October	5.57

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, March 12

J. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS

March	8.88
May	8.69
July	8.50
October	8.42
November	8.18
January	8.06
March	8.01
F G F Spot	9.32

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, March 12

Broach—

Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.24
Fine (Good Staple)	5.38
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.44

Comras—

Fine (No. 1 Staple	5.39
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.44
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.65

Bengal—

Good	4.02
Fully Good	4.14
Fine	4.29

Oomde—

Fully Good	4.38
Fine	4.50
Superfine	4.6-

SEEDS.
London, March 12

Linseed La Plata Hull c. i. f. for Mar. seller £10 17-6

Linseed Calcutta London, c. i. f. for Mar Apl sellers £11-12-6.

Linseed Bombay London, c. i. f. for Mar Apl sellers £10-0 0

Rapeseed Bona Hull/Continent c. i. f. for Mar Apl sellers £12-0-0.

Castorseed Bombay Hull c. i. f. for Mar, Apl sellers £12 8 9.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, March 12.

Messrs. Batlivala & Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer. Power & Light Com.	9
Amer. Power & Light 5 p.c. P.A.	42
Amer. Forn. Power Com.	7
Amer. Forn Power Gold D.	78
Amer. Forn Power 7 p.c. P.	35
Electric Bond Common	18
Consolidated Gas	33
Columbia Gas 6 p.c. Pfd. A.	99
Columbia Gas	17
Int. Tel. & Tel.	16
American Tel. & Tel.	169
Western Union Telg.	86
Chesapeake & Ohio	56
New York Central	34-1/2
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.	20
Pennsylvan a R. R.	33
Union Pacific R. R.	132
Great North Pfd.	38
Bethelehem Steel	54
United States Steel	61-1/2
Int. Nickel of Canada	47
Distillers Seagram	26
Anaconda Copper Minining	33-3/4
X.D.	
General Motor	60
General Electric	39
Kelvinators	21
Atlantic Refining	31
Plymouth Oil	14
Socony	15-1/2
Chase Bank	38
National City Bank	34
American Radiator	21
Sun Life of Canada	555
Northern Pacific Rly.	30
Westinghouse Airbrake	42
Int. Cement	42

Market lower on war news. Brokers loan up 57 million dollars. Total business:—2-1/2 million.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London March 12.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 9/8 per cent. to 5/8 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent. to 2-1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent

Interest 7 Days Market Loan 1/2 per cent.

LINSEED OILS.
London March 12

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt Mar sellers 26/3

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt May/Aug. sellers 26/6

LONDON RUBBER.
London, March 12

Smoked Sheet Standard Rubbed per lb 7-1/2 sellers.

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, March 12

Wheat Rozario Septa Fe nominal

Wheat Barletta Russ nominal

Wheat South Australians Mar sellers 30/9.

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London March 12

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta.

Mar. Apl Nominal per cwt. 6/10 1/2

C & F Bombay —

Mar Apl Nominal per cwt. 6/7-1/-

C & F Karachi —

Mar Apl Nominal per cwt. 6/7-1/2

NEW YORK COFFEE.
New York, March 12.

Fair Rio Coffee No 7 quality 6 3/8

LONDON EXCHANGES
London March 12

T T London on —	
New York (closing rate)	4.97-11/16
Paris	74.88
Berlin	12.28-1/2
Madrid	36.16
Amsterdam	7.26-3/4
Brussels	29.29-1/2
Milan	62.31
Berne	15.13-3/4
Prague	119.37

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, March 12

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent.	72
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	85
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	97-1/2
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	116-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 per cent	84 5/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent 1961	105 7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent 1952	105-1/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90	118-1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	115
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14-1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	100
National Bank of India	46
P. & O Banking Corporation.	10-1/8

LONDON METALS
London March 12

Copper Brazier	50-1/4
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	14-1/4
Tin English Ingots Liverpool F O B	214-1/2
Yellow Metal	40-1/-
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge	12-3/4

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, March 13.

Following a negligible loss of 1 point in New York futures, the local market opened rather steady with Broach April|May at Rs. 197 and improved to Rs. 197-8 on some stray buying initially but with small business passing thereafter and on selling by Mahajan Interests, the trend was lower, the market touching Rs. 196-4.

Liverpool opened unchanged as due, but later the operators were sellers causing the market to decline and closed at 5-30 p.m. at the lowest as under:—

	Rs. a.
Broach April|May	195 4
Broach July|Aug.	196 8
Comra March	178 12
Comra May	178 4
Bengal March	146 0
Begal May	142 4

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES
Bombay, Mar 13

	Extra Sprfine	Sup Fine	F	G	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	... 158	155	152	149	
Punjab	... 158	155	152	149	
Rajputana	... ...	...	...	...	
Oomra No. 3	190	187	184	181	...
C P No. 1	205	202	199	196	...
C P No. 2	197	194	191	188	...
Broach No. 2	... 205	202	199	196	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS
Bombay, Mar 13

	Old.	New.
Bengal Superfine	...	161/163
Bengal Fine	...	153/154
Bengal F G	...	...
C P 1 Fine	...	198/200
C P 2 Fine	...	192/194
Arvi Fine	...	192/193
Ellichpur Fine	...	191/192
Berar Fine	...	188/190
Khamgaon Fine	...	189/190
Mulkapur Fine	...	183/184
Khandesh Fine	...	182/183
Jalna/Sailu Fine	...	182/183
Burwah/Sanavad Fine	...	187/188
Mathia Fine	...	173/175
Broach Fine	...	199/203
Punjab/American	...	202/212
Sindh-American	...	202/212
Cambodia	242/247	...
Cambodia 2nd crop	212/217	...
Compta Good	217/222	...
Westerns	207/212	...
Kampala	307/312	...
Jinja	297/302	...
New Manza	...	292/297
Jagadia Ankleshwar	...	237/339
Surat-Navsari	...	247/249

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES
Bombay, Mar 13

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh	2,844	205,016
Central India	1,666	195,609
Barsi and Nagar	795	110,527
Hyderabad Gaorani	....	24,322
Berar	2,135	220,891
Central Provinces	638	67,749
Total Oomras	8,098	824,114
Dholera	1,217	57,023
N W Provinces	150	59,880
Rajputana	1,202	50,079
Sind-Punjab	2,577	358,850
Broach	4,383	61,916
Coompta and Dharwar	25	11,029
Westerns-Northerns	55	17,458
Cocoanada	...	39
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	51	8,201
Persian	...	8
American	282	22,073
Egyptian and African	1,855	115,134
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	462
Total	19,995	1,586,266

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY
1st Sep to 5th Mar

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	2,340	258,998
Japan and China	6,300	596,795
Coast Ports	...	14,389
Up-country by Rail	...	110,543
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	21,002
Total	8,640	1,002,327

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 12-3-36	6377000	3987000
Receipts yesterday 12-3-36	17000	4000
Exports to date 12-3-36	4735000	3506000
Stock at Ports 6-3-36	2342000	2509000
Stock at Interior Towns 6-3-36	2057000	601000
Stock at Liverpool 6-3-36	747000	859000
Visible Supply 6-3-36	5948000	5809000
Quantity in sight 6-3-36	10660000	6984000
Quantity out of sight 6-3-36	8018000	6493000

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Mar. 12.

Broach Op. 197 1/2; Highest 197 3/4; Lowest 196; Closing 196 1/4.

Broach J/A. Op. 198; Highest 198 1/2; Lowest 196 3/4; Closing 197 1/4.

Oomra March Op. 180; Highest 180 1/2; Lowest 179 1/4; Closing 179 1/4.

Oomra May Op. 180; Highest 180 1/4; Lowest 178 3/4; Closing 178 3/4.

Bengal March Op. 146 1/4; Highest 146 1/4; Lowest 145 1/4; Closing 145 1/4

Bengal May Op. 143; Highest 143; Lowest 142; Closing 142.

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-36) Rs. 8

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-3-36) Rs. 6 1/4

Teji-Mandi for Broach J/August (30-6-36) Rs. 17 1/2

COTTON STATISTICS

Bombay, Mar. 13.

Receipts into Bombay on 11th March	18.706
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	1,563,271
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	1,372,671
Increase	193,600

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Mar. 13.

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 96/11
3 1/2 per cent G P N Settlement 96/8
3 per cent 1941 104
3 per cent 1951/54 102/12
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 106
4 per cent 1943 110/2
4 per cent 1960/70 112/2
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 108/8
5 per cent 1939/44 108/13
5 per cent 1940/43 111/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938/48 108/2

TAX-FREE

3 per cent 1945/55 Loan 119/4
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 110
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 122/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 108/8

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1947 107/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 107
5 per cent M Deb 1959 116
6 per cent M Deb 1954 128/8
per cent K P T 1956 128/8
1/2 per cent B P T 1937 104/8

3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 96/12 and improved to Rs. 96/14 but subsequently declined to Rs. 96/10 and at close was at Rs. 96/11.

Next Settlement was 3 annas lower. Tendency was quietly steady.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Mar. 13.

B. C. Rates T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON.—	
Banks selling T T D D Mar.-Dec.	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	269 3/8
Banks selling T T	267 3/8
Banks buying T T	264 5/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	563
Banks buying T T	573
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 3/8
Banks buying T T	77 1/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	54 1/2
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	54 1/4
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	88 1/4
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81 1/2
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 3/4
ROSS RATE—	
New York London 12th instant	4.97 3/8
Japan London 13th instant	1/2
Java London 13th instant	7.22
Hongkong London 13th instant	1/3 7/8
Shanghai London 13th instant	1/2 1/2
London Paris 12th instant	74.88
London Belgium 12th instant	29.29 1/2
London Switzerland 12th instant	15.13 3/4
London Berlin 12th instant	12.28 1/2
London Stockholm 12th instant	19.39 3/8
London New York 12th instant	4.97 11/16
London Amsterdam 12th instant	7.26 5/8
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—	Steady
Gold 11th instant	£7-1-0 1/2
Gold 12th instant	£7-1-1
Silver London Ready 11th instant	19 5/8
12th instant	19 3/4
Silver London Forward 11th instant	19 1/2
12th instant	19 9/16
Silver New York Ready 11th instant	45
12th instant	45
London discounts 3 mos 11th instant	9/16 p.c.
12th instant	5/8 p.c.
London discounts 6 mos 11th instant	5/8 p.c.
12th instant	5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c
Money:Call	1/4 p.c.
3 Mos	1 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 1/2 p.c
Tone:—Easy.	

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Mar. 12.

Stock Exchange opening prices general motors 62 Anaconda copper mining 34 1/2 Exdividend United States steel common 63 3/4 United States steel preference 129 1/2.

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, Mar. 12.

T. T. on London.	
Yesterday's Closing	1-2 1/2
To-day's Opening	1-2 1/2
Tone.—Quiet but steady.	

INDIAN STERLING LOANS.
London, Mar. 12.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	85
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	97 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59	107
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53	110 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55	116 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68	119 1/2
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1942/47	116
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38	101 3/4
3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1949/59	100 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	84 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	105 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	105 7/8

ALEXANDRIA COTTON
Alexandria, March 13

F G F Sakels March	15.64
May	15.23
July and November	unquoted
F G F Ashmouni April	13.42
June	13.08
August and October	unquoted

Bombay Stock Exchange

Steels, Mills And Cements Rule Higher

TRADING HOWEVER DULL AND UNINTERESTING

BOMBAY, March 13.

After a closure of 2 days, the local Stock Exchange this morning opened with prices higher generally but there were offerings on the advance and the close though slightly better trading was dull and featureless.

Tata Steel Deferreds opening at Rs. 552 met with selling pressure and declined to Rs. 516-4, the lowest of the day at the close.

Ordinarys after being done up to Rs. 151-9 were easier and closed at Rs. 148.

Mills comparatively fared better after an easy opening and Bombay Dyeings at close were better at Rs. 683-12, Central Indias and Kohinoors equally fared better and closed higher at Rs. 220 and Rs. 190 respectively.

Cements finally finished higher and Indians and Shahabads were at Rs. 456-1/4 and Rs. 460 respectively at close.

Powers were the only exception to the general trend at close were lower, Tata Powers and Andhras finishing at Rs. 1,535 and Rs. 1,605 slightly lower.

In the Miscellaneous Section Burmas and Belapurs were slightly higher at Rs. 163-2 and Rs. 376-1/4 respectively.

Trading was small and though the close was slightly higher, conditions were dull and uninteresting.

Trams were in keen demand in anticipation of a better dividend and closed at Rs. 154-6 against the last close at Rs. 151-4.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, Mar. 13.

Century	162	161 163
Bom. Dyeing	678	683 682 685 683/12
Kohinoor	180	188 190
Central India	223	220 218/12
New Great	105	103/2
Simplex	60	61/4
Swadeshi	151	
Bundi	34/14	34/12 34/14
I. Cement	455	452 455 456/4
Punjab	23/12	23/14
Shahabad	457	460 458 460
Andhra	1600	1601 1600 1605
Tata Hydro	165	164/11
Tata Power	1536	1537 1535
Tram. Ord.	150/15	151/9
T. Steel Dfd.	552	546 550 548 551 547 548 546/4
T. Steel Ord.	148/8	147/12 148/4 148
Tata Steel 2nd Pref.	166/8	166/4
Bellapur	163	162 163/2
B. Steam	271	272
B. Burma	377	373 376 376/8

TEXTILE MILLS. BOMBAY, March 13.		
100 Ahm. Advance	276	4
500 Bombay Cotton	40	0
250 Bombay Dyeing	683	12
250 Bradbury	100	0
100 Century	163	12
100 Central India	213	12
100 Colaba	120	0
100 Coorla	80	0
250 David	60	0
250 Dawn	340	0
1 E.D. Sassoon	0	2 6
100 Finlay	102	12
100 Gokak	154	6
1000 Hindustan	1,575	0
100 Indore	42	8
100 Khatau	60	0
100 Kohinoor	190	0
250 Laxmi	560	0
100 Madhavji	4	12
250 Madras United	40	0
1000 Morarji	785	0
250 Model	40	4
50 Mysore	85	10
2500 New Great	103	2
100 Oosmanshahi	55	0
100 Phoenix	266	4
25 Sassoon Silk	35	0
1000 Sholapur	2000	0
50 Simplex	61	4
100 Swadeshi	151	4
100 Swan	82	8
25 Tata	8	0
500 Vishnu	1198	12
1000 Western	652	8
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda	102	0
25-50 Central	33	4
500 Imperial	1515	0
125-500 Im. Contry.	372	8
50-100 India	128	0
100 Reserve Bank	129	4
5 Union	5	6
CEMENTS.		
100 Bundi	34	14
70 Gwalior	118	12
160 Indian	456	4
40 Katni Def.	2125	0
100 Katni Ord.	350	0
75 Okha	263	12
10 Punjab	23	14
100 Shahabad	460	0
70 United	119	0
INSURANCE.		
15-100 Jupiter	11	4
15-75 New India	40	2
200 Oriental	4925	0
10-100 Vulcan	7	1
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old	156	4
1000 Andhra Valley	1605	0
10 Ajmer	13	0
50 Bombay Tram	154	6
100 Bombay Suburban	175	0
10 Broach	12	0
100 Karachi	245	0
100 Poona	218	12
100 Surat	135	0
100 Tata Hydro	161	6
1000 Tata Power	1535	0
RAILWAYS.		
500 Ahm. Prantij	887	8
100 Amr Patty	120	0
100 C. Province	98	0
100 Dhond Baramati	100	0
100 Gujarat	78	8
100 Mandra Bhon	98	8
100 Pachora Jamner	96	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	98	8
500 Tapty Valley	790	0
MININGS.		
10 Shivrajpur	30	8
30 Tata Steel Def.	546	4
75 Tata Steel Ord.	148	0
MISCELLANEOUS.		
100 Alcock	206	4
50 Belapur Sugar	163	2
250 Bombay Steam	272	8
125 Bombay Burma	376	4
50 Bombay Burma Con.	126	4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	4	14 9
50 Bombay Telephone	108	8
100 Indian Bleaching	109	6
100 Indian Radio Def.	496	4
100 Ind Radio Ord.	482	8
1000 Port Canning	576	4
15 Scindia	14	12
30 Premier Construction	75	8
25 Tata Oil	15	8
PREFERENCE		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1450	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	296	4
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	85	0
5 p.c. Central India	522	8
7 p.c. Katni 1st	144	6
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	145	0
7½ p.c Punjab Cement	14	9
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	151	4
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1560	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	192	8
7 1-2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	166	4
5 1/2 p.c Tata Mill	13	0
7 p.c. Vishnu	647	8

BOMBAY BULLION EXCHANGE

Bombay, March 13.

Prices in the Silver section of the local Bullion Exchange this morning opened a little easier with Fagan Silver at Rs 49-2 and subsequently improved to Rs. 49-6 on the well-known Indore Operator buying.

Gold was dull and there was little business passing with little or no change in the price level.

At 5-30 p.m. prices were as under:—

Silver Ready	Rs. 49 5 0
Silver Fagan	Rs. 49 4 0
Silver Chaitra	Rs. 49 4 0
Gold Ready	Rs. 34 13 0
Gold Fagan	Rs. 34 12 9
Gold Chaitra	Rs. 34 12 3

MONTREAL SILVER

Montreal, Mar. 12.

March	45 00—
May	44.90+20
July	44.90+20

LONDON SILVER
London, March 12

Spot	19-3/4
Forward	19-9/16

LONDON GOLD.
London, March 12

Gold Bars, Fine per oz. — £7-1-1

LONDON SILVER REVIEW

LONDON, Mar. 12.

"Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. state that after declining prices recovered sharply on the demand from the Indian Bazars following an advance in Bombay. The market reacted however on March 10th. Although the chief demand emanated from India there has been some American Commercial buying at the lower levels as well as a little speculative covering. Offerings from China were the chief source of supply but the higher prices attracted re-sales by speculators. The present level appears to be sufficiently high but the market is uncertain and may be affected by the trend of political events."—Reuter.

BOMBAY METAL MARKET
Bombay, Mar 16

London market quotations—	
Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£36 2 6
Standard Copper Cash (Sellers)	£36 3 9
Standard Copper 3 months	£36 10 0
Electrolytic copper	£40 15 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	9 1/2 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	8 7/8 cents
Bombay market quotations—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 33 4 0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 36 8 0
Tone: Steady.	

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 11 POITS DOWN

Traders Await Announcement Of London Negotiations

STEADY TONE IN GOLD AND SILVER

Wheat Dull And Quite But Other Commodities Steady

BOMBAY, March 13

On Friday cross rate ruled quiet.

LACK OF SUPPORT IN NEW YORK COTTON

New York cotton developed somewhat reactionary tendency in the absence of foreign buying and lack of support. Traders await definite announcement of London negotiations.

BULLION STEADY

London gold and silver ruled steady.

WHEAT DULL AND QUIET

Wheat was dull and quiet in the absence of any definite development abroad. Linseed, Jute and Rubber ruled steady.

SELLING PRESSURE IN SECURITIES

The London Stock Exchange kept generally steady but business was restricted on account of the approaching settlement. Giltedged securities were somewhat depressed on selling pressure.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1936

New York, Mar 13

Previous closing	10.65
To-day's opening	10.65
Difference	unchanged
To-day's closing	10.54
Difference	—.11

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JULY 1936

Liverpool, Mar 13

Previous closing	5.78
To-day's opening	5.78
Difference	unchanged
To-day's closing	5.76
Difference	—.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 194-4

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, March 13

Cotton developed somewhat reactionary tendency to-day in the absence of foreign buying and lack of support from local interests as a result of political uncertainties which engendered a feeling of caution pending more definite announcement of London negotiations. However the underlying sentiment remains somewhat bullish but the market lacks incentive.

Business in July was done at opening at 10.65 i.e. unchanged from previous closing. The market was moderately active on steadier Liverpool cables but in the absence of new outside interest and some March liquidation July gave way to 10.61. Thereafter prices steadied although no particular buying activity was in evidence.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 10.54 with a decline of 11 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Mar 13

The following were the opening ranges:—

May	(10.93/10.92) 10.96/10.96
July	(10.64/10.62) 10.65/10.65
October	(10.27/10.26) 10.27/10.27

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Mar 13

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American March	(5.36) 6.00
American May	(5.86) 5.89
Egyptian March	(8.87) 8.91
Egyptian May	(8.69) 8.73

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Mar 13

Broach Cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 196 and Rs. 194. The rate at 11 p.m. was Rs. 194 with New York futures about 7 points down.

BOOM IN ARMAMENTS SHARES

Little Man Puts Shillings

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, March 3.

(By Air Mail.)

According to stockbrokers small investors in this country are again buying armament shares.

Yesterday, stockbrokers report, they were concentrating particularly on those shares which still stand at reasonable levels. Shares quoted in pounds were ignored in favour of those which can be purchased at a few shillings.

Individual orders, it is added, were only or comparatively few shares, but the aggregate amount was said to be very large.

Rises were general throughout the aircraft and iron, coal, and steel lists.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Mar 13

Previous closing	4.97 5/8
To-day's opening	4.97
To-day's closing	4.96 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Mar 13

Previous closing	4.97 11/16
To-day's opening	4.96 7/8
To-day's closing	4.96 11/16
Difference	—.01

FRANC RATE

London, Mar 13

Previous closing	74.88
To-day's opening	74.88
To-day's closing	74.88
Difference	unchanged

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, March 13

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.96 7/8 and then eased to 4.96 13/16 but subsequently the rate rallied to 4.97

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.96 11/16

Franc opened at 74.88 and then advanced to 74.90 but eventually again declined to 74.88.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 74.88.

LONDON SILVER

London, March 13

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	19 3/4d.	19 13/16d.
Forward	19 9/16d.	19 11/16d.

The market was quietly steady.

LONDON GOLD

London, March 13

Gold per ounce (£7-1-1) £7-1-1

DISCOUNTS

London, March 13

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, March 13

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(5.65 1/2) 5.65 3/8
New York on Bombay	(37.62) 37.62
Berlin on Bombay	(0.92 3/4) 0.92 3/4
London on Milan	(62.25) 62.37
London on Shanghai	(1-2 1/2) 1-2 17/32
London on Kobe	(1-2) 1-2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, March 13

Silver opened steady at Rs. 49/5, 49/5 and 49/4. Operators evinced some interest but activity on the whole was restrained due to uncertain foreign political events. However the failure of London to show any marked improvement caused a slight setback. Prices closed steady at Rs. 49/6, 49/6 and 49/4.

Gold opened quiet at Rs. 34/13, 34/13 and 34/12/9. The market was quiet and featureless in the absence of any important buying and lack of new developments abroad. Prices closed quiet at Rs. 34/12/9, 34/12/9 and 34/12/6.

GROUNDNUTS AND CASTORSEEDS QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Mar 13

	Rs.	a.	p.
Groundnuts—			
May opening	40	2	0
May highest	40	3	0
May lowest	39	14	6
May closing	40	0	6
Castorseeds—			
May opening	6	15	6
May highest	6	15	7½
May lowest	6	14	9
May closing	6	14	10½
Cottonseeds—			
May opening	19	15	0
May highest	20	0	0
May lowest	19	11	0
May closing	19	12	0

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Mar 13

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with March unquoted May at 75 1/4 and July 76 3/4. Prices eased to-day on scattered selling and liquidation in sympathy with discouraging advices from abroad.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Mar 13

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 1.00 1/2. The market was quiet but steady with traders holding off in the absence of any definite developments abroad.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Mar 13

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS

Tin (£215 buyers £216 sellers. Very steady) £215 1/2 buyers £216 sellers Steady

Lead (£16 5/8 buyers. No sellers. Steady) £16 9/16 buyers £16 11/16 sellers. Quiet.

Electrolytic Copper (£40 1/4 to £40 3/4) £40 1/4 to £40 3/4

SILVER CABLES

London, March 13

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India and speculators bought. Market steady."

TEA

Indian Pekoe	(0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher	(1-3 1/2) 1-3 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe	(0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher	(2-7 1/2) 2-7 1/2

JUTE.

New Crop March, April (£19 5/8 buyers) £19 3/4 sellers

Dunlop March (£23 1/2 sellers) £23 1/2 sellers

Lightning March (£21 3/4 sellers) £21 3/4 sellers

RUBBER.

Spot (7 7/16 paid and buyers) 7 7/16 paid and value

October December (7 11/16 paid and value) 7 5/8 paid and buyers

LINSEED.

Castorseed Bombay March April (£12 7/16 sellers) £12 7/16 sellers

Linseed Calcutta March April (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 3/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata March (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 15/16 sellers

Groundnut Coromandal March (£13 11/16 sellers) £13 7/8 sellers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Mar 13

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7	5	0
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	5	3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	5	0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	5	0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Mar 13

Wheat May	4	7	0
Wheat September	4	7	6
Linseed May	7	4	6
Linseed September	7	8	0

WOOL SALES

Liverpool, Mar 13

There was active competition. British traders were chief buyers. Withdrawals were frequent among best greasies owing to limits.

Greasy lower	(0-7 1/2) 0-7 1/2
Greasy higher	(1-9 1/2) 1-10 1/2
Scoured lower	(0-10) 1-1
Scoured higher	(2-3 1/2) 2-5

Hudson's Cut Motion

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, March 12.

The most interesting division of the session was held to-day in the Assembly on Sir Leslie Hudson's 'cut' regarding surcharges. Seventeen members who voted for the 'cut' belonged almost entirely to the European group, unattached members and nominated members.

Three principal parties in the Assembly, namely, the Congress, Nationalist and the Independent parties remained neutral.

The names of seventeen members are, Mr. James, Sir Cowasji, Seth Abdullah Haroon, Sir L. Hudson, Seth Vissanji, Sir H. Mody, Mohd Ismail Khan, Mr. Morgan, Sir Darcy Lindsay, Mr. Milligan, Mr. Bajoria, Mr. Scott, Mr. Witherington, Mr. Leach, Seth Soni Bagchand, Sir H. Gidney and Mr. Buss.

Those who opposed the motion were Raja of Kollengode, Sir G H. Hidayatullah, Sir M. Yamin Khan, Gajapatirai (of Vizianagram) Abdulla, Khan Saheb Fazli Haq, Mr. Nauman, (2/6 officials) Sir Jawahar Singh, Sir S C. Mukherjee, Mr. M. C. Rajah, Mr. Sarma, Mr. Joshi, Dr. Dalal, Capt. Lalchand, Capt. Shermuhammadkhan, Major Ahmad Nawazkhan and Nawab Allabakash.

Fairly Heavy Liquidation In Stock Exchange

MARKED WEAKNESS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

Exchanges Steady Under Control

WEAKNESS IN WALL STREET

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, March 13

To-day being Friday March 13, the Stock Exchange opened with marked weakness in all departments on fairly heavy liquidation on local and foreign account but later the sentiment improved under the leadership of giltedgeds. The marking up of several sections was recorded especialy heavy industries and motors but prices were generally lower on the day.

Exchanges were steady under the influence of control.

Commodities were generally disposed to await developments.

Wall Street opened weak and after a shortlived rally relapsed.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Mar 13

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 1/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Wednesday, March 4,	£98 7/8
Thursday, March 5,	£98 3/4
Friday, March 6,	£98 3/4
Monday, March 9,	£98 3/8
Tuesday, March 10,	£98 3/8
Wednesday, March 11,	£98 1/8
Thursday March 12	£97 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Mar 13

3-30 p.m.

After being weaker on liquidation due to the approaching end of the present account markets generally were rather steadier but giltedged securities were weak on continental selling.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£84 1/2) £84

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 5/8) £105 1/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 3/8) £111

4 per cent Funding Loan (£118 1/2) £118

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 5/8) £105 1/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 1/4) £114

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (21-3) 21-1 1/2

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (£5) £4 7/8

Hydro Electric (£8) £7 3/8

Musical Industries (2/-3) 26-9

Princhin Johnson (45-0) 43-9

Imperial Chemical (39-3) 38-6

Imperial Chemical Ord (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (118-6) 117-6

Realisation 1930 (£90) £90

Dunlop Rubber (38-0) 37-1 1/2

University Ordinary (31-6) 30-7 1/2

Ford Motors (35-0) 34-4 1/2

Cables Wires (£7 3/4) £7 5/8

British American Tobacco (118-9) 116-3

Camera A (£9) £8 3/4

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (150-0) 148-9

P and O S N Company Defd (19-9) 19-6

Distillers (97-6) 95-6

Bred and Dyers (8-9) 8-3

British Celanese (12-10 1/2) 12-3

J and P Coates Ordinary (64-6) 62-3

Courtaulds Ordinary (51-3) 50-6

Fine Cotton Spinners (6-9) 7-0

Western Limited Ordinary (25-0) 25-0

Inter Nickels (48 7/8) 46 7/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (6-0) 6-0

Tata Iron and Steel (£103) £103

JUTE SHARES EASIER

Little Activity In Coals

CALCUTTA, March 13

Jutes continued to rule easier due to the lack of support and only limited turnover was put through. Coals disclosed very little activity. Teas were dull. Miscellaneous section with the exception of sugar, was featureless. Government securities ruled decidedly easier. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three per cent loan 1941 104/2; three and a half per cent Government paper 96/4; three per cent new loan 1951/54 103 small lot; three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 105/14; four per cent loan 1960/70 112/4; four and a half per cent loan 1955/60 118/8; five per cent loan 1945/55 119/6; five per cent U P Bonds 1944 114 small lot; four per cent Punjab Bonds 1948 109/8.

Banks: Bengal Central 10; Imperial fully paid 1523; Imperial conty 370; Reserve Bank 128.

Railways: Howrah Anta 120; Howrah Sheakhala 68/8; Seraserajganj 97.

Coals: Equitable 33/10

Jutes: Albion 188; Anglo India 382 small lot; Howrah 48/12. Hukumchand ordy 10/8 small lot; Hukumchand pref 106; Kamarhatty 473; National 21/6; Nuddea 42 small lots.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 6/7 ex div; Bengal Telephone ordy 18/4; Cuttack Electric 8/14; Gorakhpur Electric 2/11; U P Electric 182; British India Corporation ordy 3/10; Bengal Bonded Warehouse 'A' 749 small lot; Bengal Bonded Warehouse 'B' 94/2 small lots; Bengal Bonded Warehouse 'C' 150 small lots; Bengal Bonded Warehouse 'D' 18/14 small lots; Midnapore Zemindary 66/8

Sugars: Champaran 21/8; Gaya 104; Punjab Sugar Mills ordy 284 small lot; Rohtas 13/10; Reza 15/11; Samastipore 9/10; Sitalpore 91; Murree Brewery 235/8.

Teas: Loobah 3/8 small lot (public auction) Numburnadi pref 12/4.—A.P.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Mar 13

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£100 1/2) £100 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£98) £97 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£116 1/2) £116 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£119 1/2) £119 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1946/53 (£110 1/2) £110

5 per cent Indian 1945/47 (£111 3/8) £111 3/8

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-52 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£116) £116

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (22-3) 22-3

Donara Tea (50-0) 50-0

Empire of India Ceylon (32-0) 31-3

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-0) 26-10 1/2

Gula Kelampong (27-6) 27-6

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (31-10 1/2) 31-3

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£9) £9

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (60-7 1/2) 60-0

Burma Corporation (9-6) 9-0

Rio Tintos (£19) £18 3/4

East Rand Proprietors (64-9) 64-3

Crown Mines (8 1/8) £8 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 7/8) £13 7/8

Goddar New (£10 1/8) £10

Moddar New (55-0) 55-0

Sub Nigel (£12) £11 7/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (42-6) 42-6

Union Corporation (£8 7/8) £8 3/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (40-0) 38-9

Anglo Iranian (89-4 1/2) 88-9

Burma Oil (93-9) 92-6

Mexican Eagle (12-0) 11-10 1/2

Shell Transport (88-1 1/2) 85-7 1/2

Royal Dutch (£32 1/4) £32

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£47 1/2) £47

L M Ford (£21 1/8) £21

L N E R Defd (£5 3/8) £5 1/4

Southern Dutch (£22) £22

London Paris 5 per cent (£134 1/2) £134 3/4

London Board G Stock (£104 1/2) £104 1/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Mar 13

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 60 3/4) dol 60

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 35 1/4) dol 33 1/4

U S Steel Common (dol 64 1/8) dol 61 7/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 129) dol 128 3/4

GRANTS TO CITY SCHOOLS

The Bombay Municipal Schools Committee, at its meeting on Friday, approved of the proposals of the Special Sub-committee on the payment of the annual grants-in-aid to the Aided Primary Schools in Bombay for 1935-36

The Sub-Committee had recommended grants amounting to Rs. 1,54,200. The Budget for 1935-36 under the head 'Grants-in-aid' allowed only Rs. 1,49,000.

To meet the deficit, the Sub-Committee had asked for Rs. 2,500 from the savings under 'Headmasters and Teachers.' Rs. 500 from the savings under 'Pension, Gratuity, and Compassionate Allowance.' The Committee then recommended that a cut of 1.5 per cent be applied to the total amounts of grants to schools in order to meet the remaining deficit of Rs. 2,200.

The deficit of Rs 5,200 arose out of the increases in the amount of grants to certain primary schools.

WOES OF SHOP ASSISTANTS

Conference At Hira Baug On Sunday

Mr. F. M. Pinto, Secretary of the Reception Committee of the Presidency Conference of the Workers concerned with the Bakhale Bill has issued the following statement:—

The Bakhale Bill is coming up in the Bombay Legislative Council in the third week of this month Much has been said of this Bill, and yet, much more can be said.

"The Bill is not only modest, but is also a moderate one. It was first introduced in July 1935 in the Council, but Government stated that they would not oppose the first reading, as they had not in their possession adequate information to deal with it. The inquiry made by the Labour Office gives a vivid description of the tragic and distressing plight of the shop assistants, the important conclusions being:—

(1) The average number of hours of work in restaurants is 10 to 15, in 'pan' and 'bidi' shops 9 to 16, in grain and provision stores 12 to 15 and in cloth shops 10 to 13.

(2) Regulation of hours and grant of leave depends on the caprice of the owners.

(3) The wages received are absolutely scanty, the rate being, 10 per cent Rs. 15/-, 70 per cent between Rs. 15 to Rs. 45/- and the remainder Rs. 45/.

If the average of only assistants working in restaurants is taken, it is heart-rending.

The report cannot be said to be an accurate one, but surely, is the outcome of an elaborate enquiry. The report states that the average number of hours of work ranges from 105 to 115 hours per week, whereas, a moderate institution like the L.D.O. presses for a 40-hours week for workers. The men working in the nationalistically inclined bodies, like the Swadeshi Market, Mulji Jehta Market, Mangaldas Market, etc., are also subjected to this exploitation. This drudgery of shop assistants goes on for all the 365 days of the year, except that a few shops are closed on "Amavasya' day. The amount of wages they receive is so meagre that it is a surprise as to how they are able to keep their body and soul together. Workers in the markets and restaurants being unable to rent rooms, find their shelter at night in the shops. If one is to see to the cleanliness and sanitation of places where they sleep, it will be simply intolerable and nauseating. In Mulji Jehta Market where there are 3000 people, there are only eight urinals and four W.C.'s No wonder that lately meningitis originated in Kalbadevi locality. The treatment given to the shop assistants will be another shocking tale.

This, in brief is the pitiable lot of the shop assistants and it is a pity that this callousness continues. Justice, fair-play and humanity calls for this belated act of legislation, with a view to ameliorate the miserable condition of the shop assistants. As the bill being the first act of legislature affecting the economic interests of the poor class, it will be a betrayal on the part of the Legislative Council to vote it down.

In order to voice the grievances of this exploited class of workers, a conference will be held on Sunday the 15th at Hira Baug, C.P. Tank, and the public is expected to give whole hearted support and co-operation.

SHRI SAYAJI ACADEMY

Scheme Of Awards For Marathi And Gujarati Literature

To-day morning at the Conference of the Marathi authors of repute, held in Nyaymandir Hall, under the presidentship of Sjt. N. C Kelkar, Dr. B. Bhattacharya while discussing the subject of academy of Indian languages and literature, put forth a scheme for Shri Sayaji Academy.

The functions of the academy are (1) (a) Honouring the author of the best book published during the last two years in any of the following subjects (1) Language and literature (2) ancient history and culture (3) religion and philosophy and (4) politics and sociology. (b) The conditions of award (1) it should be original (2) it should set up high moral standard (3) it should be introduced to the Academy by some eminent person.

(II) Preparing reviews of the most important books of the past year and publish the same in book-form under the auspices of the academy.

(III) Awarding certificates of honour to certain of the best books mentioning specifically the qualities for which the certificate is granted.

(IV) Publication of original works and translations.

(V) Prizes and awards to the authors of meritorious books and

(VI) Organisation of extention lectures and publications of the same.

SCHEME OF AWARDS.

The Academy shall consist of a council, an executive committee and fellows. The scheme is at present for Marathi and Gujerati literature, Awards are Rs. 4,000 (1) Marathi, Rs. 4,000 Gujerati and Rs. 2,200 to publications. The whole expense comes to about Rs. 34,620 of which the budgeted amount is Rs. 15,780 i.e. an additional grant of Rs. 18810 will be necessary to run the academy

When the Academy functions normally it is also proposed, that it may execute the work of (1) a linguistic survey of the Baroda State and a phonetic chart of the different dialects (2) authorised dictionaries of the Marathi and Gujerati languages and (3) standard grammars.

After lively discussion, Sjt. Kelkar suggested that opinions of well-known persons may be invited to gauge popular feeling to help the organisers in making it a perfect scheme. It is understood that scheme would be sent to prominent persons for opinion.

SIR CHINUBHAI'S LOSS OF Rs. 8 LAKHS

High Court's Ruling On Income-Tax Law

The chief justice and Mr. Justice Rangnekar decided an important point referred to the High Court by the Commissioner of Income-Tax in the matter of Sir Chinubhai Madhavlal, Bart., of Ahmedabad.

Sir Chinubhai had invested Rs. 8,58,700 in the debentures issued by the Agra Spinning and Weaving Co. Ltd This money was lost when the Company was wound up.

The question then arose whether this loss could be treated as "a loss of profits or gains" in business and could be set off against the income of Sir Chinubhai from such business which was assessed to income-tax and super-tax. This point was the subject matter of the present reference to the High Court.

JUDGMENT.

In the course of his judgment the Chief Justice observed that it was difficult to see what point of law was involved in this reference, having regard to the findings of facts. If the debentures were part of the assessee's money lending business, he would be entitled to deduct the loss from his profits and gains for assessment purposes.

But the findings of the income-tax officer was that although he carried on the money-lending business among his other business, the transaction in question was no part of that business. The debentures were taken for the assessee by his mother when he was a minor, and, therefore, they could not be considered part of his money lending business. That being so, the loss arising from the debentures could not be allowed to be deducted from his profits and income which are subject to assessment.

APPREHENSION OVER EUROPEAN SITUATION

Market Otherwise Technically Healthy

Though fears over the European position were allayed somewhat pending the meetings in London, the situation is viewed very seriously owing to the uncompromising and resolute attitude of both Germany and France, which led to no favourable result at yesterday's conference in London. Gt. Britain's task of rapprochement and reconciliation seems likely to prove a very heavy one and will exact superhuman statesmanship. Apprehension over the situation is increasing in America as a prolonged period of uncertainty and acute nervousness is believed to be inevitable, state Messrs. M. B. Stern.

Apart however from political influences, we consider the market is technically healthy in view of the recent large sales of ready Broach, the still existing fairly large short interest held by option dealers and the uncovered requirements of Japanese and local mills.

We favour purchases around present levels.

Silver.—Prices were steady with restricted business.

Seeds.—Some realising caused easiness in linseed but wheat continued strong on upcountry support.

Chicago cables state that higher Liverpool wheat, political uncertainties abroad and dry conditions in the South-West were responsible for the advance and the market closed firm.

Cotton.—The New York market was steady despite considerable weakness in Wall Street.

Trade continues to be the principal buyer.

Crop preparations are still somewhat backward and the continued drought in the South-West with no signs of rain at present is becoming an important factor.

Summing up Mr. Eden's speech after the Cabinet meeting yesterday, Reuter says that the situation has lost none of its gravity by the German reply which fails to meet Mr. Eden's specific suggestions.

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1936

Momentous Delhi Meeting

IT WILL CLARIFY JAWAHAR'S ATTITUDE

Panditji Will Attend U. P. Congress Committee Meeting On Sunday

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, March 13.

The Congress attitude towards the Reforms Acts and the office acceptance question will be some of the knotty problems the Congressmen will be faced with at the Delhi meeting, said an important Congress leader. Mahatmaji's presence is likely to effect a check on the Extremists on either side. Continuing he said Pandit Jawaharlal, evidently has no faith in the new Act, yet there is no clear statement defining his attitude, and in this respect the Delhi meeting is likely to be momentous, as Jawaharlal's attitude will be known there once for all, and in that light Congressmen of different groups will form their attitude.

On being asked of the possibility of non-exclusion of Socialists in Jawaharlal's cabinet for giving him free hand the gentleman remarked that it was nonsense to think Socialists were not pressing their claims. Socialists meant capturing the Congress machinery sooner or later.

Though Socialists would not create obstacles for Pandit Jawaharlal yet they would not give up their claims.

U. P. CONGRESS COUNCIL

The report appearing in certain papers that for Pandit Jawaharlal's convenience, the U. P. Congress Council meeting may be convened in Allahabad, I am reliably informed that due to technical difficulties this will not be possible and Jawaharlal, it is likely, will be attending the U. P. Congress Committee meeting on March 15, while proceeding to Delhi.

It is also understood from very reliable sources that Jawaharlal would make efforts to bring Socialists round to Congressmen's view points.

MAHATMA PLACES HIMSELF AT JAWAHAR'S DISPOSAL

NEW DELHI, March, 13.

The "United Press" learns that a formal meeting of the Congress Working Committee will be held in Delhi.

After the arrival of Babu Rajendra Prasad and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on March 17, and after an informal talk among the Congress leaders the date of the Working Committee meeting will be fixed

Meanwhile the President-elect of the Lucknow session of the Congress will have an opportunity to discuss the situation and developments in Congress politics during his absence with his colleagues and co-workers.

AT JAWAHAR'S DISPOSAL

As regards Gandhiji's attending the Lucknow Congress the special correspondent of the "United Press" learns reliably that much depends on the wishes of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. It appears that Gandhiji, health permitting, is prepared to place himself at the disposal of Panditji if the latter so desires.

Great significance in Congress and political circles is attached to the forthcoming meeting between the President-elect of the Lucknow Congress and Gandhiji for the important talks between Gandhiji and Panditji may evolve the policy and programme as well as the lead which Pandit Jawaharlal will give at Lucknow.—United Press.

ORISSA CONGRESS CONTROVERSY

Mischief-Mongers At Bottom, Says Utkal P. C. C. President

BERHAMPORE: (By Mail).

The Congress affairs in Orissa, which for some time past, have been in a muddle, terminating recently in the dissolution of the Provincial Congress Committee, have called for the statement from the President of the Utkal Provincial Congress Committee, Pandit Nilkantha Das, M.L.A.

In the course of the statement, regarding the controversy raging in the Press, of late, about the leadership of Congress in Orissa he says:—

"The whole controversy as I find it is useless as far as real politics of the race is concerned. Such things are natural when there is neither work nor outlook, and clique springs and thrives in such an atmosphere. This is, to me in short, the situation which is daily fed and fanned by deliberately created suspicions against all decent men that may otherwise be hard to be put out of the way. I hate to enter into the controversy. It is neither dignified nor useful."

Concluding he appeals to all Oriya Congressmen to unite and draw up an acceptable programme and expresses the hope that he would be guided by the Congress and the limited opinion of Oriya Congressmen."—A. P.

Press Report Contradicted

LUCKNOW, Mar. 12.

Mr. Chandrabhan Gupta, a prominent Member of the Congress Reception Committee informs the United Press that a report appearing in local papers that the Reception Committee agreed to lend the Congress Pandal to the organizers of the All-India Kisan Conference and also issue one thousand free passes to Kisan delegates is not true. The organizers of the Kisan Conference applied to the Reception Committee for these facilities, but no decision has yet been taken.—United Press.

ACCOMMODATION AT CONGRESS CAMP

R. C. Urges Intimation Before 20th Instant

LUCKNOW, (By Mail)

The Publicity Department 49th Indian National Congress, Moti Nagar, Lucknow has issued the following Press note:—

As buildings for accommodating the visitors are very few at our disposal, the gentlemen intending to come here to attend the session should inform the Accommodation Department at the latest by the 20th March, 1936. Their advance money should accompany this information in each case, otherwise it may not be possible for the Committee to arrange for their separate accommodation Delegates wishing to have separate accommodation should also intimate to us their requirements by the 20th instant at the latest.

The accommodation charges for delegates' huts or tents have been reduced from Rs. 5 per head to Rs. 4 and arrangements are being made to make them more cool.

All the delegates and visitors coming to attend the session by R. K. Ry., or B. N. W. Ry. should preferably alight at the Charbagh (centre) Station which is quite close to Moti Nagar, the place where the session is going to be held.

They should also bring mosquito curtains with them as the hot season will be in full swing and curtains will be required to protect them from mosquitoes. They need not bring winter clothes as it will be sufficiently hot here.

The dates of the Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition have finally been fixed from the 28th March to the 14th of April.

The Congress Guide, containing useful and interesting matter, is now ready and has been handed over to the Press. Only a very few pages will contain advertisement. Prospective advertisers are requested to please write atonce to the Publicity Department. No advertisements of less than a page will be accepted.

RAJEN BABU'S TOUR PROGRAMME

PATNA, March 12.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian National Congress, arrived here from Allahabad this morning.

He leaves for Darbhanga district this evening to undertake his tour there. He returns to Patna on March 16 and proceeds to Delhi the same night, reaching there on March 17 when Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru also will arrive there.

The Congress President keeps perfect health.—United Press.

Bajaj Leaves For Calcutta

ALLAHABAD, March. 13

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj left for Calcutta this morning via Benares. From Calcutta Sethji will proceed to Delhi.

Acharya Kripalani also left for Benares by the same train—United Press.

A group of Volunteers who have been on duty at the Arts and Crafts Exhibition organised in connection with the Silver Jubilee of the Daivadnya Mahila Mandal, Thakurdwar, Bombay.

Gerrymandering In Dharwar Women's Seat

Grave Injustice Must Be Righted, Urges Karnatak Bhagini Mandal Chief

(By Mrs. Umabai Kundapur, President Karnatak Provincial Bhagini Mandal, Hubli)

The Government of India Act 1935 increases the number of Indian women voters for legislatures from 315,000 to over 6,000,0000. In certain areas there are to be special women's constituencies and women will be returned to provincial legislatures. But one is at a loss to know on what principles the Delimitation Committees have based the selection of areas for women's constituencies.

A DELIMITATION PUZZLE.

For instance there are six women's seats in the Bombay Provincial Assembly out of these 3 are given to the City of Bombay, one each to the Cities of Poona and Ahmedabad and the remaining seat to the district of Dharwar. But the extent of the constituency for the women's seat in the Dharwar district is limited only to the Ranebennur Taluka. It is a puzzle why of all the places in the Southern Division and the Dharwar district, the Committee selected the Ranebennur Taluka for the women's constituency from that division. Is it because the women of that Taluka are more enlightened, educated and therefore the best fitted to become the voters for the only women's seat in the whole Division? Nobody has ever heard of any ladies' organisation—whether social political or educational—in the Ranebennur Taluka. There is not the least awakening of any sort among the women folk of the area. To speak plainly and to be true we must admit that education and general awakening are comparatively less in Dharwar South and they are more so in Ranebennur. Hardly a handful of women throughout that constituency might understand if explained to them what a legislature is, what is meant by election, polling, candidates, their qualifications, etc. When such is the condition even among the majority of women living in big cities where various women's organisations might be working, it is but natural that our sisters in the remotest corner of the Dharwar district should be in total ignorance regarding these matters. Under such circumstances they cannot be expected to exercise their franchise properly in the least.

RURAL WEIGHTAGE.

Again one cannot understand why the women's seat in the Southern Division is given to a rural area when the five women's seats for Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad are allotted to urban constituencies. We know not who recommended this kind of selection to the Central Delimitation Committee and with what objects.

NEED FOR AGITATION.

The Hammond Committee's proposals are out. The Government will take them almost as they are. Though the people have the option of making suggestions and recommendations during the next few days their voice will be lost in wilderness yet, it is our sacred duty to do what we can to set right the error committed, perhaps unknowingly. We would, therefore, earnestly, request our sisters from the Southern Division, in general, and the Dharwar district, in particular, to move in the matter.

In this connection we would like to see the valuable assistance of our sisters from the Cities like Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad. They can also do a good deal for us through their respective organisations as also on their platforms and in the Press. May we hope to have their timely support?

DISABILITIES OF INDIANS ABROAD

Why Should Not Govt. Retaliate, Asks Jinnah

NEW DELHI, Mar. 13.

The Legislative Assembly met to-day and concluded voting on demands for grants.

At question hour Sir G. S. Bajpai, replying to Mr. A. Chettiar, laid on the table of the House names of countries in which Indians are subject to certain disabilities. The countries are: South Africa, Canada, Newzealand Australia, Southern Rhodesia Kenya, Zanzibar, Ceylon, Malaya, Fiji United States of America, Portuguese East Africa, Panama and French Indo-China.

Sir G. S. Bajpai, replying to another question of the same member said: "The Government have seen the report of the Tavua development Committee in Fiji which recommends that the establishment of a Government-controlled township at Tavua is desirable, and that as a part of this township, a section of high ground, unsuitable for business purposes should be reserved for European residential sites. The Government have made suitable representations to His Majesty's Government."

INDIANS IN FIJI.

Supplementary questions followed on both questions.

Sir G. S. Bajpai replying said there was no racial discrimination in Fiji. The fact that no Indian was appointed to the Committee or that the Colonial Secretary of Fiji had served in Kenya did not prove the policy of racial discrimination. Government saw the Committee's report on February 9 and cabled on the subject to His Majesty's Government on 2nd March. No reply had yet been received. He had no doubt that His Majesty's Government would take the Government of India's views into consideration. He recalled that in Kenya when a similar reservation for European residence was proposed in a township the Government of India's objection prevailed.

As regards the list placed on the table detailing the countries in which Indians suffered disabilities Messrs Jinnah and Satyamurti asked Sir G. S. Bajpai whether Government had considered the question of sanctions and relations against such countries as would not remove the disabilities. Sir G. S. Bajpai said that the disparity between the numbers of Indians in other countries and of nationals of those countries in India was so large that retaliation instead of helping Indians might injure their interests. The question of applying sanctions would depend on the magnitude of the interest involved and if, in certain circumstances, these could be effectively enforced Government would consider the question. Sir G. S. Bajpai added that he had dealt only with countries within the Empire.

INDIANS ABROAD.

Sir Aubrey Metcalf supplemented the information regarding the rest of the world. He said that enquiries were now being made all over the world regarding the position of Indians but that it would take considerable time to collect the information. The information would be supplied to the House as and when available.

The Foreign Secretary replying to Mr. Shamlal's question said that the Government would use for the reconstruction of Quetta all material which was available in India or could be manufactured here.

DEMANDS FOR GRANTS.

Demands for grants were taken up.

Sir Henry Gidney's attempt to move a token cut under Home Department to raise the question of revised pay for Anglo-Indians was ruled out on the Home Member's objection that the matter did not concern his department.—A. P.

NO PERMIT TO Dr. S. N. GHOSH

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Mar. 13.

Sir Henry Craik replying to Mr. Paliwal's question regarding the return to India of Dr. Sailendra Nath Ghose said that Dr. Ghose did offer to give an undertaking that he would not be associated with any kind of revolutionary or violent activities against the British Government of India.

A question was asked whether in that case the Government would give him permit to return to India.

Sir Henry Craik replied in the negative and referred to the replies given by him to several questions in the Assembly.

In view of his record, added Sir Henry, the Government were not prepared to accept his undertaking.

Sir M. Zafrullah, informed Mr. Avanishillingam Chetty that the Government have no official information regarding the appointment of the Straits Settlement Trade Commission or meeting of the Indian Chamber of Commerce mentioned in the leading article of "The Hindu" dated 20th February, 1936

Sir Henry Craik informed Mr. Azhar Ali that the accommodation available in the Yervada Prison does not admit of outdoor games such as tennis or badminton but prisoners had been provided with dumbells, Indian clubs, skipping ropes, carrom set, dice and cards in the enclosure within which the prisoners are accommodated is 140 yards long by 17 yards wide, part of which is occupied by a row of cells 27 yards by 9 yards and latrine 6 yards by 3 yards. Messrs. Satyabhusan Gupta and Arun Chandra Guha, State prisoners had been segregated because they repeatedly abused and finally assaulted the Superintendent and the jailor and because they tried to encourage other convicts and warders to mutiny.

Question: What is the objection of the Government to keeping most or at least four State prisoners in one jail so that they may have some association?

Answer: The objection is sometimes on the score of refactory and mutinous behaviour of State prisoners and sometimes on the score of their revolutionary associations and activities. Government did not propose to transfer the above-mentioned two State prisoners as the health of both the prisoners, according to the latest information, good.

FAREWELL TO SIND M. L. Cs.

To bid farewell to the Sind Members of the Legislative Council, Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi, President, will give a Tea Party on Monday next, at 5 p.m., in the Council Hall.

Toll Of Avalanches

JAMMU, March 13.

A Press note states that according to the latest official enquiries 86 is the total number of deaths from the recent avalanches in Karnah Tehsil, Kashmir.—A.P.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *"The Black Abbot"*

WE TRACKED DICK CHELFORD TO THE RUINED ABBEY ALL RIGHT, WADE--BUT WHERE IS HE NOW?---
DON'T WORRY, DONAVAN--- WE'LL FIND HIM!
MEANWHILE--DICK CHELFORD HAS REACHED HIS DESTINATION----
2-19
I KNOW WHAT YOU WANT, BUT I'M READY FOR YOU!
DICK!
I DON'T KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TALKING ABOUT, HARRY--I JUST BROUGHT YOU SOME FOOD!
WE WON'T TOUCH IT!-- ANY FOOD YOU GIVE US MUST BE POISONED!
HARRY, DO YOU THINK I'D DO THAT?- I'M YOUR BROTHER!-
LYMAN ANDERSON
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Edited by SYED ABDULLAH B RELVI and Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.